THE DIGVIJAY
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED
1948—Highlights

New Business Received	Rs. 87,43,500
Business Paid-for	Rs. 33,15,000
Total Assets exceed	Rs. 14,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 6,50,000

We invite you to join our
COUNTRYWIDE ORGANISATION
Please contact:— B. N. ASHAR,
Managing Director,
Dhan-Nur, Sir P. M. Road, Fort,
BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1665

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXX VII NO. 229 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1949 PRICE 2 ANNAS

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

"NOT EULOGISING BUT .....
Since last 6 months I am using RAMTIRTHA BRAHMI Oil (Special No. 1) prepared by Ramtirth Yogashram, Bombay. I have nothing to say against it. I am not eulogising but I do not hesitate to praise this oil. Till date I have never used such Bramhi Oil. I don't know whether I will get in future any superior to it.
Your oil does not require propaganda. One who has used this oil will never think of using any other. For, this oil cools one's brain, ensures sound sleep, improves eyesight and removes complaints for ear trouble. Finally, I can say without any hesitation that I hold very high opinion for RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL (Special No. 1)
GOVINDBHAI RAMBHAI DESAI (Nadiadwala)

MADRAS BANS COMMUNIST PARTY

All 4 Red Groups Held As Danger To Public Peace

19 Labour Bodies Also Declared Unlawful

MADRAS, SEPT. 26 (PTI).

THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT TONIGHT DECLARED THE COMMUNIST PARTY AS AN UNLAWFUL ORGANISATION IN THE ENTIRE PROVINCE.

The Government said it considered the four parties (the Tamilnad, Andhra, Kerala and Karnataka Communist parties) as branches of the Communist Party of India, having for their object "interference with the administration of the law and order, and constitute a danger to the public peace".

The Government considered 19 labour organisations, which are mentioned in a schedule to be under the control and direction of the Communist Party of India, having the same objective as the Communist Party. As such, all these 19 organisations and their branches have been declared to be unlawful under Section 16 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908.

The South Indian Railway Labour Union, Trichinopoly and all its branches; the Scindia Shipyard Workers' Union, Vizagapatam; Madura Textiles Workers' Union, Madura; Mill Workers' Union, Coimbatore and its branches; the Madras Harbour Workers' Union, Kisan Sangs and Kisan Sabhas of Tanjore, Ramnad, Malabar, South Kanara and Madura districts; Coimbatore Cement Factory Labour Union, Madukarai, and the Madras Electric Tramways and Madras Electric Supply Corporation Workers' Association, Madras, are among the 19 associations declared unlawful.

Madras is the second Province in India to declare the Communist Party as unlawful; the first one was West Bengal.

COMMUNIQUE

Explaining the reasons for the Government action declaring the Communist Party and its allied associations unlawful, a communique tonight stated: For nearly 18 months, the Provincial Government has watched the situation very carefully to see if the Communists of this Province showed any inclination to change their violent tactics and adopt constitutional and peaceful methods. It even released hundreds of persons who had been in detention.

The Government, however, regrets to note that there has been no evidence whatever of any change of attitude on the part of their leaders or members.

The Communists, including some of those who had been released, have been sparing no opportunity to create troubles. "During the last three months, the activities of the Communists have extended to general attacks on the police and open defiance of authority", the communique stated.

SUFFICIENT PROOF

It added that the recent circulars of the Party and literature that have come into the possession of the Government afford sufficient proof that this programme of violence is not a passing phase, but one that the Communists wished to pursue in utter disregard of the national interests and that they do not place any limitation on the methods to be adopted or any limits on the objects to be achieved.

"The arrests, consequent on the declaration of the Communist Parties of the Province unlawful will confine only to prominent members of the Party and not to each and every member of the Party", a high police official told the Press Trust of India tonight.

"As most of these Communist leaders of the Province are either under detention or underground, there is not likely to be any large-scale arrests", the police official added.

The Minister-in-Charge of Prisons, Mr. K. Madhava Menon stated tonight that there are about 600 Communist detenus in the Province.

About 100 Communist leaders

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 5)

EAST IS EAST, OR IS IT?

MYSORE, (By Mail) (IPS:: Dr. J. C. Kumarappa told this story at a meeting here the other day: "I was invited for lunch by a distinguished Governor of a province. He is a very orthodox man. As I went to fulfil the engagement, I was wondering in what style His Excellency would take his lunch.

"He received me cordially in the Government House drawing room. He was dressed in western attire. After the usual courtesies, we adjourned to the dining hall where on an exquisite well-polished rosewood table lunch had been arranged in semi-Indian, semi-European fashion.

"On entering the dining hall, His Excellency removed his shoes at the door, and going in, occupied one of the beautiful chairs at the table. He next chanted some mantras and taking water in his right palm sprinkled it around the plates in which food had been served".

Armed Dacoity Near Howrah

1 INJURED BY BULLET

CALCUTTA, Sept. 26. (U.P.I.): One person with bullet injuries was admitted to Howrah Hospital today, following an armed dacoity, last night, in a village 16 miles from here.

It is stated that about half a dozen persons armed with deadly weapons forced their entry into a house in the village and one of them opened fire when resistance was offered by some of the inmates. The intruders, however, succeeded in decamping with cash and ornaments worth about Rs. 5,000. No arrest has yet been reported.

U. P. Speaker In Accident

KANPUR, Sept. 26. Mr. Purushottamdas Tandon, Speaker of the U. P. Assembly and President of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee, had a miraculous escape yesterday in a car accident near Chaubepur about fifteen miles from here.

Mr. Tandon was returning in his car from Agra with other members of his family. When the car reached Chaubepur, the driver tried to avert a collision with two bullock carts coming from the opposite direction. The car, however, struck against the wall of a culvert and slipped into a tank. All occupants of the car, except the driver escaped unhurt. Mr. Tandon and his family later proceeded to Lucknow in another car.

Train Derails: 3 Hurt

BARODA, Sept. 26. (P.T.I.): Two passenbers were seriously injured and a boy of twelve was slightly injured when a passenger train in the Bina-Kotah section derailed last evening between Salpur and Atri, according a telegram received from the Divisional Transportation Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway at Jhansi.

The injured were removed to hospital after first aid.

REV. SCOTT'S PLEA

FLUSHING MEADOWS, Sept. 26 (PTI).—Rev. Michael Scott, the South Africa Missionary, has renewed his application to the United Nations to be heard on behalf of the Herero and other tribes of South-West Africa, it was learned here today.

Mr. Scott came here about a month ago as consultant to the International League for the Rights of Man—a body with a consultative status for placing before the United Nations the case of the South-West African population against the incorporation of their territory in the South African Union.

Czech Plea For Big Four Foreign Ministers Meeting

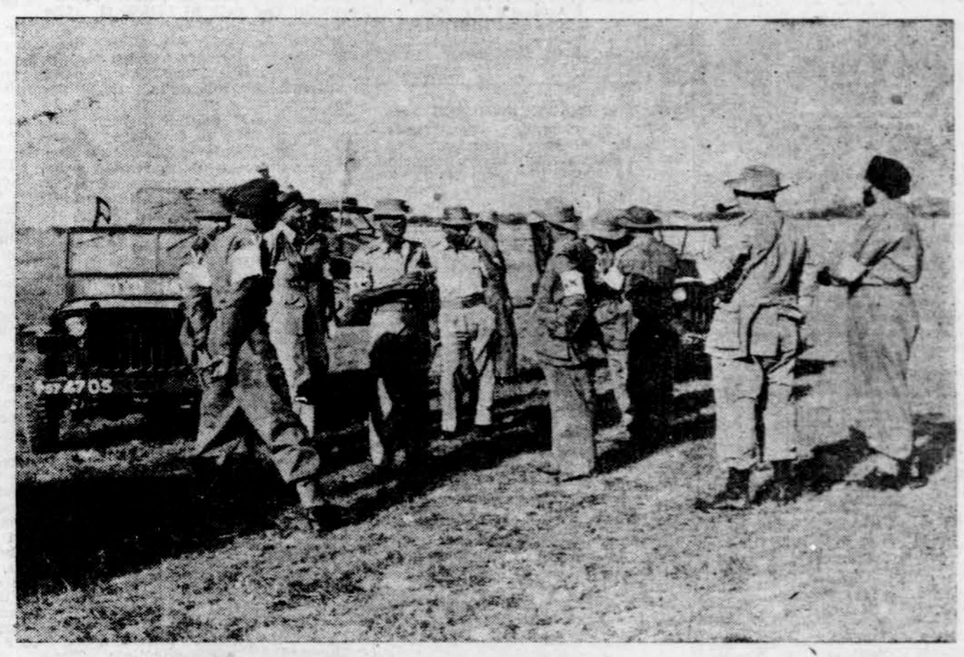
FLUSHING MEADOWS, Sept. 26, (PTI-Reuter): Czechoslovakia declared at the United Nations General Assembly today that another meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers while the Assembly was still sitting, would lead to international calm.

Dr. Clements supported the Soviet Union's proposal for a Big Five "Peace Pact", condemnation of warmongering and prohibition of atomic weapons. He said its adoption would mean a "revolutionary turning point a historic turning point in the post-war development of the world."

SENTENCED TO THE GALLOWS

Accused of espionage and attempting to overthrow the state, Hungary's former Foreign Minister Mr. Laszlo Rajk was sentenced to death last week. Mr. Brankov, former Counsellor of the Yugoslav Legation in Budapest (one of the accused sentenced to life imprisonment) and Mr. Rajk seen during the trial in Budapest.

DEMARCATION PROCESS ON KASHMIR FRONT



The Indian and Pakistan representatives accompanied by the respective U.N. Observers Lt. Col. Kelly from India and Col. Coblentz from Pakistan recently visited the Manawar Sector in Chhamb area to demarcate the cease-fire line. White flags were flown on the transport from both sides. Photo shows Indian and Pakistan representatives with U.N. Observers who met at village Burajal for the demarcation of the cease-fire line.—P.I.B.

ECONOMIC PROBLEMS OF INDIA DISCUSSED

Informal Conference At New Delhi

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26. (PTI).

ECONOMIC problems of India in the context of the recent devaluation of the rupee were discussed here to-day at an informal conference called by the Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, which was attended by the Finance Minister Dr. John Matthai, the Commerce Minister Mr. K. C. Neogy, Secretaries of various Ministries and leaders of Indian industry and commerce.

The Conference which will meet again tomorrow is understood to have had a preliminary exchange of views to help Government to formulate their line of policy in respect of exports, imports, foreign trade and foreign exchange.

The Pakistan Government's decision not to devalue the rupee and its likely effect on Indian economy were also considered.

PAKISTAN JUTE

The problem of the supply of Pakistan raw jute is reported to have figured prominently at today's talks which lasted two and a half hours. The consensus of opinion appeared to be that Indian mills would not be in a position to buy Pakistan jute until its price fell to the pre-devaluation level. It was felt that the Indian mills could be fed with supplies of indigenous jute until the price of Pakistan jute was forced down to that level.

It is also understood to have been emphasised that arrangements should be made to put the working of the mills on this basis.

A revision of the commodity agreement between the two Dominions, however, was considered unnecessary inasmuch as it only provided for mutual supply of commodities, and did not commit either Dominion to buy the full quotas. It was felt that the price factor would automatically regulate the working of the agreement.

Today's discussions were of a preliminary character and concrete proposals are likely to emerge tomorrow.

The conference was also designed, it is gathered, to acquaint Sardar Patel with the latest situation on the economic front, as he will be acting in the place of Prime Minister Nehru during the latter's absence in the United States of America.

Nehru's Survey Soon

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26: The Prime Minister is likely to make a comprehensive statement regarding the economic and political situation of the country and on his impending visit to the United States of America, at a meeting of the Congress Working Committee slated for October 4, P.T.I. learns from Congress circles in New Delhi.

Drafting Committee

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26. (U. P. I.): The Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly will commence its sitting from October 4 to finalise the drafting of the articles which have been left over for the October session.

British Envoy In China Recalled

LONDON, Sept. 26 (PTI-Reuter).—The Foreign Office has told the British Ambassador in Nanking, Sir Ralph Skrine Stevenson, to leave China for consultations with British officials as soon as he can make arrangements for his journey. It was learned on good authority today.

HONG KONG.—Amoy, important South China port, was still in Nationalist hands today, according to a report from Canton.

(Unconfirmed reports said on Saturday that Amoy had fallen to the Communists).

More Inaccessible Now

LONDON, Sept. 26, (UPI): "Inaccessible man in an inaccessible part of the country" was Bernard Shaw's description of himself on one occasion.

From today it will be truer than ever. The British Railways are closing down the railway station nearest to Shaw's home, Ayot St. Lawrence, as not many passengers are using that station.

MEMORIAL TO MAHATMA

Madras To Raise A Stupa

MADRAS, Sept. 26. (U. P. I.): Two suitable memorials to Mahatma Gandhi, one in the shape of a 'mandap' and the other a 72-feet octagonal column, representing the age of the Mahatma at the time of his death, will shortly be erected in the city.

The 'mandap' will be erected at the sea shore where Gandhiji's ashes were immersed on the Ashti Day (13th day after the death of the Mahatma). A life-size statue of the Mahatma will be erected inside the 'mandap' wherefrom a flight of steps will lead to the waters of the sea.

The Government and the City Corporation are making the necessary arrangements in connection with the raising of the 'mandap'.

A Mission Of Purity

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 26. (P.T.I.): Two Congressmen of Jullundur—Mr. Dev Raj Sharda and Mr. Dewan Singh—are now on hunger-strike demanding "the ousting of all black marketeers and opportunists" from the Congress.

Mr. Sharda, who started the fast on Saturday outside the office of the Provincial Congress Committee, was joined by Mr. Dewan yesterday. They have declared that until Congress was purified in the way suggested by them, they will not give up their fast.

Devaluation Debate

TORY FIREWORKS EXPECTED

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, Sept. 26.

THE debate on devaluation in Parliament tomorrow promises to raise political temperature to new heights. Big guns will be brought into action on both sides, the Tories contending that Socialism in practice is responsible for the present crisis.

With the Government on the defensive and the Opposition attacking wild words will fly but they will, it is believed, not affect the final issue. Labour back-bencher criticism, however, is causing serious anxiety but, it is believed, they will not carry opposition into lobbies.

Labour critics contend that Government is not doing enough to cushion the blow of devaluation for the common people who suffer the most from it. Government, they urge, must tackle the glaring contract between profits for the lucky few and hardships for the millions which follow devaluation. They urge the capital gains tax—levied in capitalist America but not in Socialist Britain—to be levied in this country.

The Government, though sticking to the wage freeze, may agree to increase the wages in case of lower paid workers. There may be a national wage minimum of £ 5 weekly.

Bevin's Offer To Russia

FLUSHING MEADOWS, Sept. 26 (PTI-Reuter).—British Foreign Secretary Earnest Bevin told Russia today that if she is willing to "come out of her shell" and join an international control of atomic energy, the atomic bomb could be banned.

ATTLEE TO ASK FOR CONFIDENCE VOTE

LONDON, Sept. 26, (PTI-Reuter): The British Government will make a flat out call for a vote of confidence over its devaluation decision in Parliament's emergency session which opens tomorrow.

This was disclosed today after a Cabinet meeting. The Cabinet drew up a motion which demands not only approval of devaluation but also of the measures agreed to by Britain, the United States and Canada at the recent Washington tripartite talks.

BANKING BODIES' DISPUTES

Bill To Bring Under Central Ordinance

(From Our Correspondent)
POONA, Sept. 26.

Disputes concerning banking companies in Bombay will come under the purview of the Central Ordinance. A Bill to exclude these from the purview of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act was moved in the Legislative Assembly by the Labour Minister, Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda.

A provision in the Bill bans the appearance of a lawyer in the Labour Court save with the permission of the court.

The Bill also makes a stoppage or closure of industry illegal if it is undertaken with the object of compelling the Central Government to take a particular course of action.

Heavy loss to property had been caused in the districts of Sholapur and Bijapur by the recent rains, said Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier. Speedy relief measures have now been taken.

(Details on Page 7)

A LETTER THAT NAILS A LIE

NEW YORK, Sept 26. (PTI-Reuter).

MR. EMMANUAL S. LARSEN, a well-known Far Eastern affairs analyst of Washington, in a letter to The New York Times today said that the journal's leading article of September 16, on the subject of Kashmir was "not fair to India".

"The article," Mr. Larsen said, "conveys the impression that whereas Pakistan has blithely agreed to the United Nations terms of mediation, it is India that is blocking a peaceful solution.

"According to the record available to any one who will bother to read it", Mr. Larsen's letter said, "India has consistently abided by the findings and resolutions of the United Nations.

"It has done so in an amazing series of concessions to Pakistan's tactics of procrastination. That the origin of the dispute can be laid at the door of Pakistan and thus be classified as an act of aggression is recognised by obvious implications in the U. N.'s many resolutions.

"It is for this very reason that the Kashmir Commission made it clear in its resolution of August 13, 1948, that the presence of Pakistan troops and raiders in Kashmir—which had been denied by Pakistan authorities—constituted a material change in the situation since it was presented by the Government of Pakistan before the Security Council.

"And it is likewise for this reason that the U. N. bodies have resolved that Kashmir territory should be cleared of Pakistan invaders before a free and impartial plebiscite can be held".

Mr. Larsen's letter continued, I consider it only fair that the readers of a publication of your high standard should know the story of Pakistan's long-drawn-out bickerings with the U. N.

"They are quite clearly designed to prevent a free and impartial plebiscite by evading the Commission's resolution to remove Pakistan invaders from Kashmir's soil.

"In this connection, suffice it to mention that a masterpiece of double-talk was Pakistan Foreign Minister Zafrullah Khan's reply to the U. N. Kashmir Commission on the subject of the latter's resolution of August 13, 1948.

"In stating that he accepted the resolution, he placed so many ifs in the way that the Commission took his letter for a rejection. This, in fact, has been the pattern of Pakistan's attitude throughout the negotiations.

"The more recent U. N. proposals for arbitration have the appearance of an attempt to conceal Pakistan's act of aggression.

"That India rejects arbitration under the circumstances— namely the reopening of questions already decided by the Commission—is therefore natural.

"That the outrages committed by Pakistan's raiders in Kashmir were planned and incited from without by Pakistan leaders, rather than the result of a spontaneous 'rebellion' within Kashmir against union with India, is testified to by numerous inflammatory Pakistan utterances".

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted experienced and hard-working Accounts Assistant for a leading Newspaper concern. Apply Box No. 1119 "Bombay Chronicle."

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Matheran—Visit S. Lord's Central Hotel, All Home Comforts. Phone. No. 28 Re-opens 1st October. 1157

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for special classes now started for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combination for personal or postal education. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road. 1171

Become Accountant, Secretary, Stenographer, Auditor, Insurance, Officer by post D. Com., courses. American Correspondence College (B.C.) Delhi. 1146

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara Travancore.

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Sole Agents and Canvassers on decent commission and rebate for Famous Midland Teas, packed in various size attractive packets, tins and cases. Only interested and experienced hands capable doing substantial business need apply Midland Tea and Produce Company, Madras-2. 1173

Wanted experienced parties to act as Chief Agents on permanent basis in Bombay Presidency on very lucrative terms by a sound and bonus paying Life Office. Apply Box No. 5859, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: Agents throughout India, Pakistan, Overseas to sell outstanding publication "What I Owe to Mahatma Gandhi"—Rs. 3/- Fine Terms: Hyderabad Publishing House, Amirpet, Hyderabad Dn. 1172

Wanted respectable and influential party to act as Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency for our Biological and Chemo-therapeutic products. Apply immediately. Indian Health Institute and Laboratory Ltd., 1, Garandanga Road, Dum Dum Cantt., West Bengal. (5841)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Immediate Sale Approximately 3 tons English Steel Wire (Sixteen) 16 gauge. Send offers to Harbans Lal C/o National Automobiles Hazratganj, Lucknow. 5858

For Sale. Litho Stones of assorted sizes For Sale—Good opportunity. Offer of whole lot or in several lots per cubic inch or per lb. will be considered. Apply to Box No. 5860, "Bombay Chronicle".

For Sale—Dress Suit, pre-war English, 36" C. 44" L. Rs. 75/- Lounge Suit Grey, same size, 80/- Dark Grey slacks, 44 leg. Rs. 32/-, last two items new. B. Room 4-23, Cuffe Parade. 1170

Camera Goods. Recently cleared a small consignment of Camera Shutter Cloth. Trade enquiries to Meco Studios. Props: Mahomed Ebrahim & Co., Ltd., 2/18-C, Mount Road, Madras. 5661

PUBLIC NOTICES

ASANSOL MINES BOARD OF HEALTH

WANTED A CHIEF Sanitary Officer for the Asansol Mining Settlement under the Asansol Mines Board of Health in the Burdwan District, on contract for five years from the 15th December, 1949 on an initial pay of Rs. 1,000/- per mensem rising to Rs. 1,300/- by an annual increment of Rs. 75/- with a house free of rent but without provident fund or gratuity.

2. Candidates, who should be nationals of the Dominion of India and be of not less than 30 or more than 40 years of age, must possess a diploma in public health and have administrative experience in public health work.

3. Applications will be received upto the 31st October, 1949 by the Vice-Chairman of the Asansol Mines Board of Health, Asansol, District Burdwan, (West Bengal) from whom further particulars may be had on application. 5850

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER G.I.P. Railway, Lonavla invites tenders up to 15 hrs on 14th October 1949, for the purchase of coal ashes available at Igatpuri.

The Forms of Tender and Conditions of Contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2|-|-. This sum will not be refunded. 5803

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

NOTICE

THE SEVENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Bombay House", 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 27th October, 1949, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), to transact the following business:—

(1) To adopt the Directors' Report and the audited Statements of Accounts of the Company for the year ended 30th June 1949.
(2) To declare dividends.
(3) To elect a Director in place of Mr. D. R. D. Tata, who retires in terms of Article 113, but is eligible for re-election.
(4) To elect three Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
(5) To appoint auditors and fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES LIMITED,
Managing Agents,
A. D. SHROFF
Director.

Bombay, 26th September, 1949.

NOTE:— The dividends, if sanctioned at the General Meeting, will be payable from Friday, the 28th October, 1949, to the shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 24th September, 1949, and the dividend warrants will be duly posted to the registered addresses of such shareholders.

NO. 80. SECRETARY, PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, WEST BENGAL

INVITES APPLICATIONS on prescribed form with a treasury chalan for Rs. 5/- for each post under the head "XXXVI—Misc.—Receipts of the Public Service Commission, West Bengal" not later than the 18th October, 1949 to fill the following 8 posts in the West Bengal General Service for the Central Livestock Research-cum-Breeding Station at Haringhata. Higher initial pay in the scales specified below, may be given to suitable candidates in each case provided they possess exceptional qualifications or experience. Candidates in all cases must be between 25 and 35 years of age on the 1st October, 1949. Women eligible. (1) ANIMAL BREEDER on a pay of Rs. 300-1000. Qualifications.— A degree in Animal Husbandry or Agriculture or M.R.C.V.S. with a post-graduate degree or diploma in Animal genetics or animal breeding of a foreign University or an equivalent degree of an Indian University: at least five years' practical experience of breeding and management of cattle at a large farm preferably under Indian conditions. Candidates must have given promise of a sound research worker and must possess good administrative ability. (2) AGRONOMIST on a pay of Rs. 300-1000. Qualifications:— A degree in Agriculture with a post-graduate degree or diploma in Agronomy or farm management of a foreign University or an equivalent degree of an Indian University: considerable practical experience of mechanised farming under Indian conditions: good administrative ability. Preference will be given to a candidate with experience of Bengal agriculture. (3) CATTLE BREEDER on a pay of Rs. 150-650. Qualifications: A degree or diploma in Animal Husbandry, Agriculture, Veterinary Science or Dairy with at least five years' practical experience of breeding and management of cattle at a large farm under Indian conditions. Preference will be given to a candidate with post-graduate degree or diploma in animal genetics, animal breeding or dairy farming. (4) GOAT BREEDER on a pay of Rs. 150-650. Qualifications: A degree or diploma in Animal Husbandry, Agriculture or Veterinary Science or M. Sc. degree in Zoology with post-graduate training in animal genetics or animal breeding: practical experience of breeding and management of goats. (5) VETERINARY OFFICER on a pay of Rs. 150-650. Qualifications: M.R.C.V.S., or a degree in Veterinary Science of an Indian University with post graduate diploma from the Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar: considerable practical experience of veterinary work preferably at a well-run cattle farm. (6) FARM MANAGER on a pay of Rs. 150-650. Qualifications.— A degree in Agriculture with at least five years' practical experience of farming as the manager of a large mechanised farm under Indian conditions. Preference will be given to a candidate with experience of Bengal agricultue and post-graduate degree or diploma in farm management. (7) AGRICULTURAL ECONOMIST on a pay of Rs. 150-650. Qualifications: M.A. degree in economics with special training in Statistics and experience of farm costing work or M.Sc., (Agri) degree in Agricultural Economics. The candidate must have given promise of a sound research worker. (8) ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER on a pay of Rs. 150-650. Qualifications:— M.A. (Com) degree with administrative experience in a quasi-business Government Department or a large technical business office. Particulars obtainable from the office of the Commission, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta 27, personally or on sending a self-addressed stamped envelope. The prescribed form priced at annas two available of the Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in West Bengal and Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta. Persons residing outside West Bengal may obtain the form from the office of the Commission on sending the price in postage stamps. (5856)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

THE DIRECTORS of the Company have decided to recommend to the Annual General Meeting, the payment of the following dividends to the Shareholders for the year ended 30th June 1949:—

Rs. 25-0-0 per Share on Preference Shares.

Rs. 6-0-0 per Share on Ordinary Shares.

For and on behalf of
The Central India Spg., Wvg. & Mfg. Co. Ltd.,
TATA INDUSTRIES LTD.,
Managing Agents.
A. D. SHROFF,
Director.

Bombay, 26th September, 1949. 5863A

G. I. P. R.—TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Lonavla invites Tenders uptq 15-00 hours on 20-10-49 for white washing of Railway Buildings on Lonavla Sub-Division during 1949-50. The tender conditions and schedule of quantities can be had from his Office on payment of Rs. 2/- This sum will not be refunded. 5862

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, the 1st October, 1949, (DASSERA) and MONDAY, the 3rd October, 1949, (BAKRI-ID) those days being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

C. W. MIDDLETON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 22nd September, 1949. 5853

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.

SEALED TENDER for the supply of "Dunlopillo" Latex Foam Seat Fillings or equivalent will be received by the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, upto noon on 10th October, 1949. 5854

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY
WORKING HOURS AT KALBADEVI BOOKING OFFICE.

WITH EFFECT from 1st October, 1949, the working hours at Kalbadevi Booking Office will be 10-30 to 16-00 hours instead of 10-30 to 17-00 hours as at present. 5964

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
MINISTRY OF COMMERCE.

Office of the Chief Controller of Imports,

NEW DELHI, the 19th Sept. 1949.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

PUBLIC NOTICE NO. 34/49-CCI.

Sub:—Licensing of Non-ferrous metals falling under Serial Nos. 41 to 52 excepting S. No. 45 (Tin Block) of Part I of the Import Trade Control Schedule attached to the Commerce Department Notification No. 23-ITC/43, dated the 1st July, 1943.

LICENSING of Non-ferrous metals falling under Serial Nos. quoted above which had hitherto been done by the Development Officer (Metals) D. G. I & S. New Delhi has been transferred with effect from 1st September 1949 to the Office of the Chief Controller of Imports, New Delhi.

2. Applications for import licences for the shipping period July-December 1949 along with all papers relating to revalidation and confirmation of licences already received have also been forwarded to this office to whom all further correspondence should be addressed.

3. No fresh applications for licences for import of these goods will be entertained.

S. JAGANNATHAN,
Chief Controller of Imports. 5857

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a part-time Lady Doctor to take charge of two Municipal Dispensaries for Women each working thrice a week. The pay of the post is Rs. 125|- plus Rs. 30|- Conveyance Allowance. p.m. without any privileges of leave and Provident Fund benefit. Selected candidate will be on probation for one year.

Candidate must be a medical graduate registrable under the Bombay Medical Act of 1912. Post-graduate course in midwifery and gynaecology as well as experience in the line will be considered as an additional qualification.

Applicant must be a native of the Bombay Province or be domiciled either in the Province or in an Indian State within the geographical limits of the Province.

Applicants not in Municipal service must be under 40 years of age.

The hours of attendance of the dispensaries will be 12 noon to 2-0 p.m. (B.T.) and the dispensaries will remain open on all working days.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, previous experience, accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age, physical fitness and character, should be sent to the undersigned, so as to reach him not later than 14-10-1949.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidate.

B.C. DASGUPTA,
Executive Health Officer.
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay. (5852)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NO. 81. SECRETARY, PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, WEST BENGAL

INVITES APPLICATIONS on prescribed form with a treasury chalan for Rs. 5|- under the head "XXXVI—Misc.—Receipts of the Public Service Commission, West Bengal" not later than the 18th October, 1949, to fill a temporary post of Mechanical Executive Engineer for the Mechanical Division under the directorate of Works and Buildings. The post is likely to be continued for a long time and ultimately made permanent. Pay Rs. 500-1000 plus dearness allowance at the rate of 17½% if the officer is married, and 7½ %, if unmarried. A higher initial pay upto Rs. 800 may be given to an exceptionally qualified candidate whose academic qualifications and previous experience justify it. Qualifications B.E. degree in Mechanical Engineering of Calcutta University or any other equivalent degree or diploma of an Indian or foreign University; at least 7 years' experience of running independently a mechanical workshop of repute: a candidate must have carried out the installation, operation, maintenance and repair of mechanical equipment: sufficient administrative ability and experience in the control and management of big engineering stores: age not more than 40 years on the 1st June, 1949, relaxable in deserving cases. Preference will be given to a candidate who possesses (a) an additional degree in Electrical Engineering from a recognised Indian or foreign University or equivalent qualification (b) experience in the operation, maintenance and overhauling of diesel engines, power-driven vehicles and water-craft and modern earth-cutting machinery, (c) additional training in an electrical workshop in the installation, running and maintenance of electrical machinery. Particulars obtainable from the office of the Commission, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta 27, personally or on sending a self-addressed stamped envelope. The prescribed form priced at annas two available of the Treasuries and Sub-Treasuries in West Bengal and the Secretariat Book Depot, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta. Person residing outside West Bengal may obtain the form on sending the price in postage stamps. (5855)

G. I. P. RAILWAY
IMPORTANT NOTICE

WITH EFFECT from 1-10-49 the Priority organisation will cease to function as a separate organisation and the office of the Regional Controller of Railway Priorities will be closed. The work relating to priority allotment of wagons will be transferred to the administrative control of the Chief Transportation Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway so far as the area served by the G. I. P. Railway is concerned. All applications for priority assistance for movement of goods traffic should be addressed to the Chief Transportation of goods traffic should be addressed to the Chief Transportation Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay. 5865

NOTICE

"THE LAST DATE of application for Fellowships and Scholarship offered by the Government of Australia has been extended up to 8th October, 1949. Full details regarding these are obtainable on application to Vice-Chancellors, Provincial Education Departments, or the Ministry of Education, Government of India. For Senior Fellowship extending from 6 to 12 months, only candidates between ages 28-40 who have done recognised research work or have equivalent qualifications and secured first class in all post-matric examinations need apply. For Junior Fellowships extending From 6-24 months. Candidates aged 22-28 with first class post-graduate degree eligible. For scholarships extending to not more than 4 years students below 21 with at least a 1st class degree may apply. Applications with full particulars should reach Education Ministry before 8th October, 1949 through Universities or employers. Candidates who have already applied need not apply again. Applications particularly invited for Mining Geology, Geophysics, Radio Engineering, Dairying, Engineering (canning) Anthropology, Psychology, and Education." 5861

POTATOES

POTATOES for seed and table purposes of Simla Hills (Himachal Pradesh) will be available for sale at railhead Simla with effect from 25th September 1949. For terms please contact the Himalaya Potatoes (Agents) Ltd., "Yodha Niwas" Simla—the sole potato exporters of Kailash Co-operative Association Ltd., Sanjauli, District Mahasu (Himachal Pradesh). The potatoes will be sold according to grades of which the specification in their qualitatives order appear here-below:—

Grade I-A. This grade will include large oval-flatten broad tuber.
Grade I-B. This will consist of large long relatively narrow tubers. It will include mostly the wellknown Magnum Bonum Potato.
Grade II. (Phool) This will consist of medium size tuber. It will include a mixture of several varieties but will be a good seed size.
Grade III. (Rasan) This will be small size tuber.

Our C. P. Newsletter

SPURIOUS AGITATION TO WIN MASS SYMPATHY

Communist Party Plans

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

DOCUMENTARY evidence said to be in possession of the Government, shows, that a plan prepared by the Communist Party of India, includes sending inadmissible demands from jails followed by hunger strikes and violence. The party has also planned to carry on propaganda in the press and on platform to increase the tempo of agitation and create spurious agitation to arouse public sympathy.

Recently, there was some disturbance in the Amraoti Jail. Nine Communist prisoners were to be transferred from Amraoti to Wardha Jail. They refused to move out from their cells and were warned by first class magistrate that if they do not move out voluntarily, they would have to be bodily lifted and placed in the buses.

The prisoners did not give in and when unarmed police constables entered their cells, they were met with a fusilade of bottles, china glassware and pieces of broken furniture. This resulted in injury to one senior jailor, one police official, one SAF Commander and 17 constables. The prisoners were, however, bodily removed to the waiting buses and on account of their violent resistence, two of them sustained minor injuries.

KANHAN PIPRI CASE

Nearly 54 complaints regarding alleged police excess during the recent Kanhan Pipri incidents have been filed before Shri R. K. Kher, who has been appointed to hold judicial enquiry into these allegations. Of the complainants, 30 are women.

The devaluation of the pound and the rupee and the subsequent bank holidays created a stir in the local market. People are eagerly scanning through the columns of the newspapers and are following the radio to understand the implication of the devaluation. It is apprehended in commercial circles that the price of gold will go up and will have its reaction on other commodities. The price of manganese and lac which are exported to America, are expected to go up.

★ ★ ★

A newspaper hawker of Mandla who was on his way to take delivery of papers from railway station, slipped with his cycle off the rail-less bridge over Narbada river and was instantaneously swallowed by the gurgling waves. In spite of vigilant searches no trace of the body has yet been found.

C. P. CENSOR BOARD ABOLISHED

The C. P. and Berar Censor Board will be shortly abolished. This is in pursuance of the Central Government's recent decision to set-up an All India Censor Board to sanction exhibition of cinematograph film. This move of the Central Government has been very much appreciated by the cinema exhibitors and the cinema fans because in future, there would be one and uniform censure policy all over the country.

TAKING OVER OF MANIPUR STATE

Maharaja Has Talks With Assam Governor

GAUHATI Sept. 25. (PTI): The Maharaja of Manipur, His Highness Sri Bodh Chandra Singh arrived here this morning from Shillong and left immediately for Imphal, the capital of his state. The Maharaja was in Shillong for the last ten days discussing with the Assam Governor Mr. Sri Prakash questions relating to the taking over of his state by the Central Government. It is learnt that the Maharaja has signed the States Ministry's covenant in Shillong.

The Manipur State has an area of 8,638 square miles and a population of over ten million. The average annual revenue of the state is about rupees twenty-nine lakhs. The principal crop of the state is rice.

The 42-year-old Maharaja succeeded to the gadi in 1941.

PANDIT NEHRU BACK IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26 (PTI).—Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister, returned to Delhi today by special plane from Srinagar where he had gone to attend the annual session of the All-Jammu and Kashmir National Conference.

The Prime Minister was accompanied by Mr. N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar, Transport Minister and Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister.

Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister and General K. M. Cariappa, Commander in Chief of the Indian Army, left Srinagar for Delhi this morning by a separate plane.

Strikes In Jubbulpore

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 26 (UPI).—Over 200 workers, employed by the Simplex Steel and Iron Foundry here, have been on strike for the last 11 days as a protest against the alleged victimisation of two of the workers by the management. The strikers are peaceful.

Workers engaged in the manufacture of steel trunks have also been on strike since September 19. They demand higher wages and better facilities and conditions of work from their employers.

Portrait Of Pattabhi In All Ellore Schools

ELLORE, Sept. 26 (PTI).—Pictures of Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress President Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya will decorate all the educational institutions run by the Ellore Municipal Council, according to a decision taken by the Council at its meeting yesterday.

The Council also decided to purchase a portrait in oil colours of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya which will be hung in the Council Hall.

CULTURE OF MINORITIES

Kher Addresses Students Of Anglo-Urdu School

POONA, Sept. 26 (PTI)—Mr. B. G Kher, the Premier of Bombay today said that the language and culture of Muslims and other minorities would be fully safeguarded in India. The constitution of free India had guaranteed the minorities such protection. But it had to be noted that India was a secular state and no communal tendencies would be encouraged as was done during the British regime.

Mr. Kher, who was addressing the students of the Poona Anglo-Urdu school, said his Government had closed down schools run for particular communities in persuance of their policy not to encourage on support such institutions.

Education, he said must aim at intellectual, moral and physical development of pupils and build up their character. Separate schools for different communities were not required for that purpose.

THEFT OF DRAFT IN TRANSIT

BOMBAY, Monday.

Eighteen months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 5,000 were imposed on Natvarial Sakharbhai Patel, a businessman, by Mr. J. C. Bhatt, Additional Sessions Judge, Greater Bombay, on a charge of forgery. The jury found him "Guilty" unanimously.

The same judge sentenced Babubhai alias Shantilal Kapadia, to eighteen months rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 5,000, on the charge of using a forged document as genuine. In default of payment of fine a further term of rigorous imprisonment for one year, was also awarded.

The prosecution case was that Laxmanprasad Damodar Vasa and Company, a business firm of Ahmedabad purchased from the Ahmedabad Branch of the United Commercial Bank, a draft for Rs. 31,500 drawn on its Bombay Office and payable to the firm of Manmohandas Rattanshi.

Natvarial was entrusted with the work of despatching the draft on January, 16, 1948. Two days later Jamnadas Karsondas, a partner in lope containing a blank piece of paper containing a blank piece of paper.

The next day Kapadia presented the draft into the account of one Manmohandas Raisi, with the Calcutta National Bank, Sandhurst Road Branch. Afterwards moneys were withdrawn from this account. The moneys so drawn, were later, it was stated, deposited with certain merchants.

When the Ahmedabad firm, lodged a complaint about the theft of the draft, while in transit, the two accused were traced and arrested.

Both the accused pleaded not guilty. While Patel denied all knowledge of the draft, Kapadia stated that it was given to him by the first accused. It was endorsed in the name of Manmohandas Raisi in which name he had opened an account with the Calcutta National Bank, as both he and Patel wanted to do joint business. He did not suspect that the draft was stolen.

NO DAMAGE TO BOMBAY'S FOOD STOCKS

Dinkerrao Desai's Assurance

BOMBAY, Monday.

That Bombay has happily come out of the critical phase caused by the last week's deluge which completely flooded the city and wrought havoc in some other parts of the province, almost unscathed from the point of view of the food storages in the city and Province, was the opinion expressed by Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Bombay's Food Minister, in an exclusive interview to this paper today.

Mr. Desai who had specially rushed to Bombay to personally assess the damage caused by the floods told our reporter that in the Delisle Road Godown which was the worst hit, 600 bags only had been damaged. Eight thousand more which might have also been affected were already removed to safety and stored in another place. The 600 which were damaged, said the Minister, would not be thrown away considering the acute food shortage in the country, but, as far as possible, would be utilized for purposes other than human consumption, and may be distributed as cattle feed.

Mr. Desai further said that reports arriving from the Collectors of different districts in the province showed that there was no occasion for undue anxiety as in most districts except Bijapur the freksh monsoon had done very negligible damage. The reports from Bijapur were anxiously awaited and the collector had been instructed to send a detailed account of what had happened and to what extent the crops would suffer.

The over-all crop position, according to the Minister, remained unaffected and should not cause any anxiety as far as the condition of both the kharif as well as rabi crops were concerned.

Mr. Desai said that the accumulated stocks of cloth were being fast liquidated and at the present pace government expected that the accumulations would be completely liquidated within the next two months at the most. He conferred with the Provincial Textile Controller this morning who gave him a detailed account of the position of cloth stocks in the city and the province.

The Minister also added that the period of anxiety had now passed and many mills which had given notices of closure had withdrawn them.

Poona Mill To Reopen On October 3

BOMBAY, Monday.

The situation created by the closures and threatened closures of the textile mills in Province due to the accumulation of stocks of cloth and yarn with the consequent unemployment of a large section of workers, has been receiving close attention of the Government of Bombay and every effort is being made with a view to assisting the mills to resume normal working without any avoidable delay.

The measures recently announced by the Government of India permitting wide relaxation in the distribution and production control of cloth and yarn is expected to relieve the situation within a short time and, information so far received by the Government raises the hope that the mills would be able to dispose of sufficient stocks and enable themselves to resume normal working or withdraw the closure notices.

The management of the Raja Bahadur Motilal Mills of Poona which was closed on September 1 last, throwing about 2,000 workers out of employment, has decided to reopen the mill from October 3 next. Negotiations for reopening the Sholapur Mills which has been closed since August 27 last, are in progress and it is hoped that the mill might be able to resume working in the near future.

"MISS A MEAL" MOVEMENT

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 26. (PTI): In Hyderabad State, people are beginning to eat less, according to Mr J. P. Chandra, organiser of the "Miss A Meal" Movement here. He told reporters this drive to consume less food grains was gathering momentum and appealed to Hyderabad to follow the self-denial principle of Mahatma Gandhi by missing a meal a week "perferably on Friday".

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

AUCTION

Important Notice

The auction advertised to take place at C.O.D., Kanpur on 24th to 27th October, 1949, will take place at the Salvage Sub-Depot, C.O.D., Kanpur. Purchasers should assemble prior to date of auction at the main entrance of Ordnance Depot to be taken in for viewing of stores in batches. The first batch will be taken in at 9-30 A.M. and the second batch at 1-30 P.M. only on working days. Purchasers should please carefully note the time.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS).

KANPUR.

AC/RCDK/69.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

TIRED of seeing same story under different names.. ....?
See
Gopinath
It IS different!
ROYAL
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Ad. Bkg. 9-30 to 12-30, 3 to 6-30

EXCITINGLY ENTERTAINING!
with STORY, SONGS, SUSPENSE!!
OMAR KHAIYAM Films Ltd.'s
DADA
Starring:
Sheikh Mukhtar, Begum Para, Shyam, Munawar Sultana, Maya Mukhri and others.
Now in JUBILEE WEEK in Bombay
at KAMAL &
HINDMATA (Parel)
BHARAT CHITRA
MANDIR (Kurla)
USHA (Andheri).

SOLD OUT
All Rs. 1-5 and -10-6 tickets for entire first week.
Only a few seats of dress circle and balcony available
For the year's biggest musical
A. R. KARDAR'S
Dillagi
Starring SURAIYA, SHYAM
Music: NAUSHAD
FRIDAY, 30th at
LIBERTY
(SHOW PLACE OF THE NATION)
Plans open 10 a.m. to 8 p.m.

SEE
SURAIYA, WASTI, NIGAR
in WADIA FILMS'
BALAM
Now Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
MINERVA and EXCELSIOR

****
9th WEEK POPULARITY consistent
KANEEZ
MUNAWAR SULTANA
SHYAM, KULDEEP, URMILLA
SUPER
3-15, 6-15, 9-15
Sat., Sun., Mon. Mat., 12-15
A GRAND P. Release.
****

PRAKASH'S
Saga of a WOMAN
SAWAN-BHADO
MUNAWAR SULTANA
Director: RAVINDRA DAVE
LAMINGTON
3-30, 6-30, 9-30. Sun., 12-45
Booking 10 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 6
KISMET An EVERGREEN
4, 6-45, 9-30. Release

For Best Tea—
Ask for
NITCO
Specials
DARJEELING JEWEL
DOOARS PEARL &
ASSAM GEM
NITCO TEA LTD.
ENTALLY MARKET.
CALCUTTA—14.

CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Asol Shud 5, 2005.
Muslim: Zilhej 4, 1368.
Parsi: Farvardin 25, 1319.
Sunrise: 6-29 a.m., Sunset 6-31 p.m.
Hightide 03-08, 15-00. Lowtide 09-01, 21-10.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

MEHTA—Naoroji Kavasji (Weaving Master and Mill Manager), son of late Dinbai and Kavasji Jivaji Mehta, father of Hirabai Phiroz Daruwala, Shirin Jamshed Khariwala, Piroja Darabsha Bharucha and late Dolly Pervez Bhivandiwala. Died Monday, 26 September. Uthamana ceremony Wednesday, 28th September, Dungerwadi Upper Bungali, 4 p.m. (S. T.).

Today's Engagements

USIS—Miss Evelyn Hersey, Social Welfare Attache to U.S. Embassy, will address journalists at Adelphi, Queen's Road—11 a.m.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE: 3-40 at the Corporation Hall.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: At the Bombay Branch, at Town Hall, Dr. K. C. Vyas will speak on "Renascent India" at 6 p.m.

ROTARY CLUB: Dr. Ranjee Sahani on "Are the English Human", at Green's at 1-45 p.m.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ: 116th anniversary of Raja Ram Mohan Roy at 6-30 Bhajans.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL HINDU SABHA: Prof. V. G. Deshpande will meet press representatives at Chetana at 10 a.m.

BOMBAY SARVAJANIN DURGOTSHOB COMMITTEE: Durgotshab to be celebrated at Rohidas Samaj, plot No. 566, opposite G.I.P. Rly. Workshop, Parel, from Tuesday, September 27 to October 1.

GANDHI JAYANTI: The Sarvodaya Kala Mandir will give a Cultural Programme in Talmiki Wadi, Tardeo, 'D' Ward today at 8-30 p.m.

HARIJAN SEVAK SANGH: Bombay Provincial Board, will screen a Free Cinema show of Kashinath for Harijan women and children today at 9-30 a.m. at Opera House, Bombay. Smt. Lilavati Munchi will preside.

SOCIETY FOR THE REHABILITATION OF DISABLED AND CRIPPLED CHILDREN: Performance of Gaul's "Holy City" by the Bombay Madrigal Singers today (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. at St. Thomas' Cathedral, Churchgate Street. Open to the public. Contributions to the cause are welcome.

FALLEN STAR.

We the Secretaries Ramgirjee Gurushamgirjee Goswami and others on behalf of the Shri Sanatan Dashanam Goswami Mandal, Poona deeply regreet the sudden death of Her Highness Pramiladevi Dhanrajgirjee, which took place on the 15th Sept. at 49 minutes past 1 A.M. At the age of 39 she left us into a great mourning and thus thereby leaving behind hundreds of well wishers like us, she slept a quiet and undisturbed sleep into a lights of heaven. In her death we have lost an affectionate sympathetic and a generous mother to all. Hereby we deeply regret and sincerely express our deep sympathies in the greatest loss that has fallen on us. For any-one, who has stepped in their doors for some kind of help may be a politician, may be a social worker or any one has never returned empty handed. On the contrary he used to be highly recepted and helped in numerous ways. To act to this she used to inquire about such persons with greatest possible interest, and along with others so many from Poona, Bombay and Hyderabad are aware of this great quality which was displayed by Her Highness.

We also sympathise with His Highness Dhanrajgirjee in his irreparable loss which he has to face in the loss of a loving and affectionate wife. We are unable to express how much grief he has felt. So we the abovementioned and so many others once again deeply express our sincere sympathy in the most touching grief that has fallen by her death on their family.

May God bless her and let her soul rest in peace for ever.

RAMGIRJEE GURUSHAMGIRJEE GOSWAMI.
Secretary,
Shri Sanatan Dashanam Goswami Mandal, Poona.

The Bombay Provincial Rashtrabhasha Prachar Sabha has arranged the following programme for observing Gandhi Jayanti.

Essay competition on Saturday, October 1, from 8-30 to 10-30 p.m. at the Fellowship School, Gowalia Tank, Bombay 26.

Elocution competition on Sunday October 2, from 3 p.m. at the Fellowship School, Gowalia Tank, Bombay 26.

The closing date for receiving application forms for the above competitions is September 28.

PUT INDIAN ECONOMY ON A WAR FOOTING

Complacency Dangerous Says Prof. C. N. Vakil

BOMBAY, Monday.

PROF. C. N. VAKIL, Director of the Bombay University School of Economics and Sociology, today declared that the economic arrangements of the country should be put on a war footing to tide over the emergency arising out of the devaluation of the rupee and to achieve equilibrium before it was too late.

Prof. Vakil, who was speaking on "the Devaluation of the Rupee" at a meeting this evening at the University Convocation Hall, pointed out that devaluation of currency was usually followed by a rise in internal prices, unless they were effectively controlled in time. He was afraid that American. Pakistan and even British goods were likely to be dear in India. He also envisaged the possibility of a speculative rise in the prices of export commodities.

"An attitude of self-complacency or of delusion that prices will not rise further is therefore not justified", he observed.

He urged the adoption by the Government of India of more thoroughgoing measures such as complete control of all trade with Pakistan to counteract the efects of the policy of Pakistan in not devaluing their rupee.

SUGGESTIONS

Prof. Vakil made the following suggestions to achieve economic equilibrium in the country: anti-inflationary measures like the balancing of Provincial and Central budgets and curtailment of expenditure on schemes which could not be financed out of their resources of taxes and loans; more effective measures of price control; stringent steps by the Reserve Bank to control bank credit of a speculative nature; greater production of agricultural and industrial goods, control of essential commodities like cloth and a vigorous export drive.

He said that in special cases American investments should be encouraged to carry out some of the urgent schemes of development. Government should also approach the American Export-Import Bank and the World Bank for more loans. He further suggested that American help similar to Marshall aid to cover the food imports from dollar areas should be negotiated till India achieved selfsufficiency in food.

Deo Warns Capitalists

BOMBAY, Sept. 26, (UPI): "The Indian National Congress which had established social and political equality is sure to establish economic equality also in the country. The capitalists in the country should realise, before late, the way in which the wind is blowing and stop profiteering. If they do not listen to friendly advice of the Congress, they are bound to be completely wiped off shortly, as a result of the force of events."

Thus observed Shri Shankerrao Deo, General Secretary of the Indian National Congress, addressing a large public meeting here last night.

Shri Shankerrao Deo arrived here yesterday morning and addressed a camp of Congress workers in south Satara District.

About 200 Congressmen attended the camp held to chalk out a programme to organise the Congress in a strong manner in the new south Satara District.

"The Congress", continued Shri Deo, "has practically fulfilled all ..its promises given to the electorate. It has abolished all native States. Not a single State is now independent. The problem of Hyderabad will be satisfactorily solved according to the wishes of the people. The Congress has undertaken the task of abolishing Zamindari. The Congress is also pledged to bring about reforms by peaceful methods and hence it has given privy purse to princes and compensation to zamindars. The Congress thought that nationalisation of industries was not possible in the present condition of the nation.

"Other parties which criticise Congress and the Congress Governments" Shri Deo added, "have not even the noble mindedness to admit what Congress has really achieved". He said that they did not co-operate with the Congress Governments in their programmes, but were destructively criticising Government for the sake of their party propaganda.

THE WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 26. (P. T. I.): Following is the daily weather summary for Monday, September 26: Rainfall has occurred locally in Assam, Orissa, Madhya Bharat, West Central Provinces, Bombay Province and Madras Presidency outside Madras.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL TUESDAY EVENING: Rainfall will decrease in Madhya Bharat, West Central Provinces, Gujarat and North Bombay Deccan. There will be widespread rain in North Hyderabad, South Bombay Deccan and Malabar and local rain in Assam, West Bengal, the Konkan, South Hyderabad and along North Madras Coast.

WEATHER CHART

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, with total rainfall from 1st June 1949, and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m. on Monday:—

Ahmedabad 95 77 0 24.4 minus 3.6, Ahmednagar 81 71 T 17.4 minus 0.3, Ajmer 100 82 0 15.0 minus 3.2, Akola 81 71 1.9 35.1 plus 8.5, Alleppey 86 74 0.3 80.4 ?, Amraoti 87 73 1.0 32.0 plus 14.3, Aurangabad 77 71 0.8 28.6 plus 5.3, Bangalore 79 65 T 27.9 plus 106, Baroda 89 73 0.7 24.2 minus 9.3, Belgaum 79 68 0.1 26.8 minus 11.9, Banaras 96 81 0 48.1 plus 13.2, Bhopal 92 74 0.5 33.5 minus 13.6, Bhuj 95 76 0 21.0 plus 8.6, BOMBAY 82 76 0.1 103.6 plus 37.2, Calcutta 93 80 0 42.5 minus 3.9, Calicut 85 75 0.5 95.8 plus 6.2, Cherrapunji — 64 T 346.1 plus 37.3, Cochin 83 74 0.4 87.5 plus 15.1, Cuttack 90 83 0.5 0.6 25.9 minus 19.5, Darjeeling 63 57 0.1 97.9 minus 3.0, Delhi 99 74 0 27.4 plus 5.7, Devgad 83 74 1.3 68.1 —, Gwalior — 77 0 23.3 —, Gorakhpur 97 80 0 49.3 plus 6.9, Gulbarga 84 74 0 25.0 plus 3.1, Hanamkonda 86 77 T 32.2 plus 3.2, Hornai 84 77 0 94.3 —, Honavar 84 75 1.1 10.7.5 —, Hyderabad (Dn.) 85 74 0.3 21.0 minus 0.6, Indore 89 71 0.5..0.6 32.0 plus 1.0, Jaipur 100 75 0 16.6 minus 4.5, Jubbulpore 91 76 0 40.4 minus 10.6, Kanpur 94 78 0 31.7 plus 0.5, Karachi 83 77 0 13.9 plus 7.9, Khandwa 88 71 1.2 37.5 plus 10.9, Kodaikanal 67 54 0 23.6 plus 1.5, Kolhapur 83 71 0 22.2 —, Kurnool 88 75 1.1 30.1 plus 12.7, Lahore — 76 0 73 7.3 minus 7.1, Lucknow 94 76 0 41.0 plus 6.3, Madras 92 79 T 18.9 plus 4.9, Mahabaleshwar 68 62 0.5 185.2 minus 62.5, Mangalore 83 77 T 133.1 plus 25.1, Marmagao 80 74 0.7 100.7 minus 13.8, Mercara 69 62 0.2 100.6 minus 4.9, Mysore 82 66 0 10.5 minus 2.0, Nagpur 91 76 0 45.0 plus 2.9, Ootacamund 67 56 0 18.0 minus 7.7, Pachmarhi 79 69 0.7 72.6 plus 0.8, Patna 93 83 0 54.5 plus 14.8, Poona 81 70 0.6 15.7 minus 3.3, Port Blair 85 76 T 94.6 plus 26.7 Quetta 88 50 0 1.9 plus 0.9, Raichur 87 73 0.3 31.8 plus 13.4, Rajkot 94 75 0 23.1 0, Ranchi 83 74 0 51.1 plus 4.7, Shillong 73 61 0 3 48.5 minus 5.8, Sholapur 84 70 0.1 30.0 plus 10.5, Simla 59 0 40.6 minus 4.9, Surat 89 74 0.9 39.0 plus 0.1

HOTEL DIRECTOR FINED Rs. 80,000

Breach Of Food Control

BOMBAY, Monday.

A SENTENCE OF A FINE OF RS. 80,000 AND TWO MONTHS' R. I. WAS IMPOSED ON RAMNATH RAMNARAIN KAPUR, A DIRECTOR OF THE RITZ, ONE OF THE LUXURIOUS HOTELS OF BOMBAY, FOR BREACH OF THE FOOD CONTROL ORDERS, BY MR. J. M. BAROT, PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE, AT THE MAZAGAON COURT THIS MORNING.

The Magistrate also awarded to the Manager of the hotel, two months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 20,000, in default 12 months' R.I. two chefs who were alleged to be serving the food were sentenced to one day S.I. and a fine of Rs. 100, in default one month's R.I.

Deputy Inspector Khan after making inquiries sent a bogus customer to the Ritz Hotel on March 31. The bogus customer who is a rationing inspector was served as many as four courses at a buffet dinner dance held on that day.

DINNER DANCE

The rationing inspector went along with Sub-Inspector Kadam and bought a ticket for the dinner dance. It was alleged that he was served chicken, mutton, fish and prawns. S. I. Kadam immediately signalled to a party of Police waiting outside and searched the food served on the tables. The Police later arrested Mario Bonaveqlic, manager, John Fernandez and Rajpal Kudru, chefs of the hotel. The director of the hotel, Ramnath Ramnarayan Kapoor was also put under arrest.

It was argued on behalf of the manager that the guest admitted to the buffet dance help themselves by taking food placed at the buffet and were not served by the chefs. The defence stated that the manager was ill on that day and he was in his room. The bogus customer, the defence counsel argued stealthily picked up more than one course of food despite a notice displayed on the premises.

Awarding the sentence, Mr Barot observed, "The accused have gone merrily arranging such buffet suppers inspite of the warning issued to them by the Rationing Department to the contrary. To say the least, it is the most unpatriotic on their part and they must be strictly dealt with.

Kapoor, the director was sentenced to two months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 80,000, in default 14 months' R.I.

FRIENDS OF BURMA SOCIETY

New President Elected

BOMBAY, Monday.—"Mr. Motilal Setalvad has been elected President of the Friends of Burma Society in place of the late Mr. S. A. Brelvi.

"The Society by a resolution supported the move of the Hon'ble Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in forming the Indian Council of Cultural Co-operation The resolution stated that such a move is not only urgent and timely, but most essential to bring about harmony and understanding among the various nations of Asia.

"The membership of this Society is open to all who wish to promote friendly relations between the peoples of India and Burma. Those interested are requested to contact the Hon. Gen. Secretary, Friends of Burma Society, at 17 Elphinstone Circle, Bombay 1."

FREE
To regain lost vigour and vitality just write to get quite free the very interesting "Guide Book" (110 pages)
KAVIRAJ KHAZAN CHAND, B.A.,
Famous Specialist & Gold Medalist,
Hauz Qazi-Delhi (India).

IT'S THE TALK OF THE TOWN!
Lokmanya's Musicomedy
Girls' School
NOW AT New WEST-END
LYRICS YOU'LL RAVE!
Produced at BOMBAY TALKIES Studio
Starring: GEETA BALI, SHASHI KALA, SOHAN, SAJJAN
Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30 p.m.
Suh. & Holi. 11-45
(Ad. Bkgs.: 10 to 12: 4 to 6)
(A Sharda Release)

HARIJAN UPLIFT

Mr. S. K. Patil's Call For Removing Distinctions

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The efforts of Mahatma Gandhi to remove from Indian Society the disabilities from which a section of people, called the Harijans, suffered had borne fruit, said Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay and President of the B.P.C.C addressing a gathering at the Jinnah Hall this evening on the occasion of Harijan Day. Mr. Patil added that it was now the duty of every citizen to work towards the eradication of even the nominal distinctions which remained to mar the relations between Harijans and non-Harijans.

Mr. K. M. Munshi said that class distinctions had existed in several countries like Germany, America and the Middle Eastern countries for centuries, and not only in India. But India was the nation to make efforts to remove the evil of untouchability. Through the centuries great minds in this country had striven to eradicate class distinctions. Among those who worked towards this end were Dayanand Swami, Narsi Mehta and Meera Bai. These three were among those who dedicated their lives to the task of bringing about a reorientation in the country's social outlook.

However, the speaker added, it was the Mahatma who was successful in his strivings towards this end, and it was now the duty of every Indian to think of himself and those around him as citizens of one and the same country.

Earlier during the day there were processions and meetings in various parts of the city in observance of Harijan Day. The meetings started early this morning. The Day was observed till late in the night.

NEED FOR TRAINED PHARMACISTS

Dr. Gilder's Advice To Chemists

BOMBAY, Sunday: The need for properly qualified and trained pharmacists in India was stressed by Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health, Goverament of Bombay, inaugurating the training course for practising pharmacists at the Department of Chemical Technology, Matunga, this morning.

The training course has been sponsored by the Council of the Indian Pharmaceutical Association.

The Health Minister said that however clever the doctor might be, unless the drug administered by the dispensing chemist was good, it would not have any effect on the patient. He exhorted those practising pharmacists already in the profession to help their lesser qualified colleagues by giving them training and advice. From that point of view, he welcomed the course proposed to be started by their Association.

Dr Gilder also appealed to the dispensing chemists not to indulge in black-marketing and other anti-social methods to earn profits.

Mr. B. V. Patel, Drug Controller of Bombay, who presided, appealed for funds for the effective conduct of the training course. Mr. D. S. Bhate, Secretary, gave details of the proposed training course.

TODAY'S RADIO

TUESDAY, Sept. 27.

BOMBAY—A

7-30 a.m. Kunda Pitre (Bhajan) 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram 7-45 R. V. Jadhav (Bhairavin) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 U. M. Maniar (Guj. Geet) 8-45 News (G). 12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 D. B. Masood 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 N. B. Symphony Orchestra. 4-20 School Broadcast 5-0 Sindhu P. Shirodkar (Bhimpalas) 5-15 J. R. Vaidya (Violin) 5-30 As in Bombay B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 R. V. Jadhav Pag (Purba) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Locals 7-15 Sindhu P. Shirodkar (Bihag) 7-30 D. B. Masood Ghazal 7-45 J. R. Vaidya (Violin) 8-0 Drut Khayal Emankalyan 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay B 10-0 There's something in the Air by Adi Marzban 10-30 p.m. Pury and Philomena Nazareth 10-45 Chuck Foster Orchestra.

BOMBAY—B

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Jyotana Bhole (Shukla Bilawal) 8-30 News in Marathi 8-45 J. R. Vaidya (Violin) 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 Kunda Pitre (Bhavgeet) 1-10 Vividhata 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Variety programme (G) 4-20 As in Bombay A 5-30 Jantar Mantar 6-0 Naris (Geet) 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Kunda Pitre Daryangeet 8-30 Ya Mahinyatiya Ghadamodi Talk in Marathi by H. K. Deshpande 8-45 U. M. Maniar (Guj. Geet) 9-0 R. V. Jadhav (Bageshri) 9-30 Swar Mudrika music by A. S. Dholekar 9-45 Economics of Month R iew by D. V. Kelkar 10-0 Jyotsna Bhole (Bhavgeet).

BARODA

7-30 a.m. V. N. Potkar 7-40 As in Ahmedabad 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Music Lesson 8-30 Bhajanavali 8-45 News (M) 5-30 p.m. Songs from the screen 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Rajabhau Ghanekar (Violin) 6-25 Pratima Trivedi (Geet) 6-35 Gramjano Mate 7-0 p.m. Geet Gurjari 7-15 Rajabhau Ghanekar (Violin) 7-30 Khabardar Rachit Geeto Sung by Pratima Trivedi 7-45 Narsinhrao Na Patra Talk by Dhansukhlal Mehta 8-0 Sumati Daru 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Ahmedabad 9-0 News (E) 9-15 'Lagnacha Hunda' Play in Marathi Script by D. D. Mahulkar 9-45 Vividh Geeto.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Instrumental Trio Air Artists 7-40 Ramanlal R. Dave (Bhajan) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 As in Baroda 8-30 Suhasini Redij 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E) 6-10 As in Baroda 6-35 Majoor Bhaio Mate 7-0 Suhasini Redij (Bhajan) 7-15 p.m. As in Baroda 7-30 Geet Sudha 7-45 As in Baroda 8-0 Shashikant Gundani (Violin) 8-10 Locals 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Ramanlal R. Dave (Kalyan Vilambit) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Vividh Geeto 9-45 Suhasini Redij (Light songs)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
SALE OF BENZOL PLANTS, BLOCKS TACKLES AND OIL UNITS.

Tenders in prescribed forms are invited for the purchase of following plants and stores:

1. TENDER NO. DGD/SR-45848/86/CPM-IV: Two Benzol Plants located at Lodna and Loyabad, and one extension to the Benzol Plant at Hirapur.

2. TENDER NO. DGD/SR-46283/CPM-3/15(2): (i) Large quantities of various sizes of Blocks Tackles for lifting located at Kanpur, Jubbulpore, Panagarh and Dehu.

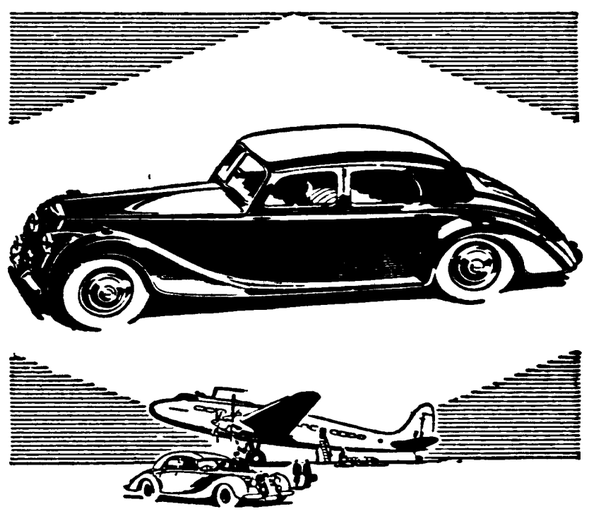
(ii) About 1,000 Nos. Jacks 5 Tons capacity located at Jubbulpore.

3. TENDER NO. DGD/CPM-3/SR-44704/O.S.: 3,347 Nos. Oil Units Elevating and Training Complete with 0.6 H.P. 940 RPM-3/50/130 Volts Electric Motor convertible to Standard Single Phase 230 Volts A.C. also two small Electric Motors about 1/50 H.P. A.C. Single Phase 50 Volts located at Ordnance Depot, Mathara, U.P.

Tender Forms containing details of stores, instructions to tenderers, conditions of sale and inspection permit can be had from the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, and Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Kanpur at Rs. 5/- per set against each item separately in cash/Money Order.

The tender should be addressed to the Director General of Disposals, C.P.M. Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi, and reach him by 1 p.m. on 29th October, 1949.

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,
NEW DELHI.



THERE'S '3-CAR-VALUE' IN A RILEY
sports car performance, saloon comfort, with the lines of a specialist-built body.

Magnificently engined with a performance of 75-80 m.p.h. Luxuriously appointed, seating 5 in comfort. Beautifully bodied with air-flow lines to add to speed, Riley Torsionic front suspension gives easy steering and superb road holding at all speeds. Hydro-mechanical brakes for fast driving. Two models, 1½ and 2½ litres.

Riley

DISTRIBUTORS:
GARWARE MOTORS LTD.
SANDHURST BRIDGE, BOMBAY 7.

"THE BRIDE OF BUDDHA"

Ceylon To Protest Against Screening In Britain

COLOMBO, Sept. 26 (PTI)—Representations made by a Buddhist deputation against the screening in Britain of the American film "The Bride of the Buddha" (now retitled "The Bride of the East)" will be forwarded to the British Foreign Minister by Mr. D. S. Senanayake, Prime Minister of Ceylon.

The Deputation said the film misrepresented Buddha's life in an unsavoury manner and would wound the religious susceptibilities of Buddhists all over the world.

The Prime Minister said they could only appeal to the good sense of the British people not to show the film in its present form.

That Man Must Be A Woman-Hater!

CAIRO—Ahmed Mursy Eadr Bey, Egyptian Minister for Education, has added another item to his long list of "don'ts" for Egyptian girls

To maintain the dignity of educational institutions, women teachers and schools girls have been forbidden to use cosmetics and ordered to wear long-sleeved, ankle length dresses as from the beginning of the next school year.

An order to this effect has been sent by the Minister to headmistresses of Government girls' schools throughout the country.

Badr Bey recently banned Egyptian girl students from going abroad because two girls studying in Switzerland got married without the consent of their families.

He abolished ballet dancing from girls' schools because, in his opinion, it does not fit in with Egyptian customs, and banned bathing beauty contests in Government pools.

The Minister's decision raised a storm in the Egyptian press and women in all walks of life protested.

During a recent visit to the Secondary Girls' School, Badr Bey agreed to be photographed with the mistresses, and asked them not to believe that he was at war with the fair sex.—P.T.I.-Reuter.

WORLD SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN

Danish Principal's Efforts Bear Fruit

COPENHAGEN, (By Air Mail)

WHAT is believed to be the first real "world school" for children opened in Copenhagen this autumn.

Called the "Bernadotte School" after the late Palestine mediator, the school aims at "training children to meet the needs of social life within their own country and at the same time, qualifying them to become active and suitable members of a world community."

Some 270 pupils attended the school on its opening day. They came from: Britain, Bulgaria, Denmark, France, Holland, China, Spain, Sweden, Czechoslovakia, the United States, Poland and South Africa.

Their parents were embassy officials doctors, journalists and other professional and business men resident in Scandinavila. Over 200 other children went on the a steady growing waiting list.

The idea for starting such a school was born three years ago, in the autumn of 1946 when Mr. G. J. Arvin, Principal of the Danish Teachers' College, wrote an article entitled "The Danish School of Tomorrow" in a Danish educational journal.

Later, the British and American Ambassadors were approached with the idea of forming an international school in Copenhagen. They both expressed interest and agreed to make the idea known to the other Embassies and Legations in the Danish capital.

On Sept. 18, 1847, 600 people from countries all over the world attended a meeting to discuss the idea and 400 children were informally registered as prospective pupils if and when, the school started.

For the next two years preparations went ahead to find funds and teachers for the school. Funds were the main problem. But money was found and progress was made.

Nobody quite knows whose idea it was to call the school after Count Bernadotte. But it was gradually accepted that Denmark's International School would be called the Bernadotte School and it has now opened in that name. Mr. Arvin, the headmaster says that the school which is co-educational, will aim above all at a broad international culture. He hopes that both children and teachers of the Bernadotte school will be able to collaborate with other similar schools now being founded in Britain and America.

The School's teaching is aimed at developing the individual abilities of each child. In this way, says Mr. Arvin the activities and studies of the children will not necessarily be identical.

Teaching will seek to bring out the development of character, acquisition of knowledge and the development of vocational aptitude.

The teaching staff is helped by a consultant in child pyschology. Special attention is given to retarded children as well as to exceptionally gifted ones.

It is not, Mr. Arvin said a new thing to have schools for children from the Embassies and Legations in a foreign city. But it is new to organise a school in such a way that children of various nationalities can meet others from countries round the world.

The school is open to children of all nationalities, regardless of race, religion and economic level.

U. P. ZAMINDARI ABOLITION BILL

Prosperity To 5 Millions, Says Pant

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 25. (PTI): Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier of United Provinces today advised Congress workers to sink their differences and work unitedly to make the collection for the Zamindari Abolition Fund a great success.

The Premier who was addressing a meeting here said this was the biggest beneficial scheme which the Congress had undertaken after attaining freedom. The abolition of Zamindaris in the U.P. would bring economic prosperity to five crores of agriculturists who had been in a deplorable state, he added.

The collection for the fund, he said would commence on October 2—the birthday of Mahatma Gandhi. He wanted Congressmen to bear in mind the great part Allahabad played in the nation's struggle for freedom He expected Allahabad to set an example to other centres in the province in the collection drive.

The devaluation of currency, Pandit Pant said had created a problem in the country. He would adivse people to depend less and less on foreign goods! They should use more and more local made products.

The Premier also urged the people to do their utmost in increasing the production of foodgrains in the county and make it self-sufficient, for at present India was spending a large sum of money in importing foodgrains from foreign countries.

LAHORE, Sept. 25 (PTI): The Governor of the West Punjab has dismissed with immediate effect Khwaja Abdur Rahim, Secretary of the West Punjab Planning Committee and former Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, from public service.

The action has been taken with the concurrence of the Governor-General.

GROWING DISCONTENT IN THE FRONTIER

Parallel Muslim League Started

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, (By Airmail)

All is not well in the North Western Frontier Province. Public discontent is said to be growing day by day against the present Abdul Quayum regime and the movement for 'Azad Pathanistan' appears to be gaining ground.

The authorities also seem to be much perturbed over the recent happenings in the political field of the province and they appear to be determined to put down with iron hand any disruptive activity which may undermine the present administration of the province.

Keeping strictly to this policy the N.W.F.P. Government has, by now put behind the bars a number of followers of Pir Manki Sharif, the most influential regions head of the Pathans, who has taken up cudgels on behalf of the masses in the absence of Khan Brothers and started the Awami (Parallel) Muslim League Organisation in the province. These followers were important workers or office-bearers of the Awami League.

Although the authorities desire to put Pir Manki Sharif also behind the bars to get rid of this activities, they dare not do so at the present stage on account of lurking fear that such a step might result in a mass revolt by the people. They, however, have taken some action against this most influential Pir who has a very large number of followers all over the province, by restricting his movements in certain districts and asking him not to deliver inflammatory speeches etc.

The Pir, though much against obeying such arbitrary orders, has been obeying them for the time-being probably waiting for an 'opportune' or 'appropriate' moment to strike his last blow.

Only last week, two more of the best Lieutenants of the Pir, Khan Taj Mohamed Khan of Turlandi, Ex-Salar-i-Azam of Muslim National Guards N.W.F.P. and Khan Ali Jan Khan of Swaki, both members of the Working Committee of the Awami League, have been arrested in their respective villages. The District Magistrate of Mardan demanded from them a security of Rs. 10,000 each which they refused to give and preferred to go to jail.

RIGHTS FOR KISANS

Haris (Kisans) of Sind, who form about three-fourths of the total population of the province after a lot of their agitation, will now have certain rights and previleges.

The Sind Tenancy Bill which has now emerged from the Select Committee and the provisions of which have been accepted by the zamindars, will be finally passed by the Sind Legislative Assembly during its forthcoming session.

Provisions of this Bill, which is regarder as far reaching importance for the Haris, provide permanent and hired tenancy rights for all Haris who have cultivated more than four acres of land for a particular zamindar for more than three years, Haris share of 50 per cent in the produce, abolition of all pre-requisites and illegal exactions by zamindars and establishment of Hari Tribunals for deciding all Tenancy disputes.

FUNDS FOR LEAGUE

People of Pakistan have evinced much interest in the suit filed before the Chief Court of Sind regarding the disbursement of the funds of the pre-partition All-India Muslim League, amounting to Rs. 27 lakhs which are now held by Miss Fatima Jinnah and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, the Prime Minister of Pakistan, as Joint Trustees.

Hearing of the original suit has been fixed for October 10 and in the meantime a number of more applications have been filed before the Chief Court by some of the former members of the All-India Muslim League as well as the Pakistan Muslim League claiming that they were entitled to the League funds and not the Pakistan Muslim League with Choudhari Khaliquzzaman as its President. Some of the applicants are Seth Ahmed Khwaja Sulleman Hamidullah Sulleman Adamji, A. H. Abbasi, Ghulam Mohomed Khan, Abdul Hakim Khattak, Syed Mehmoobshah Husseini, A. R. Ashrafi, S. H. Hanif and A. G. Dalvi who have claimed to represent interests of the Indian Muslims as well.

During the year ended June 1949, as many as 206 cases of bribery and corruption were detected in Sind, says a report just made public by the Police authorities.

As a result of these cases, 171 Government servants were suspended from their services including the Inspector-General of Prisons, two Superintendents of Jails, one Divisional Forests Officer, an Executive Engineer, two Sub-Divisional Officers of the P. W. D., six Mukhtiarkars, seven Station Masters, a Sub-Inspector of Railway Police, two Sub-Inspectors of Police a Railway Guard, a Ticket Collector and a number Sheristedars, Clerks, Tapedars, Head Constables and Constables.

Hardly a week passes without the registration of such cases. Latest cases of the kind detected by the Special Anti-Corruption Police are of Sayed G. M. Khan Assistant Station Master of Mehrabpur; Chowdhary Ashraf, Station Master and Rashid Ahmed, Assistant Station Master of Khokhrapar; Head Constable Bachal Khan and Sawar Nur Hussein Shah of Khudadad out-post, Mirpurkhas; two parcel clearks of the Hyderabad (Sind) station; Abdul Razak, a clerk of the Mukhtiarkar's Kutchery Sukkur; Jamil a peon of the City Magistrate's Court, Karachi etc.

Special Magistrates have also been appointed for various districts of the province for speedy trials of such cases as these cases have accumulated in appreciable numbers.

According to the Ministry of Communications, Government of Pakistan, the direct Radio Telephone Link between Karachi and London through which Pakistan was connected with almost all countries of the world, was now working satisfactorily. Besides, with this link, it was now also possible to communicate with the moving ships on the Trans-Atlantic route from Karachi.

It has also been given out that the newly established Radio-Telephone link between Western and Eastern Pakistan is also working quite satisfactorily and on an average about 50 to 60 calls are being put through this line daily.

According to the rough census taken by the Rehabilitation Commissioner, over seven lakh Muslim refugees have been settle in the province of Sind to fill the gap created by the migration of Hindus to India.

Out of these, nearly 3 lakhs have been taken up by Hyderabad while Karachi, Sukkur, Nawabshah and Tharparker districts have taken one lakh each. The remaining are spread in various other parts of the province.

Calcutta Strike Called Off

CALCUTTA, Sept. 26 (PTI): The strike declared by the Calcutta Corporation Workers' Union, which started yesterday, was withdrawn after 24-hours and the workers resumed their duties this morning.

This followed a decision taken by the workers belonging to the striking Union last night to postpone the strike till the end of the "pujas", as in their view its continuation might cause hardships to the citizens during the "pujas".

The short-lived strike did not affect the city's civic services yesterday although there were several cases of intimidation and assaults on loyal workers reported from different parts of the city according to the Corporation authorities.

The Joint Committee of Corporation Workers, representing five of the six different Unions of workers, had disassociated itself from the strike declared by the Communist-sponsored Workers Union. They however, have since served a separate notice on the Corporation authorities deciding to launch on a strike from October 22, if, in the meantime, their grievances were not redressed.

Cow Slaughter Ban In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD.—The District Magistrate of Ahmedabad has prohibited "the slaughter of cows, bulls, bullocks, buffaloes and calves outside a slaughter house or of any other animal on or within sight of any street or public place within Ahmedabad District" during the forthcoming Dassera and Bakrid festivals.

LEGISLATION ON HINDU RELIGION

Ceylon Appoints Special Committee

COLOMBO, Sept. 26, (PTI): At a conference held by Senator E. A. P. Wijeyratne, Minister of Home Affairs and Rural Development, a Special Committee drawn from among the Hindu members of Parliament was appointed to carry out investigations and report on the lines on which legislation, if any, should be introduced in respect of the questions of Hindu temporalities and animal sacrifice in Hindu temples.

The Special Committee will also go into the question respecting freedom of worship in Hindu temples to all persons professing the Hindu religion without distinction of caste.

The Committee is expected to submit its report in three months' time.

SEE WHAT A CIGAR CAN DO!

CANBERRA—There is one Canberra resident who is emphatic that women should not smoke cigars.

His reason: His wife was polishing the floor, and stopped to smoke a cigarette, but could not find one, and decided to try one of her husband's cigars. (the husband was not at home).

After a few puffs she felt, ill, sat on the floor and closed her eyes. Her baby promptly took a swig of floor polish.

After the doctor had been and the child and mother had recovered, the mother mopped up the mess of floor polish and threw it on the fire. The blaze set fire to the chimney and the fire brigade was called.

PARIS MOTOR SHOW

PARIS—This year's Paris motor show will be held in two separate sections, the first from October 6 to 16, the second from October 27 to November 6.

The first section will comprise the showing of private cars, coachbuilding, chassis of industrial types, and accessories and spare parts.

The second section: cycles, motorcycles, motor coaches, buses, and commercial vehicles with their bodies complete.—P.T.I.-Reuter.

Injunction Order Withdrawn

DINAPORE, Sept. 26 (PTI): Mr A. M. Kumar, Hon. Secretary of the Burnard Shield tournament says, that the injunction order staying the Burnard Shield final has been withdrawn by the court and the suit filed by Dinapore Friends Club (the losers) against the decision of the referee and the Indian Institute, Dinapore, for playing some outside players has been rejected.

The final match between E.I.R. Sports Club, Calcutta, and the Indian Institute, Dinapore, will be played when E.I.R. Club returns from Bombay after playing in the Rovers Cup.

"WESTERN EUROPE AT MERCY OF RUSSIA"

U. S. Not In Position To Prevent Attack

CHICAGO, Sept. 25 (PTI-Reuter)—Western Europe "is at the mercy of Russia". Doctor Harold Curey, Noble Prize-winner and discoverer of heavy water, used in atomic research, said yesterday.

"If peace is preserved it will not be because we can prevent Western Enrope from being attacked", he added.

Other top scientists here also contend that Russia's development of atomic energy meant that the United States could no longer prevent Western Europe from being attacked.

The scientists also agreed that if the United States and Russia ultimately engaged in atomic warfare it would be at least a ten-year military struggle, requiring occupation as a final step.

The scientists expressed their views at a news conference on Russia's reported development of atomic energy.

Other scientists at the conference were Dr. Horfin R. Hogness, Director of the University of Chicago Institute of Radio-biology and biophysics and Dr. Samuel K. Allison, Director of the University's institute of nuclear studies.

They agreed on the following points (one) Russia, because of its territory and concealed war industries, would not need as many atomic bombs as the United States to reach an atomic weapons par with this country.

(Two) Atomic weapons alone would not be decisive in any such war, and such a military struggle would last at least ten years.

(Three) Russia was a tleast abreast of the United States in the development of long-range rockets—potential carriers of atomic warheads.

(Four)) Bacteriological warfare was "not in the same class" with atomic warfare. A nation needed air super iority to start bacteriological warfare, the materials were difficult to sort, and there was a danger that the diseases would get back to the attacking nation.

(Five) Russia's hands was vastly strengthened in any future discussions on international control of atomic energy.

Dr. Curey said that he saw no defence against the atom bomb within 50 years other than political organisation.

RUSSIA CAN AFFORD TO WAIT NOW

Atomic Race Is Over

BERLIN, Sept. 25 (PTI-Reuter)—According to German sources here Soviet Political Adviser V. S. Semeonov declared yesterday that Russia's atomic experiments reached a decisive stage as long ago as January this year.

These sources, who claim to be in close touch with the Soviet Military Administration in Germany, said M. Semeonov, who is adviser to General Fassili Chuikov, Soviet Military Governor, added: "The Soviet Union is now in a position to wait quietly and see whether the Western powers enter into an atomic arms race or agree to the proposals (to ban the atom bomb) made by Vyshinsky at the United Nations."

CHILD-LIFTERS IN DACCA

DACCA, (East Bengal), Sept. 25 (P. T.I.-Reuter): A gang of child-lifters is menacing the child population of Dacca, it was reported.

It was stated that children of tender ages were being lifted by members of this gang for purposes of beggary. The children were being subjected to physical tortures and their bodies were being maimed to evoke pity and sympathy.

Due to inflationary conditions prevalent in the province, destitutes were selling their children to members of this gang, it was further stated.

BRITISH MILITARY CHIEF VISITS CEYLON

Refuses To Comment On Withdrawal Of Forces

COLOMBO, Sept. 26. (PTI): General Sir John Crocker. Commander-in-Chief of the Middle East Land Forces, accompanied by Lady Crocker arrived at the R.A.F. airport at Negombo to make "an ordinary routine visit" of the British Army troops in Ceylon, who until recently were under the Far East Command.

Clearly, A Better Idea Than All-Up Mail!

JOHANNESBURG, (PTI-Reuter).

Railway experts here are reported to be considering a scheme for a system of conveyer belts between Durban and Johannesburg—a distance of about 400 miles—to carry supplies non-stop in both directions.

Mr. J. J. Wedderburn, secretary of the 'Transport Owners' Association, who submitted the scheme to the General Manager of the South African Railway, believes that such a system would be practicable.

Under the scheme, there would be a series of belts, each as long as practicable and each driven by an engine. In addition, there would be subsidiary lines radiating throughout the country and goods from these lines would be automatically switched to sections of the main line.

Points in favour of the scheme are that it would do away with a certain amount of the railway's costly rolling stock; it would not require marshalling yards signals or sidings and would run nonstop. The system would not, however supplant the railways.

The Defence Minister And The C-in-C

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26 (PTI).—Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Minister, accompanied by Gen K. M Cariappa, Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army, returned to Delhi today from Srinagar.

WAR ACADEMY SITE NEAR POONA

Nehru To Lay Foundation Stone On October 6

POONA, Sept. 25, (PTI): Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who arrives here on October 6 to lay War Academy will address students of War Academy will adress students of the Poona University the same day.

Pandit Nehru will also visit the School of Military Engineering at Kirkee where he will be received by the Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Army General K. M. Cariappa.

At the National War Academy site at Khadakvasla, the Prime Minister will be received by the Defence Minister Sardar Baldev Singh, the Premier of Bombay Mr. B. G Kher, the C.-inC. of the Indian Army and Lt. Gen. Rajendrasinji G.O.C.-in-Chief Souther Command.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

CATALOGUE OF SURPLUS STORES FOR INDUSTRIAL USERS

The Directorate General of Disposals publish from time to time Catalogues of Surplus Stores that are considered to be of use to Industrial Users. 3rd Catalogue of the series will be published on 5-10-1949, and applications for allocations of stores will be entertained upto 4-11-49. The stores are offered at fixed prices to industrial Users only for their use. THE PRICES HAVE BEEN SO FIXED AS TO MAKE THE STORES ATTRACTIVE TO INDUSTRIAL USERS.

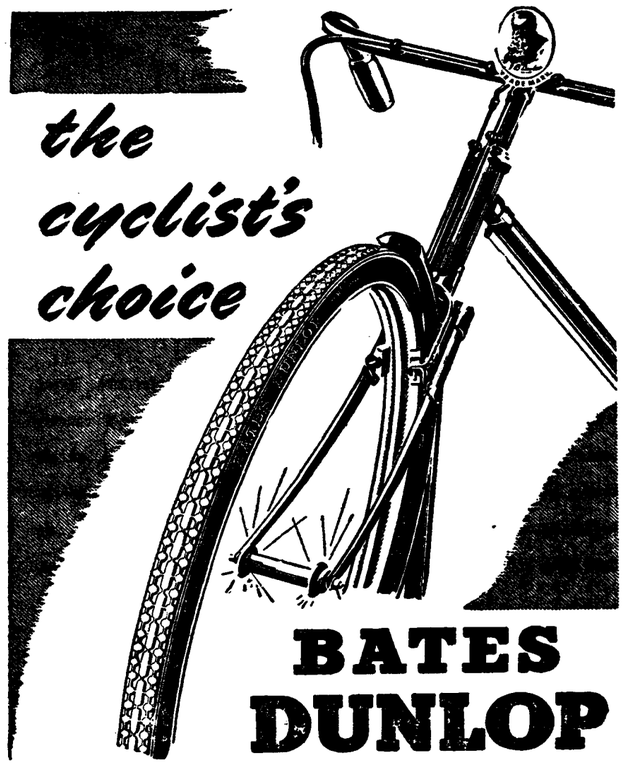
The stores listed in the 3rd Catalogue include Lathes, Drilling Machines Grinding Machines, Profile Cutters, Blowers, Jacks, Winches, Blocks Tackles, Generating Sets, Printing Machines, Oil Units, Concrete Mixers, Sand Washing Plants, Piles, Stone Crusher Chassis, Sewing Machines, Survey and Optical Instruments.

For further particulars of stores, application, allocation, etc., see Catalogue.

Copies of the Catalogue can be had from the Publicity Branch, Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi, and the Regional Commissioners, (Disposals), Calcutta, Kanpur, Bombay and Madras at Rs. 5/- per copy in cash or by Money Order. Copies are not sent by V.P.P.

THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,

NEW DELHI.



CAN EPILEPSY BE CURED?

What is epilepsy? We only know that since time began it has attacked rich and poor alike, great and humble. Julius Caesar, Napoleon and Byron were victims. Epilepsy has always interested men of science and at last their efforts have been successful because a treatment has been found that relieves attacks in most cases. This remarkable medicine is described in an interesting booklet entitled "Can Epilepsy be Cured?" This booklet is given away free to epileptics. Anyone suffering from this disease should request a free copy

THE EDUCATIONAL DIVISION, Dept. A—2112, 599 Bergen Ave., Jersey City, N.J., U.S.A.
Please send me a copy of the free booklet entitled "Can Epilepsy be Cured?"

NAME .....
(For clarity, please print)

ADDRESS .....

CITY ..... COUNTRY .....

CALCUTTA NATIONAL BANK LIMITED

Hd. Office:— Calcutta National Bank Buildings, Mission Row, CALCUTTA.

Bombay (Fort) Office: Calcutta National Bank Bldgs., Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY

Paid up Capital ..... Rs. 50,00,000

Reserves Over ..... Rs. 24,00,000

Safe Deposit Lockers are available in Bank's Own Building at Bombay (Fort) Office.

Branches:

Calcutta	Delhi	Bombay	Madras
Ballygunge	Lucknow	Kalbadevi	Nagpur
Bhowanipore	Allahabad	Sandhurst Rd	Nagpur City
Burrabazar	Katra	Ahmedabad	Amraoti
Canning Street	Banaras	Ajmer	Jubbulpore
Hatkhola	Patna	Agra	Jubbulpore Cant
High Court	Gaya	Kanpur	Raipur
Kalighat	Cuttack	Meston Rd	Chittagong
Shambazar	Asansol	Bareilly	Dacca

London Agents:—Midland Bank Limited.

Current, Savings and Fixed Deposit Accounts accepted in all the offices of the Bank. Interest on Savings Bank Deposits allowed at 1½ p.c. per annum. Withdrawals by cheques.

Have an account with the "Calcutta National."

Khanchand Wins His First Singles In Bombay

LALJEE AND PATKAR SMASH THEIR WAY TO VICTORY

BOMBAY, Monday.

Khanchand, one of Bombay's leading player, and one who has been knocking on the door for quite some time now, got his chance this evening at last, when he dethroned the holder of the men's singles title Ossie Dyer in the Islam Gymkhana Open Table Tennis Tournament. Success at the first appearance of two of our promising youngsters as a combination should give a lot of encouragement of Basha Laljee and Jayu Patkar, who smashed their way through the defence of the reigning champions Ossie Dyer and Khanchand in the final this evening.

The final between Dyer and Khanchand for the championship honours was more or less a tame affair and it was a case of Dyer playing more freely than he is wont to do, probably due to the reason that he has been playing against Khanchand day in and day out. Dyer allowed Khanchand to lead by a few points throughout the first game and at one stage he was down 6-10, but with the greatest ease he brought round the game in his favour by bringing into play his brilliant forehand strokes, and ultimately won it at 21-17 But slowly Dyer was losing the grip on the game and Khanchand was getting on top. This was evident in the second game when Dyer lost at 10-21. In the third game after being down 15-20, Dyer made a heroic effort to recover the game and came very near to doing so, but unfortunately while defending against Khan-

Khanchand

chand's powerful strokes he hit outside to lose at 19-21. Khanchand had by now got the game round to his way of playing, and once he applied the pressure on his forehand strokes Dyer was no match for him. Khanchand ran away with the fourth game and the title by winning it at 21-16. I came away with the impression that Dyer has not been playing his usual self in this tournament for he has lost many games to the various players he had met during the course of his progress to the final. This is the first title that Khanchand has won in Bombay, and it is a fitting reward to one who has devoted so much time to the game with all the seriousness that it demands.

The doubles final between the holders Dyer and Khanchand and that young and dashing players Patkar and Laljee resulted in a game full of thrills, and the two youngsters who have teamed up together for the first time completely subdued the older and greater experienced players throughout the match. Giving little opportunity to the last year's champions to take to the attacking game that they so love to indulge, Patkar and Laljee started blasting the defence of their erstwhile opponent, and succeeded admirably. Hitting brilliantly Laljee had the two opponents guessing often with the stinging forehand drives and helped in the best possible manner by his partner, the two of them won the first game at 21-17. The next one resulted in a very close affair, and the few mistakes that the youngsters made gave the game to Dyer and Khanchand to level the scores.

B. A. Laljee

Changing the combination in the third game did not do any good to Dyer and Khanchand, and the dashing players were not to be denied their due share of the spoils. Laljee and Patkar gave another brilliant display of the attacking game and established a lead of one game by winning the third. In the ourth game Laljee was in a brilliant form, and could not be checked. He smashed everything that came his way to win the first title of their career.

J. S. Patkar

Uttam Chandarana after all won the title he had so often been very keen to get—the mixed doubles championship in partnership with Miss Piroja Irani. Two unsuccessful attempts did not in any way discourage him this evening.

He went to the table determined to win the event, and this time encountering a comparatively weaker opposition than has been his fate hitherto with Piroja as his partner, Uttam received excellent support from his pratner who today did not keep the ball high up in the air while returning and thus gave little opportunity to them to hit aces. The first game went to Patkar and Mrs. Mani Bharucha over the extra point when Piroja lost both the points after twenty all. Uttam took the first five points against the service of Mani in the second, and encouraged by this initial success he went on the lead all throughout the game, and when he got Mani's service for the second time in the game, he finished the game to level the scores.

Going practically level in the third game, Uttam and Piroja just managed to win it after many anxious moments over the extra point. In the last game however, Uttam was at his best and swooping down upon his opponents with his "aces" with his forehand drives he won the game at 21-13, and with it the coveted title.

The junior's singles event served to give Ismail Joosab his chance. With both Thackersey and Mulla out of the tournament, Joosab had everything his own way. In the final today he met a good but erratic attacking player in Karanjia. But all that Karanjia could do against the greater experience of Joosab was to collect 15 and 19 points in the two games played. In the second game Joosab was down 13-17 at one stage, but from that moment onwards, Joosab exercised a little extra care in his returns and the reward soon came when he ran away with points one after another to win at 21-19.

Mr. A. A. Jasdanvala, the President of the Islam Gymkhana presided and distributed the prizes.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES
(Holder: O. Dyer)

FINAL: H. M. Khanchand beat O. Dyer, 17-21, 21-10, 21-19, 21-16.

MEN'S DOUBLES
(Holders: Khanchand & Dyer)

FINAL: B. A. Laljee and J. S. Patkar beat H. M. Khanchand and O. Dyer, 21-17, 20-22, 21-19, 21-17.

MIXED DOUBLES
(Holders: Dyer and Miss E. Bocarri, not defending)

FINAL: U. M. Chandarana and Miss Piroja Irani beat J. S. Patkar and Mrs. Mani Bharucha, 20-22, 21-14, 24-22, 21-13.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES
(Holder: S. K. Thackersey, not defending).

FINAL: I. R. Joosab beat K. K. Karanjia, 21-15, 21-19.

India To Hold World Sports Fair In 1950

NEW DELHI, Sept 26 (UPI): India will hold her first International Sports Fair sometime in 1950, it is learnt. Youth from all over the world are expected to participate.

In the Day's Sport

FOOT BALL

Cooperage

5-30 p.m. Goan Sports 'A' vs E. I. Rly (Rovers Cup).

St. Xavier's Parel.

4-30 p.m. Tata 'A' vs Kohinoor Mills 'B' (Das Cup).

5-30 p.m. Combined Schools vs. Khatau Sports (Das Cup).

Brabourne Stadium

4-30 p.m. Hurricane S.C. vs Pdr. Agnelo S.C. (Boys Championship)

5-30 p.m. Cuncolim Union vs. St. Michael's Anjune S.C. (Turner Cup Semi-Final).

TABLE TENNIS

P. J. Hindu Gymkhana

5-30 p.m. to 6-15 p.m. Junior Singles first and Second round.

6-15 p.m. to 7-45 p.m. Men's Singles first and second round of first quarter.

7-45 p.m. to 9-15 p.m. Men's Singles first and second round second quarter.

Table Tennis Tourney In Bombay North

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Open North Table Tennis Tournament conducted by the Dadar Parsi Colony Gymkhana for residents of E. F and G Wards and Suburbs will commence on Tuesday, the 4th October and continue for a week ending on Monday the 10th October.

The usual five events viz., Men's Singles and Doubles, Women's Singles and Doubles and Mixed Doubles will be held.

The entries for this tournament authorised by the B. P. T. T. A. will close on Saturday the 1st of October at 7-30 p.m.

Open Cricket Tourney In Poona

POONA, September 25.

The open Cricket Tournament for the Lady Hawabai Championship Shield Tournament will commence on 2nnd October 1949. The Entries close on Saturday, the 15th October 1949.

Particulars and Entry forms can be had from Mr. K. M. Jamal, Hon. Tournament Secretary, c(o the Old Boys' Association, Anglo-Urdu High School Poona.

HINDU GYMKHANA TABLE TENNIS

Draws For Women's Singles And Doubles

BOMBAY, Monday.

The following are the draws held for the Women's Singles and Doubles and the Junior's Singles events due to be played in the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana Open Table Tennis tournament scheduled to start tomorrow. The draw for the remaining event—the Mixed Doubles—will take place later.

Many All-India players are participating in this tournament this year among the prominent one are V. Sivaraman, a former national champion Kumar Ghosh and the promising youngster from Bengal Ranbhir Bhandari.

With the entering of Mis Enid Bocarro in all the three events in this tournament, the tornament will provide keen interest even in the women's events, where till now Mrs. Gool Nasikwala has been accustomed to having her own way. Miss Bocarro who arrived back in India only on last Friday, will be playing her first tournament this season. Back from enjoying a pleasant holiday trip to England and the continent, Miss Bocarro was seen this evening witnessing the final of Islam Gymkhana tournament, and when asked whether she had played any table tennis while away from India for three months, Miss Bocarro said that she had not done so, but that she would be certainly be playing a lot of it in Bombay now that she is back in time for the remainder of the season. Among the various titles that stand to the credit of Miss Boccaro is the National Crown in the All-India Championships held in Bombay in 1944.

The following are the draws:..

WOMEN'S SINGLES

MRS. G. NASIKWALLA bye vs. Miss D. Munshi bye; "A" Player bye vs. Miss J. Walawalkar bye; Miss Vijaya Dhadphale bye; Miss D. Mistry vs. Mrs. P. S. Tipnis; Mrs. Rajagopalan vs. Mrs. M. Bharucha; Miss P. Irani vs. MISS ENID BOCARRO.

MISS S. DHARAP vs. Mrs. K. Ghose; "B" Player vs. Miss S R Amladi; Miss S. Motiwalla vs. Miss V. Shroff; "C" Player bye. Miss Indu Desai bye vs. Miss Jariwalla bye; Miss M. J. Canteenwalla bye vs. MRS. B. CAMA bye.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

Mrs. G. Nasikwalla and Miss E. Bocarro bye vs. Miss M. J. Canteenwalla and Miss G. M. Mistry bye; Miss Villo Shroff and Miss K. Lotwalla vs. "A" Pair; Mrs. B. Cama and Mrs. M. Bharucha vs. Miss P. Irani and Partner; Mrs. Rajagopalan and Miss S. R. Amladi vs. Miss A. R. Joosab and Partner; "B" Pair vs. Miss Indu Desai and Miss S. Motiwalla; Miss Dhun Mistry and Miss D. Munshi bye vs. Miss Suhasini Dharap and Miss J. Walawalker bye.

JUNIOR'S SINGLES

S. K. Thakersey bye vs. A. M. Abdulla bye; M. B. Parkar bye vs. H. P. Dossa bye; S. L. Bajaj bye vs. "A" Player bye; S. V. Merchant vs. R. C. Kapadia; S. E. Dastur vs. M. L. Lulla; N. L. Bajaj vs. N. V. Merchant; E. C. Baria vs. V. R. Shah; K. K. Karanjia bye vs. K. Poojara bye; Nansey bye vs. "B" Player bye; V. D. Parkar bye vs. I. R. Joosab.

De Mello To Entertain Commonwealth Team

LONDON, Sept. 26, (PTI-Reuter): The Commonwealth cricket team which is to tour India, Pakistan and Ceylon is to be entertained at a cocktail party in London on October 4, by Mr. Anthony De Mello, President of the Indian Cricket Board of Control. He will also present them to the Indian High Commissioner in England before they fly out to India on October 6.

He few to Prague this week-end to visit his wife who is undergoing treatment at a famous spa in in Czschoslovakia.

First Call-Over On Autumn Double

LONDON, Sept. 26. (PTI-Reuter).

Only three horses were quoted in the Cesarewitch and two in the Cambridgeshire at the first callover on the Autumn Double at the Victoria Club London tonight.

Little business was done on either race. The top wtight, Miss Dorothy Paget's Aldborough, at one hundred to seven was the shortest price horse for the Cesarewitch while the Cambridgeshire favourite was Mr. J. C. Rank's Hyperbole with last year's winner, Sterope, the only other horse quoted in this race.

Prices were: Cesarewitch—one hundred to seven Aldborough, one hundred to six Coubrador and Gold Fever, twenty to one Bar Three.

Cambridgeshire: Eight to one Hyperbole one hundred to six, Sterope twenty to one Bar Two.

Cambridgeshire Candidate Finshes Second

PARIS, Sept. 26, (PTI-Reuter): Comte de Chambure's three year old colt Roc du Diable who is entered for the English Cambridgeshire, finished second in the French Cambridgeshire (Handicap de la Tamise) over a straight nine furlongs at Maidson Laffitte today. Roc du Diable, carrying nine stone two pounds and ridden by Rae Johnstone, was beaten by a length by Maurice Remes' Mirela, a four year old carring seven stone ten pounds with Mas Tu Vu third. There were eleven runners.

Pari Mutuel returns for a ten franc stake were win 95 francs, place 31, 40 and 92 francs.

ENGLAND ROBBED OF A GOAL

England's road to Rio looked like the rocky road to Dublin at Goodison Park, Liverpool, recently when England's £200,000 team were beaten 2-0 by the Eire team. They were the first Irish team to beat England in twenty years. Photo above shows Mannion (England) robbed by Godwin (Eire goalkeeper) during their match at Goodison Park on Wednesday last.

Depleted G. I. P. Trounced

EXHIBITION FOOTBALL AT COOPERAGE

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sind Leather Works from Karachi trounced a depleted G.I.P. Railway team to the tune of six goals to nil this evening in an exhibition match at the Cooperage.

The visitors from Karachi took considerable time to settle down to the new ground conditions having previously played on hard baked grounds. This was indeed a novel experience for them and they were heard to remark after the game that if they could get a little bit more of practice they would put up a good show.

They are led by Reed a former professional who was on the books of Brentford in the first division of the English Football League. Though well past his best years, he is pretty old, he gave a grand display of trapping and accurate passing which was keenly watched by ardent soccer enthusiasts who were taken back to the war years where several of Britains top class soccer players gave splendid exhibitions of thrilling football.

The exchanges were fairly even in the first period with the local side having the better scoring chances, but they could not get past the opposing defenders with right back A. Bacharya playing a sound game.

In the second half the visitors found their feet and the G.I.P. who had only six regular players were confined to their own half. Reed opened their account from a pass by right flankman Shafi in the fifth minute. P. Nakooda lost a fine opportunity of equalising with the goalie out his position he shot wide. Kasim scored the second goal with a grand shot.

The G.I.P. wasted a fine chance of reducing the margin when they were awarded a penalty and Nakooda who took it shot wide. A. Balooch scored a fine hat--trick all the goals being a result of his opportunism. Shafi completed the tally of six goals a few minutes from the end.

THE TEAMS WERE AS FOLLOWS:—

SIND LEATHER WORKS: Ramzan; A. Bachaya and A. Rehman; Sidik, Hassan, and H. Balooch; Shafi Kassim, Reed, A. Balooch and Haroon.

G.I.P. Puthoo; T. D'Souza, and R. Almeida; K. Kamble, D Jones and Bhickoo, S James, P. Nakooda, J. Aguiar, Shiva and D'Cruz.

Referee: D. P. Puthran.

ST. XAVIER'S SHARE POINTS WITH CITY "A"

Soccer At Parel

BOMBAY, Monday.

Bombay City 'A' and St. Xavier's 'A' shared two points and four goals in the second meeting between the two teams in the Second Division of the Harwood League this evening.

In their previous meeting the City were leading by three goals to nil when the match was abandonded a few minutes before the end due to failing light.

Both teams took the field with nine men and continued playing so till the interval. The City did all the attacking in this period and scored two goals through Robertson who netted from a pass by H. Abraham in the third minute while Gasper added the second goal halfway through this period.

After the interval St. Xavier's fielded a full team and the exchanges rued even. With the College forwards giving a pathetic display. Two minutes after resumption C. Pereira reduced the margin when he tapped the ball into an empty goal after Valentine the City goalkeeper had made a futile attempt to intercept. A few minutes before the end T. Lefebour the College custodian brought off two brilliant saves of rasping shots.

H. V. M. CUP

Two matches were decided in the H.V.M. Cup tournament, Globe Sports 'E' trounced the junior string of St. Xavier's by seven goals to one. The goal scorers were Sakaram and Santaram two each, Gawarey, Lewis and Anthraj one each for Globe while A. Scoueira scored the solitary goal for the losers.

In the other game Blue Eagles prevailed over Burmah-Shell 'B' by a solitary goal scored by F. Aranjo.

DIVAR UNITED IN GOOD FORM

B. G. A. A. Championship

BOMBAY, Monday.

Divar Association United composed mostly of Goan Sports players, easily accounted for Aldona Sports Club by five goals to one in the Bombay Goan Athletic Association Championship at the Brabourne Stadium on Monday evening.

With a star forward line and a sound defence, Divar, did not find much opposition in Aldona, although the latter gave a heroic display when being overwhelmed time and again. Anthony Braganza and Fenelon Almeida gave a clever display and shared the honours of scoring among themselves, Braganza doing the hat-trick and Fenelon scoring two goals. Aldona's only goal was scored by Thomas de Souza, who incidentally with Tavares were the only impressive forwards in Aldona's team today.

Earlier in the Boy's Championship, Fatrade S.C. scored a deserving victory over St. Anthony's Club by two goals to nil D. Ferrao and L. Fernandes scored for Fatrade.

Wensley As Coach For Madras

MADRAS, Sept. 26 (PTI): A.F. Wensley, formerly of Sussex, who has been re-engaged as coach for the current season by the Madras Cricket Association, arrived in Madras last night by train from Bombay.

INTER-UNIVERSITY FOOTBALL

Changes In Programme

MADRAS, Sept 26 (PTI): The South Zone matches of the Inter-University Football Tournament, scheduled to commence today, will begin only from tomorrow as Utkal University, due to meet Osmania University today in the quarter-final tie, had not yet arrived in the city.

They are expected here tonight and their match against Osmania is fixed for tomorrow.

Of the eight teams that entered for this tournament in this Zone, Andhra and Annamalai had withdrawn, facilitating Travancore and Mysore, their respective opponents, to move into the semi-finals. Madras and Nagpur, the remaining contestants, meet each other tomorrow in another quarter final.

The Zonal final is fixed for October 1 and the All-India Final is expected to be played in Madras on October 4.

Ceylon Hockey Team's Tour Of Madras To Be Postponed

COLOMBO, Sept 26. (PTI): The Ceylon Hockey Association Committee will meet here on September 28 and it is believed, the Committee will decide to postpone the Association's tour of Madras to early in 1950

The Madras Hockey Association recently advised the Ceylon Hockey Association that owing to the heavy rains prevailing in Madras at this time of the year, it would be advisable to postpone their proposed tour.

Gandhi Memorial Cricket At Singapore

SINGAPORE, Sept. 25, (PTI): The two-day cricket match for the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Cup was won today by the Indian Association, Singapore, who beat R.A.F. Malaya, by ten wickets.

The scores were:

Indian Association 201 and 20 for no loss

R.A.F 80 and 137.

Two cups have been instituted last year to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi.

The match for the other Memorial Cup was drawn last month between the Indian Association and Singapore Cricket Club.

First Success For Elphinstone In Collegiate Swimming

THAKKAR'S BRILLIANT PERFORMANCE WINS HIM CHAMPIONSHIP

Miss Shirodkar Shares Honours With Miss Bharucha, But Shatters Two Meet Records

BOMBAY, Monday.

FOR the first time in its history the Elphinstone and Royal Institute of Science won the Inter-College Swimming Championship, when this afternoon at the Pransukhlal Mafatlal Hindu Swimming Baths they beat the holders, St. Xavier's College by 29 points to 25, and this in spite of their being disqualified in the relay race. To K. P. Thakkar went the honours of the evening for capturing the 400 metres free style race and the diving for men in a most spectacular manner. The women's championship was shared by Miss Sunita Shirodkar, who established two meet records and Miss Nargish Bharucha both of St. Xavier's College.

Swimming for the first time in his career the gruelling distance of 400 metres, K. P. Thakkar the youngest of the whole lot of competitors won the event in smashing style for the Elphinstone College to beat among others the Western India Champion in the same event and India's Olympic swimmer Isaac Mansoor. Mansoor had to be content to occupy the third place as Moti Bhatia also of Elphinstone came in second.

K. P. Thakkar.

There was quite a muddle created when the results of the diving for men were announced. D. Sopher who was supposed to have come fourth in the score of points lodged a protest that in reality he had stood third in the event, and N. W. Bhatia was wrongly given the place. He pointed out to the committee that in calculating the points for the dive, it had overlooked the question of the degree of difficulty. After a brief conference the mistake was rectified and Sopher was given his rightful third place. But this was not the end of that, for a little while later Sopher brought out that his points should add up to more than the announced points supposed to have been got by the second man, and that the committee had quite obviously overlooked the degree of difficulty in the case of Thakkar and Mansoor. After calculating the degree of difference the change in points was announced, and a number of points scored by the competitors immediately shot up from 95½ of Thakkar's to 162.45 in the case of Thakkar.

Thakkar's victory in this event was most praiseworthy for till the end of the five dives both Mansoor and he were level and Thakkar chose a full gainor for his last attempt and struck the judge's eye by his brilliant display. The judges gave him 6, 6½ and 6½, while Mansoor performed a back pike in a straight position and got for it 1, 1 and 0 for his last dive. This brought Thakkar the much-coveted trophy for the champion diver of the colleges in Bombay.

The men's individual championship was won by K. P. Thakkar, who by two wins and a second place in another event scored an aggregate of 13 points, while his nearest rival, A. Bharucha of St. Xavier's had won only two races the 200 metres breast stroke and 100 metres back stroke.

Among the women swimmers, Miss Sunita Shirodkar and Miss Nargesh Bharucha both of St. Xavier's tied for the championship with two wins each. While Miss Shirodkar established two new records in both the events she won, the 50 and 100 metres free style, Miss Bharucha proved much too good for her rivals in the 50 metres breast stroke and the 50 metres back stroke.

Miss Nargesh Bharucha.

Swimming with grace and freedom, Sunita shattered Anjani Diwan's record of 41.6 seconds in the 50 metres free style established last year, when the latter had won the individual championship of the colleges. Sunita's timing today was 39.7 seconds, and improvement of nearly two clear seconds.

With Sunita and Nargesh sharing the four events held for women equally and with the fifth event—diving for women—cancelled for lack of entries, the championship was shared by the two Xavier's girls with ten points each.

Very keen rivalry was evinced in the two relay races, and in the first one a 4 x 50 metres free style relay, the St. Xavier's team comprising of F. Shroff, J. Mobedji, A. Bharucha and A. Unwalla won the event in a thrilling finish from the Elphinstone team, who were subsequently disqualified because their star swimmer Joshi had touched the bar in the wall and not the wall itself. I have on very good authority that the sponsors of almost all the swimming meets allow the competitors to just touch the pipe-line along the inside of the pool wall. This unfortunate reversal did not deter the Elphinstone swimmer from putting in another magnificent performance in the medley relay, wherein they got the better of the Xavierites by a fraction of a second. K. P. Thakkar, M. B Bhatia and A. D. Joshi represented the winners.

The diving for women and the 1500 metres free style for men were cancelled, the former for lack of entries and the latter due to there being too many items on the final day.

Mr. Joachim Alva, the Sheriff of Bombay, presided and distributed the prizes.

The following were the results:—

100 Metres Free Style (Men)

I. Mansoor (G.M.C.) 1, D. Sopher (G.M.C.) 2, A. Unwalla (S.X.C.) 3. Time: 1 m. 8.6 s.

100 Metres Back Stroke (Men)

A. S. Bharucha (S.X.C.) 1, S. C. Mehta (Elph.) 2, V. I. Mehta (G.M.C.) 3 Time: 1 m. 24.5 s.

200 Metres Breast Stroke (Men)

A. S. Bharucha (S.X.C.) 1, K. P. Thakkar (Elph.) 2, J. H. Bharucha (Syd.) 3. Time: 3 m. 24.5 s.

400 Metres Free Style (Men)

K. P. Thakkar (Elph.) 1, M. N. Bhatia (Elph.) 2, I. Mansoor (G.M.C.) 3. Time: 6 m. 3 s.

Diving For Men

K. P. Thakkar (Elph.) 162.45 points, 1, I. Mansoor (G.M.C.) 132.92 points, 2, D. Sopher (G.M.C.) 85 points 3.

50 Metres Breast Stroke (Women)

Miss N. Bharucha (Jai H.) 1, Miss R. Mistry (S.X.C.) 2, Miss P. Assar (Wil.) 3. Time: 48.9 s.

50 Metres Back Stroke (Women)

Miss N. Bharucha (Jai H.) 1, Miss L. Wadia (Jai H.) 2, Miss M. Sarosh (S.X.C.) 3. Time: 46 s.

50 Metres Free Style (Women)

Miss S. Shirodkar (S.X.C.) 1, Miss L. Wadia (Jai H.) 2, Miss P. Assar (Wil.) 3. Time: 39.7 s. (New Meet Record).

100 Metres Free Style (Women)

Miss S. Shirodkar (S.X.C.) 1, Miss L. Wadia (Jai H.) 2. Time: 1 m. 36 s. (New Meet Record).

Free Style Relay (Men)

St. Xavier's 1, Sydenham 2, Seth G. S. Medical 3. Time: 2 m. 7.7 s.

Medley Relay (Men)

Elphinstone & R.I.Sc. 1, St. Xavier's 2, Sydenham 3. Time: 1m. 48.2 s.

Inter-College Championship:

Elphinstone & R.I. Sc. 29 points 1, St. Xavier's 25 points, 2.

Individual Championship

MEN: K. P. Thakkar (Elph.) 13 points 1.

A. S. Bharucha (S.X.C.) 10 points 2.

WOMEN: Miss S. Shirodkar (S.X.C.) and Miss N. Bharucha (S.X.C.) both tied for the first place with 10 points each.

Aly Khan Pays £ 14,500 For Nearco Colt

NEW MARKET, Sept. 26, (PTI-Reuter) Prince Aly Khan flew from France to pay top price at the Newmarket Yearling Sales today when he gave 14,500 guineas for a grey colt by Nearco out of Infra Red.

This yearling, who was owned by the late Lord Portal, will run in the colours of the Aga Khan, and will be trained by Frank Butters.

Five of Lord Portal's yearlings realised 32,300 guineas. His horses in training were sold in July, and the aggregate received for his bloodstock so far is 104, 150 guineas.

Holder Beaten Easily In U. S. Women's Golf

LANDOVER (Maryland) Sept 26 PTI-Reuter): Miss Louise Suggs won the United States Women's Open Golf Championship here with a seventy-two holes aggregate of 219. She finished fourteen strokes ahead of her nearest rival Mrs. Babe Didrikson Zahrias, the defending champion. Both are professionals.

Miss Carol Diringer was best among the amateurs finishing third with 306.

"News Of The World" Professional Snooker

LONDON, Sept 26 (PTI-Reuter): The £1,500 (News of the World) Professional Snooker Tournament entered on its second week at Leicester Square Hall today when Alec Brown, London who beat John Sarrie, Wisbech, on Saturday, started his three day qualifying match against Stanbury, Canada, at the interval Brown and Stanbury were level with three each.

Scores were: (Brown first) 60—39; 52—50: 3—171: 79—14 47—62: 32—87.

Mills Likely To Fight Joey Maxim In New York

LONDON, Sept. 26 (PTI-Reuter): Freddie Mills, British holder of the world light-heavyweight championship, may defend his title against Joey Maxim of the United States in New York.

A cable, followed by an air mail letter has been sent on be half of the British Boxer to the Madison Square Garden Authorities in New York, outlining certain conditions and if they are acceptable Ted Broadribb, Mills's Manager, will fly to America to discuss details.

It is possible that Mills' future ring career may lie in America, according to Mr. Broadribb today who added jocularly "Sir Stafford Cripps has got a prepater.

The Bombay Chronicle

No human being, and no society of human beings, ever did, or ever will, come to much, unless their conduct was governed and guided by the love of some ethical ideal.

—T. H. HUXLEY.

COMMISSION'S DEFENCE

The statement of the United Nations Commission on Kashmir as published in the press is far from complete. It slurs over several vital points and in no way attempts to answer the grave charge levelled against it of having presented two different attitudes to the two Governments. On the question of the "Azad Kashmir forces", its attitude was particularly equivocal. In one of its earnest statements, the Commission declared that the "Azad Kashmir" manifestation—for want of a better word—could not be described as a "government" but it could be called a political movement and a military rising. Pakistan's own admissions have shown how much of either political or military initiative has been shown by the "Azad Kashmir" raiders. The collapse of the political effort brought out the complicity of Pakistan and the collapse of the military action or raiders' depredations brought out the overall control exercised by the Pakistan Army. The disbanding and disarmament of the "Azad Kashmir" set-up, therefore, is something that must precede the withdrawal of the bulk of Indian forces, not the holding of the plebiscite as the Commission seems to make out. In fact, though this is more correct in describing India's attitude so far, we would urge that in future the insistence should be on the withdrawal of all Pakistan and Pakistan-instigated forces and the complete disbandment of the "Azad forces" before any resumption of discussions is agreed to by India. There is no use trying to win over the United Nations by concessions to the aggressor and the Indian Government has done well in calling a halt to the strategy of appeasement which the Commission had tried to get into working position here.

Meanwhile the National Conference at Srinagar has given a clear lead. It asks India to withdraw the Kashmir issue from the United Nations, to implement the accession and make it complete and to cease to pursue peaceful ways of winning over Pakistan and the Security Council. It is a voice which may wisely be heeded in the West where there seems little realisation of the strength of feeling in Kashmir itself on this point. It is not a question of "trying to jump the plebiscite" as even a newspaper like the "Manchester Guardian" misrepresents. It is a plain matter of not allowing the decision to leave the accession decision tentative until the Kashmir people ratify it freely, to be perverted into a reversal of the decision. India has allowed that the Kashmir people can upset the accession decision. That is no reason for demanding that another nation should be left unrestricted in its manoeuvres to force the Kashmir people to undo the accession. All the lengthy explanations of the United Nations Commission cannot succeed in perverting this position. The fact that the Commission should have felt called upon to offer an explanation, is to be welcomed but not the explanation that it has been moved to offer. At any rate, now that the General Assembly will have to consider the entire question from all angles, the Commission's contribution to the prestige of the United Nations can be also gone into. Whatever way one looks at it, it cannot be denied that the Commission came out amidst high expectations and is going back under a sense of failure, so deep that even its members cannot shut their eyes to it. And it cannot be denied too that for this the Commission has only itself to blame. In so far as it lay with India and the Indian Government, everything that could be done consistently with her own position has been done to help the Commission and to advance the U.N. peace effort. But no organisation can be helped beyond its own strength. The United Nations might usefully look into the working of the Kashmir Commission with a view to correcting for the future the obvious errors into which too great a desire for glossing over differences led the Commissioners—a desire which put into the background the larger question of achieving a stable and durable peace.

The Only Defence

The announcement of atomic explosion in the Soviet Union has shocked the Western World. This is natural and it was expected. But what is interesting about these reactions is the orgy of nervous pessimism which has been released. The explosion has shocked the prospective victims into discovering further and more exaggerated dangers. The Sovet Union has not only found the atom bomb. It has also made the V-2 rockets. But that has long been taken for granted. What is now being insisted upon is that the Russians have partially completed a ring of super-secret V-2 rocket launching bases aimed at strategic industries in Wesern Europe from the English channel to the Adriatic. The Soviet Union has further added to the jittery confusion by a very cleverly worded announcement which, without any positive assertion, allows the interpretation that it already possess a pile of the bombs. All this lends justification to the statement of Dr. Harold Curey, the famous scientist and discoverer of 'heavy water' that Western Europe now "is at the mercy of Russia".

Similarly, in fact, is every country within reach of Soviet atomic rockets and heavy bombers. The alarm raised may partly be inspired by an urgent desire to get the United States equip Western Europe with atom bombs and other counter measures. This naturally the U.S. will do now. The policy of stocking the bombs only in the U.S.—and, we expect, the policy also of maintaining monopoly over its production—will now have to be completely changed. But what has actually happened does not mean that Western Europe can be destroyed overnight.

Dr. Curey's statement is a warning of the inevitable—and that too at no distant future though not tomorrow. The Soviet Union has not, we believe, started producing the bomb in any significant quantity yet. It is also still inferior to the United States in the air, possessing bombers of comparatively limited range. But the point is that with both sides now possessing every weapon of destruction, there are now only two alternatives before them and before this unfortunate world: an armament race leading to a world devastating war, or an understanding that decisively rules out war and atomic weapons. A compromise between the U.S. and the U.S.S.R. and their respective view points is possible, but it is possible and it can be lasting only if both sides make up their minds that ideological differences need not lead to international conflict and clash but that they all can live in peace in this world. The only defence against atom bombs for any country or camp is political understanding.

The Show Must Go On

Every one, including the Government and the B.E.S.T. took for granted that it was impossible to move from Matunga, Mahim or Dadar to the Fort area on Thursday, the day of record rains. It was difficult but not impossible. A few truck drivers reaped a rich harvest by carrying a thin stream of people whose business could not wait, to the Fort and back. These old army trucks were driven by a circuitous route via Sewri, Dockyard, Chinch Bundar, Masjid Bundar and then to Crawford Market. If these men could keep the communication lines open why could not the B.E.S.T. do the same? The Government could have run a fleet of military trucks to keep the life-line open. Adopting a slogan from the circus world, the authorities must realise that the "show must go on", whether sunshine or rain. Letting the business and administration work get paralysed because Nature frowns for a few hours is an admission of pathetic helplessness. Last Thursday was an exception, but practically one day every year the communications are dislocated as soon as there is slightly more rain than usual. Trains come to a standstill, trams and buses refuse to move out, and time and money are lost just because the communications are not maintained. Should not the Government and the B.E.S.T. have a "master plan" for these emergencies, which can be put into operation at the first sign of dislocation of normal communications The military is bound to co-operate by putting their heavy trucks at the disposal of the civil authorities.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

JOHANNESBURG, September 25: About 250 Africans hurled stones at the police here last night in a renewed outbreak over the native boycott of municipal trams in which whites and non-whites are segregated. Two policemen were injured. Reinforcements were called and the stone hurlers were dispersed.

—P.T.I.-Reuter.

★ ★ ★

In its explanatory-cum-parting statement, the U. N. Kashmir Commission says: "Throughout its negotiations the Commission has always been consistent in its policy....".

There we agree with the Commission. In fact, the Commission has stirred our memory. We mean to say, was it not Mr. Winston Churchill who said of Neville Chamberlain's policy:

"If at first you don't appease,
Try try, try, again"?

★ ★ ★

"The Commission", furthermore, "reaffirms its belief that a peaceful solution of the present situation in Kashmir will be reached.....".

A la, Czechoslovakia?

★ ★ ★

FLUSHING MEADOWS: With the Foreign Ministers of the Big Five and of other Western nations present among them, the topmost diplomats of 59 nations present here have represented a unique concentration of the world's political wisdom...."—PTI-Reuter.

And what a unique concentration, what a world!

★ ★ ★

LANGUAGE IN PAKISTAN

—Press Headline.

Yet brother, it isn't exactly what it should be.

★ ★ ★

According to people astrologically inclined, it is significant that the torrential rains should have poured on the 22nd. They point out that the cyclone also broke out on a 22nd. They put the blame on the Fatal Four—for 22 added astrologically makes up 4.

We are reminded of the story of four friends who met after four years on the fourth of April just when the fourth race was about to start. Struck by the coincidence of the number they backed horse No. 4, which, to keep up the show finished fourth.

* * *

One of the views widely expressed in Moscow is that now the Soviet Union in conjunction with other peace-loving nations, would be able to carry out its policy, "undeterred by trans-ocean atomists" who wished to plunge the world into a new war.

With all the epithets etc. transferred too, this view, we are afraid, is correct

★ ★ ★

Apropos of the Atomic Energy Commission deadlock, it is explained that "the U.S. plan is based on unfettered international inspection. The Soviet demand is far 'unconditional prohibition of atomic weapons, rigid international control and destruction of existing atomic bombs,' "

CONGRESSMEN AND THE CRISIS

By Our Correspondent

NEW DELHI.

Are Congressmen interested in the Economic and financial stability of India is one question being discussed here these days. The test of the pudding is in the eating. Congressmen have a glorious history of sacrifices to their record, but history is neither policy nor economics. Congressmen have professed that their country is above self and party.

The whole issue of the Central finances and the present economic situation should be judged by this single claim.

"When British left India, this country had Rs. 1,600 crores worth of sterling balances, 400 crores lying to India's credit in the Reserve Bank, a comfortable balance in India's foreign trade, a good budget and a flourishing money market. Today the sterling balances have been reduced to nearby half with much smaller value if the Cash Balances have reached the vanishing point, the Budget is in a bad way and the investment market is wiped out."

This is not me but Seth Ghanshamdas Birla, who in a recent statement appealed for very hard work, ruthless curtailment in Government budget and all other unproductive expenditures, a vigorous push in production, reduced cost of production.

EXPENDITURE FIGURES

The total expenditure of the Central Government for United India stood at Rs. 85.15 crores, including Rs. 38.97 crores on Civil expenditure in 1938/39. In March 1949 it stood at Rs. 322.53 crores, including Rs. 165.16 crores on Civil expenditure for the Divided India. On one side, India had lost one-third of the territory on August 15, 1947. On the other side the expenditure of the Central Government in eleven years had increased by 237.38 crores and that on Civil side by Rs. 126.19 crores. The Budget Expenditure of eleven Provinces in 1938/39 was Rs. 85.76 crores. The Budget expenditure of Nine Provinces in 1949/50 is Rs. 275.76 crores, or an increase by Rs. 190 crores. The United India paid Rs. 160.91 crores for its administration in 1938/39. In 1949/50 the divided India paid Rs. 598.29, or an increase of Rs. 437.38 crores; after it had been relieved of the expenditure on Frontier Provinces, Tribal territory, Baluchistan and strategic Railways. According to the Eastern Economist, the State took away 15.5 per cent of the national income or nearby 2 annas six pies in every rupee. India's per capita income is placed at Rs. 143. The State, on that basis took away nearby Rs. 22/5/6 from every individual.

Since March last, the Central Expenditure has further mounted up, turning the small surplus of Rs. 49 lakhs into a deficit of Rs. 49 crores at least on the revenue account and of Rs. 55 crores in capital account. India's adverse balance of payment on March 31, 1949, amounted to Rs. 122.5 crores. Unlike the British, whose loans were ever over-subscribed, the Government has lost credit and has not been able to float a loan for the last two years. This is the rough and ready Balance-sheet of the Congress Rule since August 15, 1947.

The line of Congressmen, now in office shall be judged by whether they bring happiness or terror in the end. How do they look to the situation today to meet the financial avalanche, which is threatening to engulf this country. The Labour Ministry thinks in terms of Employment Exchanges and has, apparently secured a victory by the announcement of the Prime Minister that they would never be abolished. Simultaneously with this announcement, the Indian News Chronicle", urging an enquiry into the working of the Exchanges, charged them with wasteful expenditure and favouritism. The Works Minister is disturbed that he is not being permitted to create a new heaven and earth in India with his River Development Schemes estimated to cost only Rs. 1,279 crores to begin with. The Education Minister would solve India's problem by advancement of culture, arts, dancing, music, and paintings. Lord Buddha some three thousand years ago observed that one could not expect standards of morality from an underfed men. The Industry Minister has risked his reputation on purchasing the Vizagapatam ship building yard at an initial cost of Rs. six crores. This toy would cost about fifty crores in expansion and many burden the tax-payer with an annual loss of Rs. one crore. Dr. Mukarji has other schemes of two steel plants, one Heavy Electrical plant manufacture, one machine tool plant, one Tractor manufacture plant, one Diesel Engine Factory, one Wireless transmitter plant and one Penicillin, Sulpha Drug factory. The Food, Agriculture Minister would like to drain out India's financial resources on food production and food imports, both increasing simultaneously at equal velocity.

This attitude was typified in a cartoon in a local daily during the week in which the demon of Economic crisis is being offered a gold tipped state express cigarette. Yes, my candle burns at both the ends and it may not last the night, but while it burns, what a bright light it gives.

THE WELFARE STATE

The development Budget for ushering the welfare state amounted to Rs. 12.98 lakhs in revenue and Rs. 60,26 lakhs in capital. Here are the details:

Ministry of Health	Rs. 125 lakhs.
Ministry of Home	Rs. 18 lakhs.
Ministry of Labour	Rs. 164 lakhs.
Ministry of Commerce	Rs. 403 lakhs.
Ministry of Information	Rs. 139 lakhs.
Ministry of Industry & Supply	Rs. 711 lakhs.
Ministry of Transport	Rs. 700 lakhs.
Foreign Office	Rs. 56 lakhs.
Ministry of Works	Rs. 450 lakhs.
Ministry of Communication	Rs. 900 lakhs.
Ministry of Agriculture	Rs. 160 lakhs.
Ministry of States	Rs. 26 lakhs.
Ministry of Education	Rs. 175 lakhs.
Ministry of Railways	Rs. 97 lakhs.
Ministry of Finance	Rs. 75 lakhs.

The Prime Minister wisely said during the week that this welfare state was an ideal. He had said earlier in Madras that India was nearby at War and should postpone all avoidable expenditure. His colleagues, as would be seen from above, paid no heed to his working.

Is the line of Congress Rulers a line of good or evil men would be

(Continued on Page 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Culture Confusion

One of the things on which the intellectual world has never been able to reach a unanimous conclusion is the definition of "culture." To different people, it has meant different things, and Premier Kher by promising to safeguard the language and culture of the minorities, has added to the general confusion. A religious minority, at least in India, does not have a separate language. The Moplahs of Malabar only speak Malayalam while many South Indian Muslims who hastily opted for Pakistan which Mr. Jinnah wangled on the theory that Muslims had a separate culture which needed a separate state for its fulfilment, returned to where they belonged, sadder but wiser for the trip. Accustomed as they were to a rice diet and the Tamil language, they could not assimilate the more robust characteristics of the Northerner—his chappati and Urdu. Mr. Kher, very rightly, pointed out that separate schools were not required for the intellectual, moral and physical development of pupils. Culture, one feels, is largely a matter of such development, and if students, irrespective of race or religion, are to go through a common school, they will inherit a common cultural outlook. But Premier Kher seems to feel that Muslims have a separate "culture", and it is Government's duty to 'safeguard" it. How he will be able to do it is difficult to see, unless the Government goes back on its healthy policy of decommunalising educational institutions. It is needless to point out the dangers of such a step.

Russia's Atom Bomb

The news that Russia too has the atom bomb has come as a shock to Americans. They are right in thinking that this fact has taken the wind out of the North Atlantic Alliance to which the signatories agreed all the more easily because they had in the atom bombs exclusively possessed by America an insurance against Russian aggression. It speaks volumes for the credulity of the Western Diplomats that they should have taken the Russian decision to lift the Berlin blockade as a sign of Russia's fear of the West. The fact that Russia took such a decision, even though she too possessed the atom bomb, must set the Western world speculating again. There are some who hold the view that now since both countries possess the bomb, they might be reluctant to use it. It is argued that the fear of retaliation kept ooth contestants away from gas-warfare in the last holocaust while Mussolini had no scruples when he unleashed poison-bombs from the air on the unarmed Ethiopians. On the other hand, Nobel when he invented dynamite, the most destructive weapon known to man uptil then, sincerely believed that its very destructiveness would end all wars. But see where it has landed the world!

Muslims' Appeal To Pakistan

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's conciliatory speeches during his East Punjab tour, his assurances to Pakistan and his invitation to that country to reciprocate his gesture has, we are glad to notice, been taken up by some important Muslim public men of Northern India. Four of them, welcoming Pandit Nehru's "befriending gesture" have appealed to Pakistan "to make a fitting response" to it. As they say, the course outlined by India's Prime Minister "provides the best opportunity for straightening out the many difficult problems awaiting solution that stand in the way of good will and amity between the two States so necessary for their consolidation and advancement." India has made the gesture. Pakistan's response has yet to come.

Buyers' Strike

It was very easy for the Prime Minister to say that citizens should not pay the increased prices of commodities, if dealers should charge them on the excuse of devaluation. It is a counsel of perfection. The office-clerk, to whom, as the advertisements never tire of pointing out, a clean-shaven chin is not a luxury but a grim necessity if he is to be in the good books of the 'boss', is no doubt a patriotic individual eager to bring the black-marketer to book, but he is helpless in this matter. He goes out to buy a packet of blades and finds that overnight the price has gone up by forty per cent. He is in no mood to heed the excellent advice of the Prime Minister, but plunges in for the blades with a curse on his lips for the dealer in the first place and, secondarily for the Government, which he feels in a vague sort of way is responsible for this profiteering. But that is not the end of the tragic tale. Other things —and these have not been coming from the dollar area—too have gone underground, and the latest commodity which is becoming more and more scarce is sugar. We have assurances in plenty that the Government is doing everything in its power to ensure an adequate supply. But what the citizen wants are not assurances, but sugar and he is not interested in the high level controversy between the Government of the United Provinces and that of India. Our Government seems to feel that waiting in queues before ration shops or at bus stands is too insignificant a matter to merit their attention But it is the small irksome things that sway the voter on polling-day. And one feels that even the Congress with all its glorious achievements, must have an eye on the ballot box.

International Complex

News agencies have a tendency to play up in the country to which they supply the news anything pertaining to that country in the other parts of the world. The news that Sir B. N. Rau is seeking to work out a compromise proposal for the international control of the Atom Bomb has, perhaps, received wider publicity in India than elsewhere. It is pertinent to ask whether he will not make India the laughing-stock of the world if his proposal fails to materialise. After all, our experience and record at the U. N. has not been a happy one and the resolution of the Kashmir Political Conference urging the withdrawal of India's complaint about Kashmir to the U. N. is a measure of a harrassed people's disgust at the ways of that international body. We pleaded the cause of the oppressed in South Africa with great eloquence and justice, but what has been the result? Dr. Malan's Government has passed more humiliating laws and has quitely amalgamated South-west Africa, effectively silencing the demand of India. Why knock at the doors of the U. N. again? And that too, when the effort is foredoomed to failure? If Sir B. N. Rau thinks that the differences between the East and the West can be settled by legalistic gymnastics he is vastly mistaken. And internatianal agreements even when drafted by experts like Sir. B. N. Rau will be thrown away as scraps of paper the moment they have outlived their utility.

History Of U.S. Atomic Bomb

WASHINGTON Sept. 26—Evidence of an atomic explosion in the Soviet Union within recent weeks recalls the exploding of the first experimental atomic bomb by U. S. scientists at Los Alamos, New Mexico, on July 16, 1945.

In the more than four years which have followed this historic event the United States has improved the design of its atomic weapons and the efficiency of its production to a point which makes the original bomb almost obsolete by comparison, in the opinion of experts. They point out that years of painstaking effort and the enormous resources of the United States were necessary to provide the technical advances and the vast installations which the country has achieved.

FIRST TESTS

The history of post-war American bomb development begins with the first tests at Bikini Atoll in July 1946 less than a year after the bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki had put an end to the Japanese war. These tests, in the opinion of the evaluation board appointed by the Joint Chiefs of Staff, proved conclusively that the bombs of that date were already capable of creating "terrible havoc" over water as well as over land areas. Dr. Karl T. Compton chairman of the board, reported that two atomic bombs did more damage to ships than any weapon in history.

However, after the establishment of the Eniwetok proving grounds, advances in design and power of U.S. atomic weapons began to take shape. In July 1948 President Truman said that recent tests at Eniwetok "demonstrated beyond any question that our position in the field of a atomic weapons has been substantially improved." The President added that, while the United States was not giving up hope of achieving international control and eventual elimination of the atomic bomb, it would continue to exert every effort to maintain a leading position in the atomic field.

That these efforts have led to major advances in the U.S. development programme was indicated in February 1949 when the U. S. Atomic Energy Commission reported that it was then producing a super-type bomb, far more powerful than those used either against Japan or in the Bikini tests. Referring to its three principal objectives—production of fissionable materials, manufacture of weapon components and development of new designs of weapons—the AEC said: "Important advances have been made in all these fields in 1948."

The commission indicated that at the close of 1948 there were 1,270 atomic energy installations in 41 states Canada and the Marshall Islands. It had cut down the cost of producing fissionable material and had increased the rate of extraction from the raw material. Total cost of U. S. atomic research up to that time was estimated at dol. 3.500 million.

ON INDUSTRIAL BASIS

More recently in its sixth semi-annual report, the commission disclosed further that its new and more effective atomic weapons—proof tests of which were held at Eniwetok —were now being produced on an "industrial basis". It also revealed that uranium and plutonium for bombs and other atomic energy uses were being turned out in greater quantities than ever before.

Regarding the supply of these materials AEC said that nation-wide explorations carried on in co-operation with the U. S. Geological Survey "had revealed enormous tonnages of very low-grade (uranium) materials. They cost more to process but they could be utilized in the future to sustain an atomic energy programme for military purposes should lower-cost uranium cease to be available."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Devaluation

Several, perhaps many, articles have appeared in the press on the above subject from which the people of India are prone to infer that devaluation will not adversely affect them. Pandit Nehru in his broadcast through the A.I.R. categorically stated that there is no need to apprehend a rise in cost of living as a result of devaluation of the rupee in relation to the dollar and gave a stern warning to the trading community that profiteering would be checked with an iron hand and appealed to the people to refuse to pay anything more than what they have been paying hitherto. Subsequently during the course of his address at the Fourth Anniversary Celebration of the National Employment Services he even evinced a sense of 'restrained optimism' that devaluation might be beneficial to India. I wish Pandit Nehru's warning had the desired effect on the business community, but unfortunately the common man finds from practical experience that it had not. There has been an all-round increase in prices of goods irrespective of whether they are imported from Sterling or Dollar area.

I entirely agree with the Prime Minister's statement that there is no justification for any rise in the prices of commodities as most of the goods are imported from Sterling area and devaluation should not affect goods imported from that area. Prices of goods imported from Dollar area might go up slightly and that too is not in the immediate future, but the business community, whose inborn nature is profiteering, have rightly taken advantage of the situation in spite of the necessary steps which are reported to have been taken and are being taken by the Government to maintain the pre-devaluation price level.

Will the authorities, therefore, look into this matter thoroughly and take whatever steps necessary to check any increase in price-level.

The Prime Minister's apoeal to the public not to pay an increased rate cannot be followed literally as there are certain inevitables in life when his appeal will simply be over looked. I suggest that people should report to the authorities concerned immediately they find a dealer charging an increased rate and they, in turn, should take the dealer to task. This, I think, will helo Government a long way in their drive to check the rise in costs.

N. A. K. RAMAN

Waste Of Transmitters

I wonder why a good amount of precious tax money should be spent on providing Radio stations with more and more transmitters when they are not making proper use of them. With increase in the number of transmitters the listeners had expected greater variety and wider appeal in the programmes. But these are not as yet forthcoming from the Bombay station of A.I.R.

Every day for about two hours (sometimes more) the same programme is being broadcast on all the transmitters of Bombay radio. Why don't they utilise one pair of these transmitters to give some service to those listeners who had been neglected so long. Often the English talks are thrust on the listeners by broadcasting them on all the transmitters. Even if a person doesn't know English or is in no mood to listen to a talk he HAS to listen to it. If the Programme officers had concern for all classes of listeners they should have provided some alternative music programme on one set of the four transmitters while these talks are in progress

— S. RAMAKRISHNAN.

OPEN AIR

Nearly every single flower has its definite number of floral parts and it is impossible to imagine, for example, a violet or a hibiscus with more or less than five petals or a lily that has not got six perianth leaves. Sometimes however, we come across freak flowers, in which, for some unknown reason, the number of petals varies from the usual number. The Zephranthes or Thunder Lily, belonging to the Amaryllidacea family has normally six petal-like perianth leaves and six stamens and its stigma is divided into three parts. This six-six - three - arrangement is common to all the members of the Amaryllis family and yet this year I have found that many of my thunder lilies, particularly the pink ones, have opened out very differently. This morning, for example, I found a pink Thunder Lily flower with eight perianth leaves growing in two rows of of four each, nine stamens and a four-parted stigma. This freak formation naturally gave the flower a very different appearance from other flowers of the same type. The pomelo tree is also rather erratic as far as its flowers are concerned, for while most of the flowers have five petals, it is possible to find some in the same cluster with three, four or even six petals, which is most confusing for the budding botanist!

THUNDER LILY.

..D. R.

FLOOD HAVOC IN SHOLAPUR AND BIJAPUR DISTRICTS

Considerable Loss To Property

KHER'S STATEMENT IN ASSEMBLY

POONA, Sept. 26, (PTI): **THE BOMBAY Premier Mr. B. G. Kher stated in the Provincial Assembly today that considerable damage to property had been caused in the districts of Sholapur and Bijapur by the unusually heavy rains last week.**

A number of houses in these districts had collapsed and several hundreds of people were rendered homeless he added.

In Bijapur District, the Premier said, the villages to suffer most were those lying along the banks of the Bhima river and, in the village of Padnur, people were forced to collect on the high ground and were left marooned for several hours.

Mr. Kher said the damage to crops in the Province was not expected to be serious but detailed reports were awaited.

RELIEF PLANS

Relief measures had already been started in the two affected districts. Free grains and clothing were being supplied to the needy and those rendered homeless were being temporarily housed in temples dharmarshalas and schools. Arrangements were also being made to dispatch corrugated iron sheets to erect temporary housing structures and in the district of Sholapur the collector had taken over all the available corrugated sheets to be utilised in the affected talukas of Sholapur, Akalkot and Sangola.

BANKING COMPANIES

Banking companies in Bombay will be excluded from the purview of the Bombay Industrial Relations Act in view of the Central Ordinance which has placed all industrial disputes of banks having branches in more than one province in the central sphere. A bill to give effect to this proposal as moved in the Bombay Legislative Assembly today by the Labour Minister, Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda.

Mr. Nanda said that the operation of the Central Ordinance had made the provincial Act so far as banks were concerned a redundant one except so far as such cases as had already been gone over by courts. Provision had been made in the Bill to complete that work and, in future disputes concerning banking companies will come under the purview of the Central Ordinance.

Mr. Nanada said opportunity had also been taken to remove the lacuna found in the working of the Industrial Relations Act.

APPEARANCE OF LAWYERS

A provision in the Bill bans the appearance of a lawyer in the Labour court save with the permission of the court. This provision was being made Mr. Nanda said, to give effect to certain demands made by representatives of Labour who had stated that cases before Labour courts were unnecessarily delayed because of the appearance of lawyers. It was now hoped that such cases would be decided speedily as a result of the new provisions.

The Bill also makes a stoppage or closure of industry illegal if it is undertaken with the object of compelling the Central Government to take a particular course of action. The original Act made a provision in this respect so far as only the provincial Government was concerned.

Another important amendment embodied in the Bill is as regards an "illegal change". The Industrial Relations Act permitted employees to file an application in the Labour court for declaration about illegality of change within a period of three months since the change was made. Labour courts were now being empowered to entertain such applications even after this period in justifiable cases with a view to putting a stop to such changes.

The Socialist member Mr. Peter Alvares representing Railway Labour took strong exception to the amendments as proposed except the one relating to banking companies.

RIGHT OF BARGAINING

He criticised the Labour policy of the Government and the Industrial Relations Act as destroying the very spirit of trade unionism and weakening the collective bargaining power of Labour.

Mr. Alvares suggested that lawyers should be permitted to appear before Labour courts if a trade union thought his assistance necessary.

LABOUR'S RIGHTS

Mr. Yusuf Meherally desired that the other unions besides the representative union should have the right to make representation on behalf of Labour. No doubt he said it was the aspiration of all trade unionists to have a single union for each industry but in practice the formation of such a union had been found impossible even in countries where the trade union movement had considerably advanced.

In India, where the working class movement was divided it would be wrong to give the right of bargaining only to one union.

Earlier the House passed the bill to amend the Bombay Primary Education Act which was moved on Saturday by the Premier Mr. B. G. Kher.

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
General Motors dol. 62.
United States Steel Common unquoted.
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

NEWS BRIEFS

RESOLUTION PASSED

The all-Jammu and Kashmir National Conference at its open session on Monday passed a resolution expressing "profound admiration for the spirit with which the soldiers and officers of the Indian Army and Air Force have distinguished themselves in the Kashmir battle."

CORRESPONDENT WOUNDED

James Taylor, Reuter's and Australian Associated Press Staff Correspondent on Monday escaped with a flesh wound in the left hand when an unidentified gunman fired through the windscreen of his car in the suburbs of Bangkok. The attack followed an anonymous telephone call threatening him if he did not stop investigating an alleged Bangkok Chinese arms smuggling plot.

EAST-WEST BENGAL CONFERENCE

The twelfth conference of the Chief Secretaries of East and West Bengal since the Inter-Dominion Conference last year, commenced in Darjeeling on Monday.

FINANCIAL INTEGRATION

Mr. T. K. Narayana Pillai, Premier of the Cochin-Travancore Union said on Monday night that the States Finances Integration Committee would meet for the last time at Delhi on September 28 to finalise the integration proposals.

WATER ASSURED

The Bihar Public Health Engineering Department have undertaken to supply 12,000,000 gallons of water per day to the Sindri fertilizer factory, the biggest plant of its kind in Asia, it is reliably learnt.

BOOK FORFEITED

The West Bengal Government have forfeited all copies of the book in English entitled "Written statesment of Nathuram Vinayak Godse" purported to be published by "Manab. S" under the West Bengal Security Ordinance, 1949.

TOWN REOCCUPIED

Burmese Government forces have reoccupied Thongwa, important stronghold about 20 miles east of Rangoon, Monday night's military communique reported.

Meetings Banned In E. Punjab

JULLUNDER, Sept. 25 (PTI): The East Punjab Government have banned holding of meetings other than religious within half a mile radius of the Rehabilitation Secretariat at Jullundur.

Mr. R. N. Kashyap, Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur told PTI that the ban was intended to prevent the holding of meetings by the "so called" Allotment Reforms Committee. The Committee, he added, had planned to use loud speakers and thereby interrupt the work in the Secretariat.

Processions have already been banned.

Foster Understanding By Bettering Health

W.H.O. REGIONAL CHIEF'S HOPE

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26, (PTI): **MR. S. W. R. D. BANDARANAIKE, Ceylon's Health Minister, said here today that he was convinced that the World Health Organisation, which was "completely non-political", would prove to be "a most potent weapon" for the fostering of mutual understanding and close co-operation among the nations of the world, "so essential for the achievement of world peace."**

Mr. Bandaranaike was addressing the second meeting of the Regional Committee for South-East Asia of the W.H.O. which earlier had elected him unanimously as Chairman and Dr. S. Vasti Daengsvang of Thailand as Vice-Chairman.

Delegates from Afghanistan, Burma, Ceylon, India, France, Portugal and Thailand were present at the conference. India's Health Minister and outgoing chairman could not be present as she was away at Srinagar.

Pakistan is not a member of the Committee.

Mr. Bandaranaike, recalled that it was Rajkumari Amrit Kaur who at the first meeting of the W.H.O. had suggested the setting up of Regional Committees. "We all owe a deep debt of gratitude to India and Rajkumari Amrit Kaur" he said.

Mr. Bandaranaike expressed gratification at the declared realisation on the part of the mother organisation about the important part which regional organisations should play and said that in view of the size, population and urgency of health problems facing the South-East Asia region, it should have "more adequate representation" on the executive board of the W.H.O.

He said the W.H.O. was performing very good service in promoting the health of the world. Health was really co-existent with human progress, happiness and contentment.

POOLING RESOURCES

Dr. Martha Eliot, Assistant Director-General of the W.H.O. addressing the conference emphasised the role of the regional organisations and said their great value lay in bringing together the nations and pooling of local information and talent.

Dr. A. Lakshmanaswamy Mudaliar, Chairman of the Executive Board of the W.H.O. addressing the conference referred to the "non-Political nature of the organisation "and said it was in consequence of that that W.H.O. could count as its members more countries than even the U. N. the principal body.

He said the most effective method of promoting the health of one country was in promoting the health of the world at large. Individual countries could no longer look to their individual needs alone, but had to look to the needs of the surrounding countries.

The conference then settled down to the consideration of the agenda which includes the review of the work so far done and recommendations for next year's activities in the region.

New Vice-Chancellor Of Calcutta 'Varsity

CALCUTTA, Sept. 26, (U P. I.) Shri Charu Chandra Biswas has been appointed Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University.

The acceptance of the resignation of Dr. P. N. Banerjee was announced on Saturday.

Towards Real Democracy

SANGLI, Sept. 26, (P. T. I.): Mr Shankarrao Deo, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee told a public meeting here last night that Congress wanted to do away with the disparity of income by peaceful non-violent methods in establishing a real democracy in the country.

MADRAS BAN ON REDS

(Continued from Page 1)

are "underground" and arrest warrants issued by the Government are pending against them for over a year now.

The present decision of the Madras Government in regard to Communist organisations, it is learnt, was taken at the last meeting of the Cabinet early this month.

Spurt In Singapore Tin Shares

SINGAPORE, Sept. 26 (PTI-Reuter).—Several local tin shares jumped ten per cent today on news from London of new tin prices. Mining concerns, however, said they were awaiting further news, specially about the projected reopening of the London Metal Exchange for tin dealings.

The head of one concern said as far as he knew, the buying prices of tin remained unchanged and he had no information other than the London story in the local press.

After recording sharp rises of around ten per cent, several local tin shares began early to find sellers at the new price. Brokers said the market was excited and they were awaiting up-country business to indicate the real trend.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.

Previous Closing	29.60
Today's Opening	29.59
Difference	—1
Today's Closing	29.68
Difference	+8

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

	Rs.	As.
Silver Forward	167	8
Gold Forward	114	4
Silver Bullion	167	8
Gold Ready	117	4
Sovereign	75	8

Short Staples Cottons Very Attractive In Hard Currency Countries

SHARP RISE IN EGYPTIAN PRICES

Devaluation of Sterling, though not unexpected, took the world by surprise by the suddenness of its announcement and the degree of devaluation. It is too early yet to assess the effects of the currents and cross currents of this fateful plunge in the financial world. It affects the economy of countries who have devaluated their currencies as well as the trade and industry of the hard currency countries, states the weekly review of the Patel Cotton Co. Ltd.

Every country in the Sterling area except Pakistan, and most of the Western European countries have been compelled to effect a realignment of their currencies more or less in line with Sterling. This will make imports of U.S.A. products more costly. Naturally the market for the U.S. products in other countries will tend to shrink.

In New York the change in prices over the week is negligible despite the drastic alteration in the Sterling-Dollar rate from $4.03 to $2.80 to the £. This absence of fluctuation is, of course, due to the support provided by the loan. Daily spot sales in the Southern markets are reported to be heavy as spot prices are hovering around the loan basis.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

IN ALEXANDRIA prices have risen some 250 penny points in the case of Karnak and about 350 for Uppers. Additional to the market, the "basis" for long staple and Giza 30 has been increased. The 3 per cent maximum and minimum price fluctuation limits on cotton futures have been suspended until further notice.

In the case of Egypt the advance is not only due to currency devaluation but reflects, so far as the Delta is concerned, the damage of leaf worm to the crop which recent conservative reports have confirmed.

The effect would appear to be that a prospective surplus of the long staple has been changed to a supply position which should not be unduly burdensome, provided the world is prepared to pay the present high price. There is at least some doubt as regards this happening when it is remembered that the large majority of Egypt's buyers have depreciated their currencies.

IN PAKISTAN uncertain condition have been ruling due to the entirely unexpected decision of the Pakistan Government to maintain their Rupee unaltered in terms of the $.

The prospective rate vis-a-vis India becomes 100 Pakistan Rupees for 144 Indian Rupees. The immediate result has been a drastic fall of some 12 per cent in long staple but shorter varieties, and especially Desi, have tended to resist. Representations have been made to the Government to abolish the export duty of Rs. 120 per candy which, due to the high exchange rate, has become a great burden on the cost of the raw commodity.

LOCAL MARKET

In Bombay, as in other markets currency considerations have overshadowed other factors. Our Rupee remains at shillings 1/6 with Sterling but becomes equivalent to 21 U.S. cents as against 30.225.

The Pakistan decision took the market completely by surprise, and especially as the Payments Agreement between the two Dominion States that the rate of exchange between the two countries will not be altered except after due notice and mutual consultations.

The Reserve Bank of India has so far refused to deal at the new rate and it is understood that conversations between the two Governments are now in process.

For the first three days of this week all Banks have been closed.

Business has been further dislocated during the last 48 hours by torrential rains which have paralysed local transport services. So far as can be said at the moment, there is little likelihood of damage, apart from flood damage, to the Broach crop but the position in regard to Jarilas is not so clear. Recent reports from the districts have indicated the need of fine weather with sunshine; the opposite has happened. Conditions are in such a state of flux that it would be foolish to give any definite opinion on prices at this stage but there is no harm done in calling attention to some of the implications of the situation as at present.

The heavy price advance in imported cottons is likely to switch more attention to the Indian crop, the prospective quantity of which has now become all the more important. Our short staples have become very attractive in price to hard currency countries; the hope that exports of new crop Bengals and Mathias would be made free to soft currency areas is not now so well justified. The above considerations have already been reflected here and prices of all new crop styles have advanced from 3 to 5 p.c. Old crop prices are very nominal.

Trading has commenced in the futures contract but not a great deal of business has been put through—the price of February is around Rs. 618 and the outlook is for it to go to the Ceiling and so remain inoperative.

WEATHER AND CROP NEWS

BENGALS: East Punjab: Weather clear. Further rains will be harmful to the crop. Rajasthan: Weather dry with clear sunshine. Cotton bolls have begun to burst in the early sown areas. Quality very satisfactory. Small arrivals expected after a week.

BROACH/SURAT: Crop condition good. Clear weather needed.

DHOLLERAS/MATHIAS: Sufficient rains. Clear weather necessary. Quality of crop satisfactory.

OOMRAS: Central India: Bright sunshine required. Yield prospects expected to be excellent. Moglais: Condition of plants very healthy. Weather favourable. Clear sunshine needed. Crop satisfactory.

COMPTA/DHARWAR: Good rains. More rains required.

WESTERN/NORTHERNS: Heavy rains. Fair weather essential.

Stop Press

BALKAN SITUATION

FLUSHING MEADOWS, Sept. 26. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Greek Foreign Minister Constantine Tsaldaris, told the United Nations General Assembly today that the Balkan question had entered a new phase because of the "virtual elimination of the guerilla bands within the Greek border".

ADAMANT STRIKERS

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 26. (P.T.I.): Lying and squatting on the frontage and approaches to the heavily guarded central and east fort garages, striking employees of the State Transport Department in batches of 50 and 100 made determined attempts for three and half hours this morning at blocking the passage of passenger buses.

RUSSIAN PACT WITH W. GERMANY

FRANKFURT, Sept. 26. (P.T.I.-Reuter): A trade agreement between Western Germany and the Soviet Zone was announced here today by a spokesman of the United States High Commissioner in Germany.

MIDNIGHT SEARCH

GOLDEN ROCK, Sept. 27 (PTI).—Following last night's Government order declaring the Communist Party as unlawful in the Province, the Golden Rock police effected a midnight search of the Central Office of the Labour Union (a Communist-led organisation) and seized some literature connected with the activities of the party. The premises have been sealed and police pickets posted. No arrests have, however, been made so far.

CONGRESS VICTORY

MADRAS, Sept. 26 (PTI).—Congress nominees won in three out of four districts in the Presidentship election for the newly constituted district boards in Tamilnad.

CAR STONED

TRIVANDRUM, Sept. 26, (PTI).—The pilot car of H.H. the Rajapramukh who was driving to the Padmanabha temple was stoned today by a section of the crowd that had collected for a meeting. The police, however, dispersed the crowd with a lathi charge and the Rajapramukh's car passed without any incident.

"POLICE EMPLOYED THIRD DEGREE METHODS"

Statement Of Second Accused In Shoebullah Murder Case

SECUNDERABAD, Sept. 26. (U.P.I.).

ABDUL MUNEEM KHAN, accused No. two in the Shoebullah Murder Case, continuing his overnight statement told the Special Tribunal presided over by Mr. J. A. Pinto, today, that the police employed third degree methods to extract a "confessional" statement from him.

"At one stage", he said, "I felt so miserable that I invited a police officer to kill me to end my sufferings". The accused went close to Nawab Ahmedali Khan, member of the Tribunal, who recorded his statement to narrate to him types of third degree methods he was subjected to.

"Eventually", he said, "I agreed to make a confessional statement before a magistrate. The police brought a written statement which was read and re-read out to me for two days. On the third day, I was warned that if I went back on what I had agreed to state, I would have to undergo the same atrocities I had experienced for days together. On the appointed day I was taken before a Magistrate where I stated what I had been directed to say. The Magistrate never gave me time to think over the consequences of making such a confession".

Totally denying all knowledge of the incident on the night of August 21-22, 1948, when Shoebullah Khan and 1948, when Shoebullah Khan and Mohomed Ismail Khan were attacked, Muneem Khan said: "I know nothing about the affair. I am innocent. I did not fire pistol on any one. Prior to the murder, I asked no one in a tea stall to point out Shoebullah Khan to me. I am not a tea addict. It is not true that I slapped a boy in the Chappal Bazar Mosque on the last Friday of Ramzan. The fact is that I did not say my prayers in that mosque on that Friday. I was shown to the boy in the Court Room by the Police before he was produced in the witness box".

Regarding the identification parade, the accused stated: "A day before the parade, I was taken to the Osmania General Hospital where I was shown to Ismail Khan who was injured. On the following day, the parade was held. At first, Ismail Khan pointed out a C. I. D. constable who was among those who formed the parade. This man was removed and on the second occasion, Ismail Khan picked me out."

Answering a majority of other questions in the negative, Muneem Khan concluded: "The real assassin of Shoebullah Khan is Mohommed Siddiq. As police could not trace him, they have caught hold of me. I do not know Mohsin Raza, A-3 before. I met him in jail".

The court adjourned to meet again tomorrow morning.

FORMAL ORDERS

Formal orders in the Shoebulla Murder Case will be passed by the Special Tribunal on Wednesday, it was learnt today.

Tomorrow when the Tribunal meets Mohsin Raza, accused No. three in the case, will be examined, the statements of Syed Kasim Razvi and Muneem Khan, A-1 and A-2, respectively, having been recorded already.

If a charge is framed against the accused on Wednesday, this case will be adjourned for eight or ten days, to enable the defence to prepare for re-examination of the prosecution witnesses and arguments in the case.

CONGRESSMEN AND THE CRISIS

(Continued for Page 6)

known by their own actions. For if they are true to their own pre-independence professions, they should themselves set an example in economy. There has been a talk of five per cent cut in the establishment. Beyond producing a fastly vanishing psychological effect, the cut would be like a drop in the ocean. From their own point such a retrenchment would be harmful to their reputation and popularity. What is needed is not a five per cent cut in establishment but a fifty per cent cut in Ministerships. New Delhi has been thinking aloud in the following terms:—

1. **The Ministries of Education, Health and Labour should be amalgamated into one Ministry of Social Affairs.**
2. **The Ministries of Agriculture and Food should be replaced by one Ministry of Food production and Road distribution. This should give 50 per cent reduction in the staff.**
3. **The Ministries of Commerce and Industry should be amalgamated into one Board of Trade.**
4. **The Ministry of Home Affairs should absorb the Ministry of State and the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting.**
5. **The Ministries of Transport and Communications should be amalgamated into one Ministry of Communications.**
6. **The Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs should be abolished.**

The Indian Republic will be inaugurated on January 26. The Prime Minister is hoping to have a new Parliament and new Cabinet by that date. The new Cabinet, if the re-organisation indicated above were adopted, would have the following Ministries:-

1. **The Prime Minister**
2. **The Minister for Foreign Affairs,**
3. **The Minister for Home Affairs, including States, Information and Broadcasting,**
4. **The Finance Minister,**
5. **The President of the Board of Trade,**
6. **The Minister for Communications,**
7. **The Minister for Social Affairs,**
8. **The Minister for Works, Mines and Power,**
9. **The Minister for Defence,**
10. **The Minister for Law.**

TEST FOR CONGRESSMEN

The coming months are a test for the Congressmen. If they are true to the Congress creed and if they are loyal to their country, they should themselves leave offices to effect economies. They have been shouting against job hunters and careerists.

There are two other pertinent issues. India is supposed to have a Parliamentary democracy. Joint responsibility is the essence of this Parliamentary democracy. It is a tragedy that notwithstanding the forum of democracy, the Ministers are acting as though they were heads of independent sovereign republics.

Surely they know what is the financial condition of the Government. To insist that the Employment Exchanges shall be maintained by the Centre, or India shall buy the ship building yard, or India shall spend crore and a half on basic education is a violation of the principle of joint responsibility. Their squander-mania has drained the hard earned resources of this country and it was high time that the country and its finances were placed before personal aggrandisement.

VANISHING RETURNS

Second issue is even more important. Since August 15, 1947, the Law of vanishing returns has been in operation, so far as the authority of the Finance Ministry is concerned. So also is the case with the Audit Department. In the interest of India, the authority of both the Finance Minister and that of Auditor-General should be restored to that which they enjoy in Great Britain. In imitation of the saviour of mankind, one could say, "seek ye the financial stability of the country and all other things shall be added unto thee."

THE PARLIAMENT

The proposal to dissolve the Constituent Assembly and re-elect a new Parliament by January 26, 1950, is another topic of discussion here. The Constituent Assembly has about 160 members, who either hold dual membership or are Constitutionalists. They would have outlived their utility by the time the Constituent Assembly passes the Constitution Bill. The present strength of the Union Parliament is 307 members. The official view favours a fresh election for the entire house, instead of bye-elections for 160 members. There is another argument in their favour. The present Assembly was elected on the basis of separate electorates, which gave weightage to Mussalmans and Sikhs. The new Constitution has abolished both separate electorates and weightages for the Mussalmans and Sikhs. The Parliament, if not re-elected will work the new Constitution with members elected on the basis, which have been discarded. The members, who form the majority, do not hold this view. The 160 members are indifferent. They are going away in any case and are being persuaded to side with the "affected members" who are not willing to take the risk. In the last analysis, the ultimate Constituency for the Congress members is the Congress Parliamentary Board. In the last analysis, the Congress members and others representing the States are nominated members, nominated by the Congress Parliamentary Board. Many a member, therefore fears that he or she may not be nominated. There is certainly an element or risk. The Congress Party meeting on October 5 will see a real tug of war between dissolutionists and non-dissolutionists. The non-dissolutionists might win. They have a chance for winning.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

The Presidential election is an equally a thorny question. Though both of them have declared that they are out of it, the candidates to Presidency, so far known are His Excellency Shri Chakravarti Rajagopalachariar and the Honourable Shri Dr. Rajendra Prasad. Though they may not know it, but active canvassing has been in progress for either of them during the last session of the Constituent Assembly. Shri Rajaji would lose, if it came to voting, is the present lobby calculation. A rank outsider might win the stakes, is another lobby anticipation.

STEPS TO BRING ABOUT DISINFLATION

Dr. Muranjan Hits Devaluation

BOMBAY, Monday.

A multiple rate of exchange for different commodities, coupled with control over imports, was suggested as a measure to bring about disinflation, check the spiralling cost of living and the price structure of industries, provide an incentive to investment and bring about equilibrium in our trade with other countries, by Dr. S. K. Muranjan, Principal of the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, in the course of an address at Green's Hotel this evening under the auspices of the Commerce Graduates Association.

The speaker stated that the Government of India could not hope to maintain the internal price level and step up exports with the devaluation of the rupee. Devaluation would only make the country's economic crisis more acute and insoluble. As it was, the objects which Government hoped to achieve were at variance with one another, and none of them would be attained. They would in fact be defeated by devaluation.

Devaluation had always been adopted to check falling prices, Dr. Muranjan said. When world-wide devaluation was resorted to in 1931, it was to restore the economic equilibrium of the various countries of the world after the most disastrous slump in history. However, the rates of interest on investments were stiffening in all the capitals of the world, contrary to the prevalent position in India where the interest rate was the lowest. Low interest rates could not be expected to encourage fresh investments. Furthermore, the world market in 1931 was free whereas today most of the nations were enforcing restrictions on imports. Government should aim at extending the sphere of exports and enforce control over imports more rigidly.

Dr. Murajan, commenting on Pakistan's policy of maintaining the exchange value of her currency, said that this was a shrewd step and not merely an act of perversity. Pakistan had kept aloof from the sterling bloc out of regard for the cost of living in the country.

The First Step
TEACHING a child to walk is little more important than TEACHING a child to save. Both habits are essential to happiness and must be formed early. WE transact ALL KINDS OF BANKING BUSINESS INCLUDING FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Capital and Reserves Rs 34,50,000/-
NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK LIMITED.
A SCHEDULED BANK
FORT, BOMBAY.

FURTHER RISE IN TATA STEEL SHARES

Scindias And Burmas Look Up

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

The local share bazar opened steady and under moderate buying there was some improvement in steel shares. But at the rise some operators were inclined to book profits and their realising sales resulted in a modest retreat, but fair support appeared at the decline. Indian Irons and Scindia shares were firm with further buying support.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened at Rs. 1445 and improved at Rs. 1460 on moderate buying. At this level there was increased profit taking and Tata Steel Defds. declined Rs. 20 at Rs. 1440 and again steadied at Rs. 1452-8 on renewed support. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 290 and after improving at Rs. 292 steadied at Rs. 291.

Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1040 while Kohinoor shares opened at Rs. 282 and improved at Rs. 284. Svadeshi Mill shares were quoted at Rs. 253. Scindia shares opened at Rs. 15-14 and advanced at Rs. 16-7 on increased buying. Indian Irons were done at Rs. 31-4 and Bengal Steels were quoted at Rs. 23.

Thereafter there was increased buying in Tata Steel Shares as the general feeling is bullish. The market is expecting further increase in Steel production for the month of September and Tata Steel Defds. advanced at Rs. 1465. Mill Shares moved in sympathy with Steel shares but the turnover in this section was limited. Bombay Burmas were in good demand and advanced at Rs. 365. Scindia Shares were quoted at Rs. 16-9.

Towards the close there was further improvement in Tata Steel shares. Defds. were done at Rs. 1480 and Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 294. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1045. Closing tone of the market was

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	1041	4
Kohinoor Mills (3-2)	287	0
Swadeshi Mills (12-4)	258	0
Central India Mills (4)	217	0
Simplex Mills (6-8)	184	8
New Great Eastern (8)	144	0
Indore (9 plus 3)	123	12
Gokak Mills (12)	264	0
Century Spinning (16)	226	4
India Bleaching (6)	145	0
Swan Mills (2)	296	0
Finlay Mills (15)	260	0
Morarji Goculdas	436	4
Edward Sassoon (30)	225	0
Meyer (12)	105	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	14
India United Ord. (10-13-6)	11	4
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1	14
Madhusudan Mills (15)	170	0
Podar (S)	133	12
Khatau Makanji (5)	156	4

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. (14) XD	295	0
Tata Steel Defd. (64-13) XD	1482	8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (7-2) XD	136	8

CEMENT

Associated Cement (6)	146	12

INDUSTRIES

Burma (12-3)	361	8
Belapur Sugar (9)	191	8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (0-3)	38	8
Scindia Steam (0-3)	18	12
Premier Construction	108	4
Tata Chemical	10	14
Tata Oil (2) XD	50	0
Indian Iron (0-12)	31	8
Bengal Steel (0-8-2)	23	5
British India Corp. (0-9)	8	14
Indian Copper	2	14
Wimco	192	8
Alcock	272	8

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tata Power (25)	1510	0
Andhra Valley (30)	1410	0
Tata Hydro (3)	152	0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS

Elphinstone Mills (9)	58	8
Phoenix (50)	131	4
Indian Mfg.	3025	0
Kurla XD	103	8
Colaba	128	0
New City (11)	152	8
Minerva (12)	130	10
Bradbury	435	0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4	5
Bharat Mills (2)	32	0
Mysore Sug. Mills (4)	161	4
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14	8
Model Mills (12-8)	170	0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	608	12
Vishnu Cotton (8)	210	0
Western India (40)	4070	0
Standard (15)	220	0
Sholapur Mills (200)	3000	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	16	0
Hindustan Mills (40)	4000	0
Tata Mills (2-4)	50	4
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	255	0
Ahmedabad Advance New	195	0
Sassoon Silk (3) XD	36	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	15	8
Madhusudan S (2-8)	35	0
Shrinivas Mills (S)	162	8
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	67	0
Berar Mills	240	0
Victoria Mills	225	0

ELECTRIC (CASH)

Ahmedabad Electric (4-0)	125	0
Ahmedabad New	73	8
Surat Electric (2-8)	140	0
Karachi Electric (2)	136	14
Broach (0-5)	6	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	7	2
Amalgamated (0-12)	12	8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electricity Supply (S)	133	12
Bombay Suburban XR	146	4
Bombay Suburban New	56	0

BANK SHARES

Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1771	4
Imperial Bank of India P.P. (8-12) XD	441	4
Central Bank (1-8)	78	4
New Central Bank	78	0
Bank of India (4) XD	174	0
Union (0-5)	7	2
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	120	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	40	8
United Commercial (8)	48	0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35	12
Hindustan Commercial	17	0
Mysore Bank (8)	265	0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	94	0

INSURANCE

Oriental (125) X.D.	4125	0
Empire (10)	625	0
New India (7)	52	8
Jupiter (1-4)	11	12
Vulvan (9-10)	11	13
Indian Mercantile (21)	34	12
Universal (9-4)	11	4
B.I.G. (1)	15	0
Industrial and Prudential	29	8
Neptune	7	0
New Great	25	0
All India General	11	14

RAILWAY SHARES

C.P. (1-14) XD	113	0

MISCELLANEOUS SHARES

Steamer (10)	253	12
Bombay Burma New (5)	135	0
Burma Petrol	1 11	6
Mackenzie (6)	65	0
Port Canning (7)	60	12
Kemp & Co. (30)	395	0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	125	0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	84	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	35	12
Mukund Iron	13	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	16	0
Alembic (10)	161	4
Supreme India X.R.	78	12
Jam Wire (6)	67	4
Bombay Uganda	67	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30	0

TATA STEEL DEFDS

After the close Tata Steel Defds. improved at Rs. 1490 and reacted at Rs. 1485 to improve at Rs. 1495.

Indian Cement (1937)	171	4
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	152	8
United Motor	31	4
Associated Cement New (3)	141	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Gujarat Motor	28	0
Sardar Carbonic X.D.	700	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrella Batteries	32	2
Manmad Press	120	0
National Rayon	36	8

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st (6)	198	2
Andhra Valley (7)	1235	0
Tata Power (7-8)	1340	0
Hydro Electric (7)	130	5
Bombay Steamer (6)	235	0
Central India (5)	625	0
Swadeshi Mills	126	4
Vishnu Mills (7)		
Lakshmi Mills	260	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220	0
Podar Mills (4)	105	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	106	4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	316	4
Surat Electricity (3-4)	137	8
Pre. Construction First	101	14
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98	4
Amalgamated	115	0
Habib	72	9
Tata Chemical	116	4
Walchandnagar	130	0
Jupiter	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	110	0
Mackenzie (1st)	85	0
Mackenzie (2)	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mill	50	0
Standard	99	0
Madhusudan	12	0
Khatau	100	12
Morarji	94	8
National Rayon	74	8

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952	103	8
Gula Kajamsingh	8	9
Rubber Planting	17	0
Bombay Steamer	97	0
Indian Hume Pipe	101	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchandnagar	105	9

OUTSIDE SHARES

Burma Corporation	3	0 6
New Victoria	2	10
New Victoria 2 (Pref)	4	10
Paltan (8)	97	8
Gold Mohor	282	8
New Kaiser Hind	420	0
Sajjan Mills (20)	155	0
Osmanshahi (16)	235	0
Azamshahi	255	0
Air Services	5	12
Air India Tata	72	0
Hind Motor	5	7
India Steam	9	2

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

Tata Ordinary 295; Tata Deferred 1482-8; Indian Iron 31-6; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 23-5 Ex.D.; Bombay Dyeing 1041-4; Central India 217-8; Gokak 264-6; Kohinoor 287-8; Simplex 184-8; Swadeshi 258-12; Tata Power 1510; Associated Cement 146-14; Belapur 191-14; Bombay Burma (Old) 361-14; Scindia 16-12; Centraal Bank 78-5; New India 52-8, Tata 2nd Pref. 136-4.

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

The Reserve Bank of India sold today 400 bars of silver at Rs. 161-14 and has invited tenders for 400 bars tomorrow. There was no mention of any sales of gold.

In the local market prices recorded a sharp rise on heavy speculative buying and extensive short covering as the settlement is drawing near.

Aso delivery silver opened at Rs. 163 and advanced at Rs. 166-8 on active general buying. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 166-8. Aso delivery gold opened at Rs. 111 and advanced at Rs. 113-12 on increased buying. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 117 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75-8.

Later on Gold advanced at Rs. 114/8 but quietened at Rs. 113-6, and Silver after advancing at Rs. 167-8 declined at Rs. 166-4. Thereafter there was renewed buying. In some quarters it is said that Gold is cheap at present level. Final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	167	6	0
Aso	167	8	0
Ready Gold	117	0	0
Aso	114	2	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

The local cotton market was fairly steady today with moderate business passing. The increase in cotton prices in Britain induced scattered buying in May contract. February delivery was inclined to be offered at around Rs. 619. It is said those who are long are inclined to book profits in February contract near the ceiling level.

May delivery opened at Rs. 612-8 and improved at Rs. 613-8 under moderate buying but quietened at Rs. 612-8.

Later on the market was firm and when February was quoted trading had to be suspended. May also firmed up at Rs. 615. Closing quotations were as under:—

I. C. C. Feb.	619/8 to 620
I. C. C. May	614/8 to 615

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, Sept. 24.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
February	618	616½	617½
May	612	610½	610½

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

The local market was steady today with a slightly bullish feeling. The British Food Ministry is not buying at present fearing abolition of export duty. Locally there is scarcity of sellers and there is more disposition to await further developments. Quotations were as under:

Groundnuts Khandesh	44	0	0
,, Madras	43	0	0
,, Bold	43	0	0
,, Oil local mills	24	8	0
,, oil upcontry	23	12	0
Linseed Bold	33	7	0
Linseed small	32	14	0
Linseed Oil	20	4	0
Castorseeds	26	12	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	99	12	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	6	0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	99	6	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	3	0
2 3/4 per cent 1978	96	0	0
3 per cent non terminable	97	2	0
3 per cent Con.	97	3	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	11	0
3 per cent 1952-55	101	15	0
3 per cent 1957	101	5	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2	0
3 per cent 1966-68	100	1	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
3 1/2 per cent 1960-70	110	6	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	102	0	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-60	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68	114	4	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

3 per cent Bombay 1962	98	13	0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97	0	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	6	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98	2	0
3 per cent U. P. 1961-68	99	12	0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99	0	0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109	12	0
4 per cent Bombay Muni.	109	8	0
5 p.c. Bombay Muni. 1959	114	0	0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113	8	0
6 per cent Bom. Muni. K.P.T. 1956	113	12	0

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

B C Rates T T D D 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B C Rates T T D D 1-5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month.
New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330.
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4 Montreal Rs. 328 1/2.
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329 Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs. 8100.
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs. 8320.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs. 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Glds. 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 1/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 156 1/4.
Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52, 57-53 43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19-32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 15/16-1/2 25/32; London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02-3/4—4.03-1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1096-1098; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 15/16-2/4 1/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 1734-36.

London Discts. 3 Mos. 5/8 p.c. London Discts. 6 Mos. 3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 3/4 p.c.; 3 Mos. 1 p.c.; 6 Mos. 1-1/4 p.c.; 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.
Tone: Easy.

SALES OF MADRAS TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rupees Two Crores of three months' Government of Madras Treasury Bills were opened on Monday, the 26th September. Total amount offered was Rupees Two Crores.

Tenders at Rs. 99-13-6 were accepted in full. Total amount accepted was Rupees Two Crores, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-10-0 per cent per annum.

CHEQUES CLEARED

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 23rd Sept. 1949, were as under:—
Number of Cheques: 70619.
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 19,15,74,-821-15-9.

Constructive Stand In Ahmedabad Share Bazar

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 26.

Market displayed a constructive trend fluctuation: Calico Opened 268; Highest 271; Lowest 264; Arvind Opened 1578; Lowest 1565; Ambica Opened 328; Highest 341; Deffered Opened 1457; Lowest 1442; Highest 1484.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS: Calico 269; Arvind 1568; Ambica 339; Deffered 1480; Raipur 1515; New Commercial 816-4.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

MILLS

Apollo 2/12 2/14
Bharat 31 32
B. Dyeing 1041/4 36/4 40 37/8 43/12 41/4
C. India 215/8 16 15 17
Century 226/4
Colaba 128
Finlay 260/8 61 60
Gokak 260 62 60/8 64
I. U. Defd. 1/13/6 1/14 1/13/6 1/14
I. U. Ord. 11 11/4
Indore 123/12 22/8
Kohinoor 283 85/8 83 88 87
Minerva 128/12 30/10
Mysore 161/4
New Great 145 44
Podar 133/12 35 33/12
Simplex 184 81/8 84/8
Svadeshi 254 56 52 59 57 58
Tata Mills 49/12 50/4
Vishnu 210

STEAMER

B. Steam 250 53/12
Scindia 16 16/7 16/5 17 16/11 16/12

BANKS

Baroda 120
Central 78/8 77/12 78/4
Central New 78
Imperial Old 1780 71/4
Imperial New 441/4
India 173 74
Union 7/2
U. Commercial 47/4 48

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 124/6 25/10 25
Suburban 145/10 46/4
Hydro 152
Power 1512/8 10

INSURANCE

New India 52 52/8
Vulcan 11/13

STEEL

B. Steel 23/2 23/4 22/13 23/10 23/5 (Ex Div).
I. Iron 31/2 31/6 30/15 31/10 31/6 31/8
Tata Defd. 1452/8 57/8 45 63/12 41/4 56/4 52/8 87/8 77/8 85 82/8
Tata Ord. 290 91/8 91 92/8 89 95/8 94 95
Tata 2nd Pref. 136 36/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 275 66/4 72/8
A. C. C. Old 145 46/8 45 46/12
A. C. C. New 141
Belapur 188 86/8 89 88 91/8
B. B. Old 346/4 52/8 51/4 68/12 61/4
B.B. New 130/10 28/2 35
B.B. Petrol 1/11/9 1/11 1/11/6
B.I.C. 8/15
I. Copper 2/12/6 2/14
I. Bleaching 145
Kemp 400 395
P. Const. 103 2 8/8 7/8 8/4
Shivrajpur 32/8 33/8
Tata Chem. 10/10 10/12 10/11
Tata Pref. 116/4
Tata Oil 50 50/8 49/12 50
Wimco 192/8

SPECIAL

Motor House (Gujerat) Ord. 28

PAKISTAN RESERVE BANK

Statement Of Affairs

(From Our Correspondent.)
KARACHI, (By Air Mail.)

Following is the statement of Account of the Affairs of the State Bank of Pakistan for the week ending September 16:—

LIABILITIES

Capital paid up Rs. 3,00,000.
Reserve Fund Rs. 3,00,00,000.
Deposits:—(a) Central Government Rs. 63,00,57,000; (b) Provincial Governments Rs. 4,62,84,000; (c) Banks Rs. 24,45,60,000; (d) Others Rs. 5,11,85,000.
Bills payable Rs. 1,65,000.
Other Liabilities Rs. 2,59,09,000.
Total Rs. 105,81,60,000.

ASSETS

Notes Rs. 5,65,75,000.
Rupee Coin:—(a) Pakistan Rs. 6,000. (b) India nil.
Subsidiary Coin:—(a) Pakistan nil. (b) India Rs. 1,50,000.
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—(a) Internal nil; (b) External nil; (c) Government Treasury Bills Rs. 10,48,40,000
Balances held outside Pakistan* Rs. 76,76,83,000.
Loans and Advances to Governments nil.
Other Loans and Advances Rs. 5,00,000.
Investments Rs. 11,58,83,000.
Other Assets Rs. 1,25,23,000.
Total Rs. 105,81,60,000.
*Includes cash, short terms sterling securities and balances with the Reserve Bank of India.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

An account pursuant to the State Bank of Pakistan Order, 1948 for the week ended September 16, 1949:

LIABILITIES

Notes held in the Banking Department Rs. 5,65,75,000.
Notes in circulation Rs. 169,93,43,000.
Total notes issued Rs. 175,59,18,000.
Total Liabilities Rs. 175,59,18,000

ASSETS

I. A Gold Coin and Bullion Rs. 4,20,71,000. Silver Bullion nil. Sterling Securities Rs. 84,24,47,000. Government of India Securities Rs. 31,63,58,000. India notes representing assets receivable from the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 43,18,53,000: Rs. 163,27,29,000.
B. Rupee Coin Rs. 5,65,56,000 Government of Pakistan Securities Rs. 76,33,000. Internal bills of exchange and other commercial paper Rs. 6,41,89,000.
II. Held with the Reserve Bank of India pending transfer to Pakistan:—Gold Coin and Bullion Rs. 19,02,-000. Sterling Securities Rs. 3,87,77,000. Government of India Securities Rs. 1,53,71,000 Rupee Coin Rs. 29,50,000: Rs. 5,90,00,000.
Total Assets Rs. 175,59,18,000.
Ratio of gold coin and bullion, silver bullion, sterling securities and approved foreign exchange to total note circulation: 96.18 per cent.

Pakistan Cloth Merchants Explain Boycott Of Indian Textiles

According to the recent Inter-Dominion agreement, India was to supply 12,500 bales of mill-made cloth and 8,300 bales of cotton yarn monthly, but so far on 677 bales of cloth and 144 bales of yarn are reported to have been imported into Pakistan and that too under the letter of credits established much before the Boycott movement was started. About 300 bales of Textiles and 131 bales of Yarn have already been surrendered to the Committee of Action for which necessary decision will be taken in due course of time.

Messrs. Sadiq Traders are agents to the Bhawalpur Government. They imported about 1800 bales of textile since the time of control on textiles on behalf of the Bhawalpur Government for which Letters of Credits were established as far back as May 1949. On arrival of the goods in Karachi, the control of the Textiles was lifted and the said Firm under the orders of the Bhawalpur Government disposed of the goods on behalf of the State. In these 1800 bales the money of the Bhawalpur State was involved and the agents were bound to follow the instructions of the Bhawalpur State. Accordingly, they disposed of some of the textiles and the rest they are forwarding to the State. The said firm has assured the Assaciation like true Pakistani that they do not propose to violate the decisions of the Association.

Similarly M/s Lahore Central Co-operative Society are agents of West Punjab Government and they lifted the quota under the instructions of the Government because the textiles were imported under the Letter of Credits established much before the launching of the Boycott Movement in Pakistan. Steps are being taken to seek the co-operation of this semi-official body and it is hoped that they will co-operate with the movement.

As regards M/s Valibhoy Kamruddin, the Association has been informed that they are Clearing and Forwarding Agents of the Khairpur State and they simply cleared the goods from the customs and forwarded it to Khairpur State. The goods are of control days and the Letters of Credits were established before the boycott movement The Association is approaching all the Pakistan States for their co-operation in the Boycott Movement.

N. Y. COTTON MARKET STEADY

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.

Prices fluctuate narrowly in fairly active dealings. Price fixing, partly domestic and on export account, absorbed scattered hedges and near month liquidation. Some selling was also based on expectations of increased hedges later as a result of the heavy spot sales on Friday totalling more than 90,000 bales. The session closed steady.

Oct.	29.77—63
Dec.	29.60—03
March	29.57—03
May	29.50—04
July	28.96—02
October Highest	29.80=(at 10-46 a.m.).
October Lowest	29.76—04 (at 10-20 a.m.).

New York Spot 30.72—08. New Orleans Spot 29.85=.

Cost Aspect Weakened Competitive Power Of Shippers

NEED TO IMPROVE MORALE OF WORKING POPULATION

A strong plea for removal of some of the bottlenecks in the way of increased production was made by Lala Lakshmipat Singhania, President, Bharat Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, in course of his speech at Half-Yearly General Meeting of the Chamber at the premises of the Chamber. Mr. Singhania urged for an adjustment in the price of food and other industrial raw materials in this behalf as, he pointed out, the index of industrial raw material price which stood at 431.8 early in October, 1948, rose to 463.9 on the 20th August, 1949 and the food price also had substantially increased, whereas the price of manufactured goods had remained almost stationary.

EXPORT DRIVE

While according his whole-hearted support to the export drive launched by the Government of India with a view to improving India's balance of payment position, Mr. Singhania pointed out that it was the cost aspect of the Indian raw produce which weakened the competitive power of Indian shippers in the world market. Present high industrial costs of production, he observed, are mainly due to wage awards which have taken little account of industry's capacity to pay, to a multitude of Government controls administered by inexperienced officials, to inadequate means of transport as a result of wartime overuse of the railways and their present inefficient management, and to the effects of partition which have erected artificial barriers between India's industries and their resources of raw materials, particularly jute and cotton in Pakistan. The outlook for raw jute and raw cotton being altered Mr. Singhania emphasised the need for an all-out effort at increasing the value of India's exports in some particular lines like manganese ores, wheelac, hides and skins and vegetable oils.

SALES AT DUMPING PRICES

Supporting the decisions of the Government of India to prune their import plan in order to balance the country's foreign exchange budget, Mr. Singhania observed—"In the present disequilibrium in the rise of income and cost of living, particularly in the lower income groups, the buying demand in the market is particularly large at a low ebb. The effect has been that it is not only the Indian industries which are suffering in competition with imported products, but even the latter are being dumped in the market at below the imported cost and retailers are finding it hard to maintain their sales at the dumping prices. The costs of essential commodities particularly of food and clothing being still in the wrong side, increased supply of goods has not made for increased effective consumption. Moreover, the internal price level being determined today entirely by the cost factor and not by the scarcity of supply or inflationary trend, the increased supply of imported goods is wholly irrelevant to the anti-inflationary drive." In this connection, Mr. Singhania pointed out that invisible exports and imports by way of outgoings and incomings of payment on account of insurance, banking etc., are a substantial source of strength to any country. But by compelling India to export goods FOB or import goods CIF a huge amount is being rained out of the country with every article of export or import. A heavy sum of nearly 4 crores of rupees is going out of India in the shape of premium on our foreign trade. He therefore, suggested that the Government of India might take some concrete step and provide condition at the time of granting export or import licences that at least one-way traffic should be insured with the Indian companies.

NEED OF FOREIGN CAPITAL

Referring to the policy of the Government of India of securing assistance of foreign capital, Mr. Singhania admitted that for an under- developed country like India foreign capital was almost essential as there are many disadvantages of borrowing huge sums from the International Bank which has already granted the first loan to India of 34m dollars and the total loans to be granted may run to approximately 75m dollars, and Mr. Singhania pointed out that the services of a loan constitutes a fixed monetary obligation which must be met irrespective of the level of prices. In this connection Mr. Singhania referred to the report of the Special Committee of the League of Nations, which has recommended that countries in need of foreign capital may find an advantage in encouraging equity financing or investment in preference to long term borrowing. Apprehending that there is a trend leading to a virtual open-door policy for foreign capital Mr. Singhania urged that foreign capital should be invited generally on the basis of majority participation by Indians both in regard to capital and management. Further, he suggested, that it should be limited to specialised industries and those industries for which domestic capital is shy. He, however, did not agree that export of U.S. private capital with Governmental guarantees contained any imperialistic implication and sounded a note of warning that clamour for nationisation would only embarrass the Government and make foreign capital shy. Mr. Singhania reminded in this connection that Soviet Russia ushered her machine age with the assistance of America in the shape of long term credits and loan of technicians, and recently Australia by giving all possible liberal terms to American capital has expanded her industries with a magnificent rapidity. Mr. Singhania expressed his agreement with the observation of the League of Nations Committee report that—"The association of domestic and foreign capital and skills will diminish the risk of the policies of foreign investors running counter to national policies".

COMING DEPRESSION

Pointing out that unless a correct approach was made to the economic problem of the country the depression which was surely coming all over the world might disturb the very foundation of the social fabric in India. Mr. Singhania observed that —"I will make no appeal to those whose only motive is to create chaos in the country, but I would urge on the labour leaders whose avowed mission is to raise the standard of living of workmen in this country, to remember that unless the morale of the working population is improved and labour is taught to place the interest of the country above his own, the senseless attacks against the management will recoil on themselves as a boomerang swelling the number of unemployed at a time when creation of more employment is urgently called for." The Fair Wages Committee, he said, have also admitted that any attempt to evolve principles for governing the fixation of wages must be made against the background of general economic condition and the level of the national income.

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS Sept. 26.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange Market:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent Govt. Paper 97. Three per cent 1986 97/2 Three per cent 1970/75 102, Three per cent 1966/68 100/2. Three per cent 1952/54 Govt. of Travancore Loan 100/12, Three per cent 1956 Govt. of Madras Loan 100/8. Three per cent 1960 100.

BANKS: Travancore 13/4.

PLANTINGS: Chimbra 4/9. Decashola 12/14. Nelliampathu 0/15/6. Ouchterlony 5/2/6. Pullangode 1/3. Thirumbadi 1/10. T. R. and T. Co. 5/3. Vaikundam 4/11/6

TEXTILES: Buckingham 140 8. Do. Pref. 189 4. Cambodia 10/8. Coimbatore CM 117 8. Lakshmi 61. Madura 38. Mettur 307. Radhakrishna 144. Rajalakshmi 55. Ranga Vilas 45/8. Trav Rayons 4/1. Trichinopoly 10.

MISCELLANEOUS: F. A. C. T. Mettur Chem. 6/4.

ART SILK YARN

BOMBAY, Sept. 26.

120 Ready Japan	3	15	0
150 Ready Japan	4	2	6
120 Ready Italy	3	9	6
150 Ready Italy	4	2	0
150 D. Box Sept.	816	0	0
150 D. Box Oct.	829	0	0

VINDHYA UNION'S FUTURE

Opinion Divided Among Congressmen

(From Our Correspondent)
JUBBULPORE, (By Mail).

The former rulers of the states in Bundelkhand & Baghelkhand agencies, which have been integrated in the Vindhya Union, met recently at Nowgaon to submit a list of their personal and private properties to Shri Buch of the States Ministry. The ex-rulers have returned with a satisfied mind and feel that justice has been done to them.

The rulers' meeting lasted for three days at Nowgaon and when it was in progress, some interested persons staged "anti-merger" demonstrations to protest against the reported prospects of the dis-integration of the Vindhya Union. On more than one occasion these demonstrators become unruly and had to be brought under control by the Union police.

A majority of rulers, headed by the Maharajah of Maihar favours the dis-integration of the Vindhya Union and the merger of their states in the Central Provinces. The Raj Pramukh and the Up Raj Pramukh are, however, observing a non-committal attitude and are watching developments.

OPINION DIVIDED

The opinion among Congressmen in Vindhya Pradesh on the question of the dis-integration of the Union is sharply divided Congressmen headed by the ex-Premier Captain Avadhesh Pratap Singh favour the merger of the Vindhya Union in the Central Provinces on certain conditions.

The other group of Congressm

GARDEN FAIR IN CITY

Byculla Y. W. C. A. Enterprise

BOMBAY, Monday: The Municipal Grounds at Motlibai Street will be the venue of a Garden Fair to be held by the new Byculla Branch of the Bombay Y.W.C.A. on October 3 and 4.

It is learnt that there will be fun for young and old in the Amusement Park and eats and drinks for all at the Refreshment booths. Stalls will display toys, household articles, children's wear home made sweets and pickles and many other useful articles.

Working girls, school girls and housewives around Byculla have found in this young Branch of the Y.W.C.A. a welcome centre for leisure time activities and for inter-communal Social gatherings, while the girls' hostel is a great boon to girls from outside the city who are employed in Bombay. Various classes provide useful instructions in classical Indian Dancing, Needlework, Cooking, Piano etc.

Among the many plans on which this Y.W.C.A. Branch is engaged are a Nursery School which will be within the reach of the middle class families and a 'Baby Sitters' Service which will be eagerly welcomed by working mothers. The only impediments in the way of frution of these plans are shortage of space and equipments.

FOOD FROM WASTE

Kher Blesses A Campaign

BOMBAY, Monday.

Wholeheartedly supporting the idea of devoting the Gram Sudhar Saptaha this year entirely to the intensification of the food production drive, Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombayy in an appeal, says: "It is in the fitness of things that we, who are in the midst of a food crisis, should consider increasing the production of food as the most important item of improvement of the rural areas till the food problem is solved.

"I understand it has been decided to concentrate the Saptaha programme on the production of manura from waste green matter, village refuse, cattle urine and dung and night soil. From these waste products food will be produced. Our villages will be cleaner and healthier. In addition to giving more food, this programme will enable the villagers to live a healthier life.

"I appeal to all to observe the Saptaha with enthusiasm and full vigour"

H.E. THE GOVERNOR

BOMBAY, Monday: His Excellency the Governor and Rani Maharaj Singh will visit Ahmednagar on October 3 and 4, Phaltan on October 9 and Satara and Miraj on October 10 and 11.

REHABILITATION OF CRIPPLED CHILDREN

BOMBAY, Monday: "In aid of the Society for the Rehabilitation of Disabled and Crippled Children a performance of Gaul's "HOLY CITY" will be held by the Bombay Madrigal Singers on Tuesday, the September 27, 1949 at 6-30 p.m. at St. Thomas' Cathedral, Churchgate Street, Fort. The function will be held under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor and Rani Maharaj Singh and Mr. G. V. Kitson, C.B.E., Deputy High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in Bombay will preside".

"Charles Velu will be at the organ and the performance will be conducted by Victor Paranjoti" The public are cordially invited to give their support to this charitable and worthy cause", and to contribute generously.

Dinkarrao Desai For Poona

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. Dinkarrao N. Desai, Bombay Food Minister, who arrived in Bombay on Saturday, will be leaving the city for Poona on Wednesday.

MANAGING AGENCY'S COMMISSION

High Court Ruling On Ticklish Point

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Tendolkar).

The Salt & Industries Agencies Ltd., Bombay .. Applicant.

vs.

The Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay .. Respondent.

The assessee company are the Managing Agents of the United Salt Works and Industries Ltd which during the year ending 30th September 1949 made a profit of over Rs. 10 lakhs from its salt works at Aden and over Rs. 7 lakhs from its salt works at Kandla then situated in a native state. The managing agency commission payable on these profits to the assesseees in respect of the Kandla Salt works with which alone this Reference was concerned were Rs. 88,065/- in the year of account.

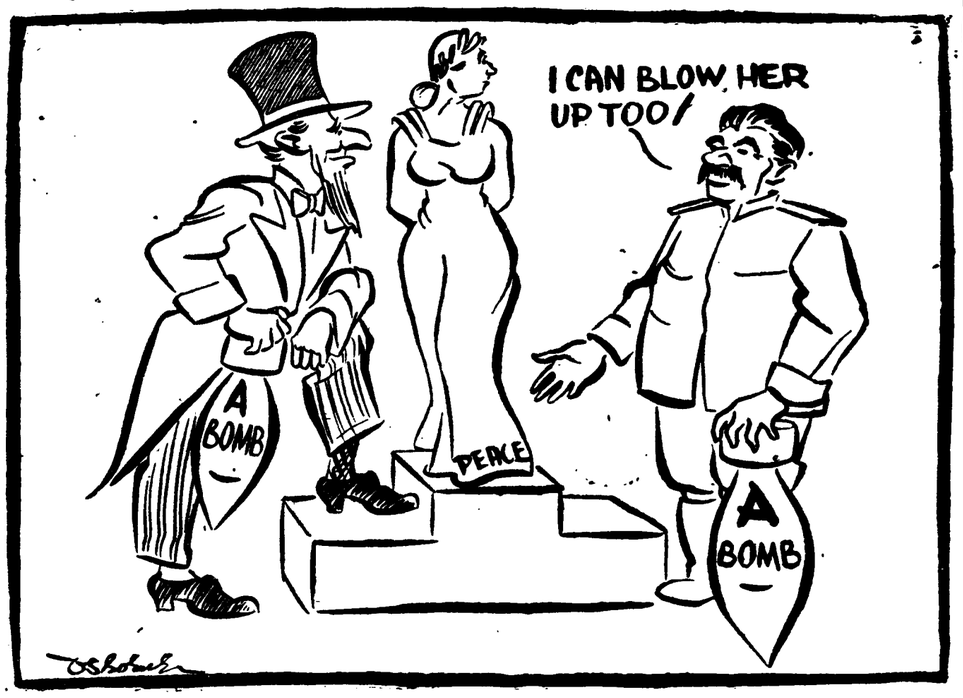
Pursuant to powers contained in the Articles, the management of the salt works at Kandla had been delegated to Yuvraj Madansinghji. On behalf of the assessee it was contended that though the head office of the Company was in Bombay and the business was controlled from Bombay, the profits from the salt works at Kandla having accrued at Kandla in a native state and admittedly never having been brought into British India, under section 14 (2) (c) of the Income-tax Act the assessee would not be liable to pay tax on this amount of Rs. 88,065.

THE TEST

In Their Lordships' opinion the test to be applied in order to determine where the profits accrued or arose was to find out where the actual business of the Company was done which yielded the profits sought to be taxed—the question as regards control or supervision being immaterial. Applying this test to the facts of the case, Their Lordships stated that what they had to determine was, where was the business of the managing agency done which made it possible for the managing agents to earn this commission. Their Lordships stated that it was not possible to divide the services rendered by the Managing Agents at different places into so many water-tight compartments. In Their Lordships' opinion their work must be looked upon as a unit and their right to earn commission would only arise after the profits or losses of all the undertakings were calculated and left a net profit. No commission arose or accrued to the Managing Agents at Kandla at all. It only arose when the accounts of all the salt works were submitted to the head office in Bombay and the profit determined in Bombay. In Their Lordships' opinion, therefore, the Tribunal was right in holding that Rs. 88,065 accrued or arose to the assessees in Bombay and not in a native State.

Mr. R. J. Kolah and Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Little & Co. appeared for the applicant. Mr. G. N. Joshi and the Acting Advocate-General of India Mr. M. C. Setalvad instructed by Mr. N. K. Petigara, Solicitor to the Income-tax Dept. at Bombay, appeared for the respondent

FROM PEACE TO PIECES!



BAIL GRANTED TO HOTEL MANAGER

Application Before High Court

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Weston & Mr. Justice Shah).

An application for interim bail was made to the Bombay High Court on Monday by Mario Bonaneglio, Manager of the Ritz Hotel who had been sentenced by a Presidency Magistrate the same day at noon to two years' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 20,000/- and by R. N. Kapur, Director of the same hotel who had also been sentenced to two months R.I. and a fine of Rs. 80,000, pending the hearing of the application for admission of their appeal to the High Court.

The accused had been convicted for the offence of having supplied more than one substantial course in the course of a single meal on 31st March, 1949. The trial Magistrate had refused the application for bail. Having applied for a copy of the judgment for the purpose of filing an appeal to the High Court, the accused made the present application.

Mr. E. B. Ghaswalla with Mr. A. A. Adarkar and Mr. K. M. Desai appeared for the applicant.

JEWELLER CHEATED OF Rs. 5,300 WORTH OF STONES

BOMBAY, Monday.

Two youths, one masquerading as a girl in purdah and the other as the son of multi-millionaire, who played a clever ruse to cheat a city jewellery merchant of precious stones and other jewels worth about Rs. 5,300 were arrested by the Colaba Police yesterday.

Kumar Bimla Kumar, who played the main role in drama, approached the jeweller, Abdul Rahimkhan, on September 20, posed himself as the wealthy son of a city millionaire and asked for costly jewels and precious stones for a girl friend of his staying in the Majestic Hotel. He represented to the jeweller that the girl was in purdah and therefore the latter should take the required jewels to the hotel for her selection.

The merchant readily agreed to the proposition and both of them went to the hotel room with valuable jewellery and stones. Bimla Kumar, it is stated, took the jewels from the merchant and went to the other side of a curtain which partitioned the room on the pretext of showing them to his girl friend.

The merchant heard a womanish voice inside and waited anxiously expecting to do a lucrative business. But strangely enough, there was a pause after some time, and everything was quite on the other side of the curtain.

The anxious jeweller pushed through the curtain and found himself in the bathroom where everything was quiet. He immediately lodged a complaint with the Colaba Police.

Bimla Kumar was arrested at Jhaveri Bazaar while trying to dispose of the misappropriated jewellery while the other accused, Pradeep Kumar Ravikumar, who played the girl's role, was apprehended on information given by the first accused.

Both the accused were produced before Mr. M. J. Ghordandas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, today on a charge of cheating. They were released on bail in a sum of Rs. 10,000 each.

MORARJI DESAI BETTER

BOMBAY, Monday.

Bombay knew very little through what anxiety the Bombay Cabinet went with regard to the health of Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue and Home Minister, Government of Bombay, who was reported to be sick during the last few days.

Mr. Desai, it was feared at one time, as the temperature he had persisted for days, may develop typhoid fever. He was kept under the constant observation of Dr. Jivraj Mehta and other physicians. The period of anxiety is said to have now past and Mr. Desai's temperature has recorded a steady decline from as high as over 103 degrees.

Mr. Desai, it is said, will need complete rest before he recoups from the after effects of the fever.

It is also felt that the Home Minister is a victim of overstrain considering that on the average he gave interviews to about a hundred persons every day.

CITY CORPORATOR'S RESIGNATION

Resolution Recording Services Passed

BOMBAY, Monday.

THE Socialist party of the Bombay Municipal Corporation strongly criticised today a Congress-sponsored resolution appreciating the services of Sardar Pratapsingh, a former member of the Corporation, who was convicted and sentenced by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on the charge of entering into contract with the Municipality, and whose appeal against that sentence was recently rejected by the Bombay High Court.

The resolution, after some discussion, was carried by a large majority Mr. S. K. Patil, mayor, presided.

The resolution accepted the resignation of Sardar Pratapsingh from the Corporation and the Improvements Committee, and appreciated his services to both these bodies.

Mr. Dinker Desai moved an amendment to the effect that no mention should be made in the resolution regarding the appreciation of Sardar's services, in view of the fact that he was disqualified as a corporator by the judgement of the Chief Presidency Magistrate which was upheld by the High Court. He believed that such an act on the part of the Corporators would be against the best traditions of the Corporations.

Mr. V. B. Gandhi speaking on behalf of the Congress Party said that the resolution was only a formal one and it would be ungracious on their part not to express their thanks to one who was once a member of the Corporation.

Mr. M. Harris said that the resolution was against one of the fundamental principles of the House, and as such deserved to be rejected.

The amendment when put to the vote was lost and the original resolution was carried by a large majority.

IMPORTED POTATOES

A resolution moved by Mr. Dinker Desai appealed to the Government of India to institute an inquiry into the complaint that during the last two yearsthousdans of baskets of imported potatoes were allowed to rot in the Bombay docks for days together.

Mr. Dessai revealed that 35,000 baskets of Italian potatoes were allowed to rot in the docks after the stocks had arrived from Italy in a good condition. The constituted potential threat to the health of the city. Besides it was a waste of a subsidiary food which was in heavy demand.

Mr. Desai believed that for this scandalous state of affairs only the Indian exporters were to be blamed They had deliberately avoided taking delivery of the stocks, with a view to keep up the high prices of the commodity. Such an attitude was anti-social and called for inquiry.

Further discussion on the resolution was postponed.

The House adopted a resolution moved by Mr. Homi J. Talyarkhan urging the Municipal Commissioner to consider the desirability of expanding the activities of the Municipal clinics so that a large number of children attending Municipal shools may be medically examined every year. The resolution further asked for additional arrangements to be made to provide medical treatment to children during vacations.

Speaking on the resolution, Mr. Talyarkhan pointed out that there were 125,000 children attending 365 Municipal schools. Out of this number only 45,470 were examined during the last year. For this examination there was a medical staff of seven doctors and seven nurses. This was indeed too meagre. He therefore urged that proper arrangements should be provided to manage the medical examination of a large number of children.

On an amendment moved by Mr. Nathalal Parekh the Corporation referred the resolution regarding the municipalization of the Bombay Gas Company which moved by Mr. Dinker Desai on a former occasion, to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee, for a detailed report.

Mr. Sushil Kavlekar, speaking on the resolution said that since 1947 the management of the Company had deteriorated with the result that the public had suffered. The company had made staggering profits, as could be seen from their accounts. If the service was Municipalized, all these profits could be used to the benefit of the public.

By another resolution moved by Mrs. Sulochana Mody, the Corporation accepted Bai Premlabai Keshvji Waghji's offer to donate to the Municipality her property at Matunga measuring 2398 square yards.

The only condition attached to the offer was that the property should be utilized for running a Gujarati School for imparting primary education.

The corporation in accepting the offer decided to name the school after the donor.

The corporation welcomed the Bombay Government's decision to reappoint Mr. B. K. Patel as the Municipal Commissioner for Bombay for a further period of three years from September 21 last.

NO MASS MIGRATION FROM INDIA

Pakistan Press Report Contradicted

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26.

For some time past the Pakistan press has been carrying on propaganda to the effect that a mass migration of Muslims from India to Pakistan has started again. Curiously enough, these very reports state that many of the Muslims who are going to Pakistan are converts from East Punjab. Under the Inter-Dominion Agreement forced conversions are not to be recognised. The Government of India cannot, therefore, be blamed for the evacuation of these converts which is being carried out by the Pakistan Deputy High Commissioner at Jullundur.

Information collected by the Government of India indicates that during the first half of September 1949 the departures via Wagha did not exceed the rate of 300 to 400 per month, as compared to the previous average of 2,000 per month. These figures speak for themselves.

Minorities Want Entry Into Muslim League

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Sept. 25: Yet another request has been made by the minorities in Pakistan to change the constitution of the Muslim League so that members of all the communities can become members of this only political organisation of the Dominion and through its medium can voice their grievances.

This time it was the Minorities Association of Hyderabad (Sind) who, during the course of its address to Mr. M. A. Khuhro, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, made this appeal. The Minority Association, besides, requested that special Minority Boards be appointed in every district of the province to look after the grievances of the non-Muslims.

'SHAKE OFF YOKE OF SLAVERY'

Kashmir Conference Greets Freedom Fighters

SRINAGAR, Sept. 25. (PTI): —The all Jammu and Kashmir national conference at its open session yesterday adopted a resolution extending greetings to the "Brave fighters for freedom of the North West Frontier Province".

Moving the resolution the Kashmir Development Minister Mr. Ghulam Mohammad Saddiq said that the sympathy shown by the people of Kashmir State would encourage the freedom fighters in Pakistan to shake off the yoke of slavery and end the "autocratic rule" which was the order of the day there.

He said the National Conference movement for freedom was identical with the Pathanistan movement. "Our foe is common. Here in Kashmir in the guise of Islam, Pakistan wants to enslave us and in the frontier, Pakistan is suppressing the freedom fighters."

Amidst shouts of "Bad Shah Khan Zindabad", the resolution was adopted, which after recalling the part played by the Pathans under the leadership of Badshah Khan in "the national struggle against imperialism", said "the cause of your freedom and our freedom is essentially one—yours against oppression, ours against aggression".

Mr. Saddiq also referred to freedom fighters of Malaya who he said were engaged in "the fight against imperialism."

ASIA AND THIRD WORLD WAR

London Conference To Discuss

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, (by mail): Representatives of the peoples of many Asian and African countries will meet in London from October 7 to 10 to consider their attitude towards the third World War.

The conference is sponsored by two dozen Labour M.Ps and will be held under the auspices of the Congress of Peoples Against Imperialism.

A declaration on war, calling for independence from both the Power Blocs and their war preparations, will be submitted for approval to the Conference.

The declaration says: "The colonial peoples will not associate themselves with either of the two Power Blocs into which the world is divided" "The Colonial peoples," it adds, "are at present outlaws in world affairs with no right to representation in international discussions or to a place in the family of nations. So long as they are excluded from responsibility for international decisions, the colonial peoples decline to accept responsibility for their implementation."

American Owned Ship In Red Hands?

SEOUL South Korea Sept. 26.(PTI-Reuter): The North Korean Communist Radio reported that the 1897 ton American-owned freighter Kimball R. Smith, overdue at the South Korean port of Kunsan, entered the North Korean port of Nampo today.

The Radio added that two Americans were among the crew of South Koreans.

Earlier unconfirmed reports said the Kimball R. Smith had been captured by Communist members of the crew.

The ship is leased to the South Korean Government by the Economic co-operation Administration.

TRIBUTES TO A GREAT BOTANIST

Jaya Krishna Indraji

BOMBAY, Monday.

On October 1, the Gujarat Research Society will celebrate the centenary of the late Jaya Krishna Indraji, a prominent Botanist of Western India (1849-1929) with a series of lectures, exhibition and screening of scientific films at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan Hall, Chowpatty.

The life of this great Botanist proves the capacity of Indian scholars to achieve results even though working under heavy financial and educational difficulties. His contribution to the Botanical knowledge of Western India in the matter of scientific description of its flora has been of great value. It has been preserved in the Herbarium at the Poona Agriculture College.

He studied privately under the eminent professor of Botany at the Medical College, Dr. Sakharam Arjun and the research worker, Dr. Bhagwanlal Indraji and various other European friends. By dint of perseverance and his love for knowledge this scholar who had a systematic and uptodate knowledge of modern botanical methods soon established his reputation as a field worker of great accuracy. His love of nature and his habits of personal observations and his experience as the officer in charge of the forests of Porbandar and Cutch States provided him with vast experience and knowledge. This led to his recognition as an authority on identification of plants in Western India. "Flowering Plants of Western India" by Nairne, 'Medicinal Plants' by Kirtikar and Basu and 'Materia Medica' by Dr. Khory had all received substantial help from his personal knowledge. His love for the people made him a nationalist much in advance of his time and it is significant to note that he preferred to write in Gujarati all his books on the flora of the Barda Hills (Porbandar) and Cutch.

LECTURES ARRANGED

In addition to the exhibition of the Herbarium of the plants on which the late Shri Jaya Krishna had worked, and of medically and economically useful plants, there will be an illustrated lecture by Rev Father Santapau, Professor of Botany, St. Xaviers College, Dr. S. P. Agharkar, retired Professor of Botany, Calcutta University, Dr. Bharuch and Dr. Mahabale will take part in the function. Besides Shri Jadavji Acharya, Durgashankar Shastri and Gokuldas Bambadai who had personal contact with Shri Jaya Krishna will give their personal reminiscences.

A Retaliatory Measure

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Sept. 25: It has now been given out that the step taken recently by Pakistan authorities of cancelling repeated journey permits for the period of one year issued by them to Indian nationals, was in retaliation to the similar step taken by India who had cancelled all the three-yearly permits issued by them.

Besides Hindus, Pakistan has cancelled its yearly permits issued to Parsi and Christian businessmen also who had declared their nationality as "Indian." Only those who declare themselves as 'Pakistanins' and obtain a certificate to that effect from the District Magistrates will be allowed continue in Pakistan—all others having been asked to return to India within seven days.

"Good!
HUNTLEY & PALMERS
BARLEY BISCUITS"
A nourishing food and a favourite with children and their elders.
"By Appointment Biscuit Manufacturers to H.M. King George VI
HUNTLEY & PALMERS LTD. READING & LONDON, ENGLAND.
Agents throughout India: Messrs. Spencer & Co. Ltd.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

SALE OF DRUGS

Tenders in prescribed forms are invited for the purchase of the following stores:—

SULPHONAMIDE CREAM IN TUBES WITH NOZZLES (76854 TUBES OF 4 OZ. AND 101992 TUBES OF 1 OZ.); TABELLAE RIBOFLAVINE 1 MGM (3147639 TABLETS); EMETINE HYDROCHLORIDE 1/2 GR. IN AMPS. OF 1 CC. (313288 AMPS.); PARAFFINUM MOLIE FLAVUM TUBE OF 4 OZ. (21,681 TUBES); TINCTURA HYOSCYAMI (18000 OZS.); TAB. BISMUTH CARBONATIS GR. 10 (358,900 TABLETS); TAB. PHYSOSTIGMINAE SALICYLATIS GR 1/100 (18996 TUBES OF 20 TABS); CALCII CARBONAS B.P. (17196 LBS.); POTASSII BROMIDE (NOT FOR MEDICAL USE. MAY BE USED AS PHOTOGRAPHIC OR GENERAL CHEMICAL) (496 LBS.) LYING AT ARMED FORCES MEDICAL STORE DEPOT, BOMBAY.

Full details of quantities, description, location, reserve prices, minimum bids quantity, etc., instructions to tenderers conditions of sale and inspection permit are given in the prescribed tender forms which can be obtained from Director General of Disposals, New Delhi and Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Kanpur, Bombay and Madras at Rs. 5/- per set in cash or by money order. Tender forms are NOT TRANSFERABLE. Tenders other than on prescribed forms are liable to rejection. Tenders without earnest money will not be considered.

Tenders in sealed covers superscribed "Tender No. DGD/DMA-7(9)/49/Drugs due on 25-10-49" and accompanied by earnest money deposit receipt should reach the Directorate General of Disposals, Miscellaneous Stores Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi by 4 P.M. on 25-10-49. Tenders will be opened on 26-10-49 at 11 A.M. Offers are to remain open for acceptance upto 26-11-49.

The Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, reserves the right to reject all or any offers without assigning reasons therefor.

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.

Digitized by Maharashtra State Archives
Government of Maharashtra
on 21 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1006

BRITAIN TOO WILL MAKE ATOM BOMBS SOON

Russian Production Will Be Outstripped For Many Years

LONDON, Sept. 26, (PTI-Reuter):

THE London "Daily Express" said flatly today that Britain would soon be making atom bombs.

A front-page article—based on "documentary evidence which does not infringe security"—by Chapman Pincher, the newspaper's science reporter said: "Production is likely to be on a scale outstripping Russian output for several years."

Pincher said that the British Government's £ 7,000,000 atom station at Sellafield, on the West Cumberland coast, was about to start large-scale production of plutonium —used to make the latest type atom bombs.

He said the Sellafield plant would be bigger and more efficient than the original American plant at Hanford, Washington State, where plutonium was first produced in bulk.

While the Russians were concentrating on how to make a workable bomb, Pincher said, "British scientists who completed most of the spade-work during the war, have been planning big-scale plutonium production."

BRITAIN'S NEEDS SATISFIED

A Uranium smelting factory near Preston, Lancashire, was producing enough pure uranium to satisfy Britain's atomic needs for defence and power research, he said.

The "Daily Mail" Washington correspondent reported that there were no immediate plans to reinforce American bomber strength in England or to stockpile atom bomb in England.

Hunger Strike For Purifying Congress

JULLUNDUR, Sept. 26. (PTI): Two Congressmen of Jullundur—Mr. Dev Raj Sharda and Mr. Dewan Singh—are now on hunger-strike demanding "the ousting of all blackmarketeers and opportunists" from the Congress.

Mr. Sharda, who started the fast on Saturday outside the office of the Provincial Congress Committee, was joined by Mr. Dewan yesterday. They have declared that until Congress was purified in the way suggested by them, they will not give up their fast.

Big Order From Ceylon For Indian Textiles

COLOMBO, Sept. 26, (PTI): Large quantities of textiles from India have been ordered by local dealers who have taken advantage of the reduced import duties on certain types of cloth. Indian grey cloth, long cloth, shirting, suiting, plain and printed voiles and mulls are piling up in store-houses, spare rooms, backyards and any other space where textiles can be stored.

A leading textile merchant said: "Indian textile manufacturers are today offering goods that will stand competition with those of Japan and America in design, quality and price. We merchants have placed heavy orders for silks and rayons from India".

He added that silks and rayons were coming from the U.K. too.

Travancore Ruler's Privy Purse

MADRAS, Sept. 26. (P.T.I.): The privy purse of the Maharaja of Travancore has been fixed at Rs. 18 lakhs annually, it was authoritatively learnt today.

The Maharaja will get an additional Rs. 3 lakhs annually as Rajapramukh of the Cochin-Travancore Union.

The privy purse of the members of the Cochin Royal family, including the Maharaja of Cochin, has been fixed at Rs. 14 lakhs a year.

Canada To Nationalise External Communications

OTTAWA, Sept. 25 (PTI-Reuter)—The Canadian Government plans to nationalise all Canada's external communications system at a cost of 4,500,000 dollars Mr. Lionel Chevrier, Transport Minister, announced yesterday. Domestic communications will be not be affected, he said.

V. J. T. I. STUDENTS' GRIEVANCES

BOMBAY, Monday.

As a protest against the authorities' refusal to reinstate 12 victimised students, the Action Committee of the V. J. T. I. Students has decided to launch hunger-strike for three days.

According to this decision, 5 students will go on hunger-strike from today.

The fourth anniversary of the establishment of the National Employment Service in India was presided over by Pandit Nehru on September 21 at New Delhi.

Pandit Nehru addressing the gathering: in the front row are, (from right to left): the Consul General of Nepal, Rev. Pope Nunceo of the Papal Ministry, the Ambassadors of Sweden, Norway and Iraq.

NEW DELHI EXHIBITION

Pandit Nehru trying a binocular which was presented to him by the Directorate of Resettlement and Employment Exchange (Ministry of Labour) at the exhibition.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

THE doodhwala is one of the permanent menaces of suburban travel. He gets into the carriage, no matter first or third, parks his two hundas and the yoke in the gangway and takes his stand. J'y suis, j'y reste.

That about describes his attitude: Monday afternoon, the irresistible force came up and almost moved the irremovable obstacle. A young man who looked determined, got into touch with the station authorities and managed to get one passage cleared. In the compartment across from where I sat, a doodhwala took his stand. He was not getting down, whatever happened. And he stood upon the right conferred on him of owning a First Class pass.

I am rather confused about the rights conferred on the owner of a First Class pass. Sometimes, it seems to entitle him to bring along with him anything that he likes. Fish, dogs, cats, radios, milk pots, gramophones, vegetables, mangoes and God knows what else are carted along. Children of course, are always there and they have been the cause of many a quarrel. But, at other times, it does not seem as though the pass entitles you even to a seat.

The battle was soon joined. Passengers took up cudgels on the side of the milkman. Civil rights, you know. Besides, he has bought a pass and is entitled to travel first. All this was strongly put and nearly finished the lantern-jawed protestant. Then a still small voice from one of the remote corner seats spoke out: "Travel yes but he cannot carry his pots along with him." More conference, more arguments. A doodhwala without his hundas is not a doodhwala. Those whom God hath joined together, let no one put asunder.

The sides were equalising. Suddenly the determined objector decided it. He pulled the chain. A simple but effective gesture. With grinding brakes, the train drew just out of the platform. There was renewed discussion on the pros and cons of the case, added to which were several pungent comments on the distinction between public workers and busybodies. Many were honestly annoyed at being delayed on the way to office. The objector pointed out that there had been many accidents on the line, and that obstructions in the passage like this added to travelling dangers. The argument went home. But if the protest is to have effect, many more passengers must kick up a row. And it can only be said to have effect, when the railway authorities arrange proper checks at the stations where the doodhwalas get in. I have seen the pathetic appeals of railway checkers at Bandra met by derisive laughter by men who have settled on their haunches on the floor of the carriages. Nothing could better illustrate the futility of human endeavour.

CONSIDERABLE INTEREST IN INDIA'S PROPOSALS

Formal Resolution On Atom To Be Brought

NEW YORK, Sept. 26. (PTI).

CONSIDERABLE interest has been aroused among U. N. delegations in the plan being evolved by India's Chief Delegate, Sir B. Narsing Rau, to break the East-West deadlock over atomic control.

Sir B. Narsing Rau told Press Trust of India correspondent D. P. Wagle that his delegation had already sounded other leading diplomats and that he would bring forward a formal resolution before the Political Committee some time this week.

"It is the function of that Committee to consider the report of the deadlocked Atomic Energy Commission which suspended its work indefinitely during the summer", he said.

"The Indian Delegation has, in the past, tried to bring about an understanding on atomic control", he added.

On the present occasion, he said, he had been compelled to move faster than he had planned in view of President Truman's "atomic explosion" announcement.

The Indian proposal when framed, would aim at removing the atomic question from the political arena to the United Nations International Law Commission whose members are independent jurists of international standing and not Government spokesmen.

BAN ON MANUFACTURE

Sir B. Narsing Rau's proposal would ask the International Law Commission to draft a declaration which would proclaim that it is the duty of every State to refrain from the manufacture possession or use of atomic weapons: lay down that every State should as a matter of duty, submit to an effective system of international atomic control.

India's Permanent Delegate said that even if there was not complete East-West agreement on all atomic points the proposed declaration would constitute an instrument with the backing of world opinion behind it. The Assembly could follow it up later with a Treaty of Convention.

He said that if the preliminaries were agreed to, an extraordinary meeting of the Law Commission could be called to draft the declaration.

"Simply because certain nations cannot agree is no reason why the rest of the world should live under the dread of these new weapons", he said.

"We are not interested in the manufacture of bombs ourselves even if we had the means. Our interest and that of other smaller countries is to see that atomic weapons are phohibited," he declared.

Brigadier General Carlos P. Ramulo President of the Assembly said in a speech in New York if there was one thing upon which the United States and Russia were agreed regarding atomic control, it was that the problem could only be solved through the United Nations.

General Romulo is one of those whom Sir B. Narsing Rau has consulted and he is taking a keen interest in the Indian proposal.

DRUG THAT ENDS GAMBLING!

NEW YORK (IPS): A new drug has been found efficacious in curing gambling habits of the people (believe it or not).

Recently, an American lady, Mrs Belle Stimson was charged in a court of law for giving bad cheques to pay gambling debts. She was told by the court "to go to jail or have herself treated by a new drug".

Today the woman is quite fit, doing honest work, and she says she has been cured of the gambling fever by the drug.

The drug is glumatic acid, which is claimed to improve behaviour when people have "unnatural" desires. It is being tried on various people with obsessions.

FEDERAL ELECTION IN AUSTRALIA

Immigrants Can Vote

CANBERRA, Sept. 26. (P. T. I-Reuter): Mr. Joseph Chifley, Australian Prime Minister, announced today, that Federal Elections would be held in Australia on December 12.

According to the Immigration Minister, Mr. Arthur Calwell, immigrants from England, Scotland and Ireland who have been in Australia over six months will be entitled to vote in the Federal Elections.

The last Australian Federal Elections were on September 28, 1946, when the Australian Labour Party won.

SPINNING BY COMPULSION

Way Out Of Cloth Crisis

RAJAHMUNDRY, Sept. 26, (P. T. I.): Mr. Kanu Gandhi, grand son of Mahatma Gandhi, suggested here last night that "Sutra Yagnam" (spinning) should be made compulsory in each and every household.

Declaring open the Gandhi Portrait Gallery in the Vikrama Hall, Mr. Gandhi observed just as every one's food was prepared each day in the house, so also spinning should be made a daily duty in every hearth. We would ask mothers to teach and train up their daughters in spinning as religiously as they were bringing them up in household duties. Only thus, he thought, could the country attain self-sufficiency in cloth.

POLICY OF LEATHER GOODS MERCHANTS

Association Secretary's Criticism

BOMBAY, Monday.

A scathing comment on the policy of the leather goods manufacturer in relation to the consumer was made by Mr. C. A. Ferens, Honorary General Secretary of the Leather Goods Manufacturers and Dealers' Association, at a meeting in Bombay last evening.

Mr. Ferens stated that like all other industries the leather goods trade was also facing a crisis in the form of trade depression. But the cause of this depression was of its own making, and could not wholly be attributed to extraneous circumstances. As manufacturers, those associated with the leather goods industry had a lot of distress merchandise on their hands and had engaged in a keen, cut-throat competition irrespective of any losses, to get rid of their goods.

Mr. Ferens suggested that a concerted effort be made by the industry to think in terms of quality. If the manufacturer paid a little less attention to profits and sought to standardise his product, the industry would regain the confidence of the consumer and tide over the present crisis.

Earlier, Mr. Chandulal Shah, who presided at the meeting, put forth a plea to Government to give up its anti-cow slaughter policy so as to aid the industry.

HUMANITY'S WAR AGAINST POLIO

LONDON (By Air Mail).—The story of the courage shown by those who have been victims of poliomyelitis—or as it is more commonly known, infantile paralysis—in their determination to lead normal lives again is the subject of a new documentary sponsored by the British Ministry of Health.

The film describes the modern technique of rehabilitation and is introduced by the well-known British actor, Michael Redgrave. The commentary is taken up by Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, whose close association with polio, from which her late husband suffered, gives a personal touch to the film.—L.P.S.

Pope To Create More Cardinals

VATICAN CITY, Sept. 25 (PTI-Reuter)—The Pope is planning to increase membership in the College of Cardinals by hal India is expected to get one of the new Cardinals to be created during the holy year celebrations next year.

President Truman on Monday signed a Bill extending the Reciprocal Trade Agreements Act until 1951. He said it would aid "expanded world trade at a time when it is most urgently needed".

INTER-DOMINION CANAL DISPUTE

Zafrullah's Claim In U. N., A Misstatement Of Fact

PAKISTAN RECOGNISED INDIA'S RIGHT TO DEVELOP IRRIGATION

NEW DELHI, Sept. 26. (PTI).

THE Ministry of Works, Mines and Power in a Press Note today described the reported statement of Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan in the U. N. General Assembly that India had cut off the water sources of the river needed by Pakistan as a "complete misstatement of fact".

The Government of India, the Press Note says, have done nothing and intend doing nothing in breach of the Inter-Dominion Agreement of May 4, 1948, with respect to the two canals in Pakistan which take off from rivers in India.

DURING PARTITION

"Pakistan", the Press Note adds, "raised no claims to these canal waters at the time of partition nor did she bring this matter up for arbitration when other similar questions were so settled.

The interruption of the flow of water which occurred last year was due to Pakistan's failure in spite of numerous reminders from India, to renew the previously existing arrangements by which these canals were supplied from irrigation works in India.

"In the middle of April, 1948, the Press Note says, "Chief Engineers of the two Punjabs met with the authority of their respective Governments to consider the extension of the agreement which had expired on March 31, 1948, and came to a settlement, which the Pakistan Government failed to ratify. The matter was then discussed at Ministerial level culminating in an agreement on May 4, 1948, which was signed on behalf of Pakistan by three of her Ministers. Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan has not even made a passing reference to this important agreement in his lengthy statement and is evidently attempting to recile from it.

"Under this agreement, Pakistan recognised the right of India to develop irrigation in her famine areas and to progressively diminish supplies of water to West Punjab, so as to give Pakistan time to develop alternative sources available to her. In thus agreeing to continue supplies for the present and not to diminish them without notice, India has delayed development of famine areas in her own territory, whose claim over these waters is superior and prior. In fact, the whole history of the canal water dispute between India and Pakistan is one of extreme consideration and generosity shown by India to Pakistan".

Pandit Nehru looking at a Pram which General Cariappa, C-in-C purchased at the exhibition.

HINDI SATYAGRAHA IN PEPSU

NIRWANA, Sept. 26. (P. T. I.): Supporters of Hindi as national language in Nirwana in the Patiala and East Punjab States Union started a Satyagraha yesterday against the imposition of Gurmukhi in Devnagari script as medium of instruction in Nirwana.

Eleven Satyagrahis, followed by a big crowd, marched through the streets yesterday raising pro-Hindi and anti-Punjabi slogans. No arrests were reported.

DARING THEFT AT V. T.

BOMBAY, Monday.

A daring theft was committed at the Victoria Terminus by four men armed with knives, who threatened two railway guards at point of a knife, broke open a store room and decamped with electric apparatus worth Rs. 500 early on Sunday morning.

The Railway Police are making inquiries.

Sangli Bans Cow Slaughter

SANGLI, Sept. 26, (P. T. I.): The District Magistrate of Sangli today prohibited the slaughter of cows, bullocks, bulls and other animals from October 1 to October 4 in the district.

His order said the prohibition was imposed "as there is likelihood of danger to human life and safety, and also disturbance of public peace".

LACK OF UNITY IN TRADE UNIONISM

Mr. Nanda's Views

BOMBAY, Monday.

Trade Unionism was not an end in itself but a means to achieve higher ideals and it would serve the purpose only if it remained free from petty selfishness and power politics, declared Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour, inaugurating a popular lecture series on scientific subjects organised by the Poona Branch of the Association of Scientific Workers of India.

Mr. Nanda traced the growth of the trade union movement during and after the two world wars and the conflict between the ideals of democracy and the ways of dictatorship that stood as a challenge to the leadership. He preferred democracy, in spite of its shortcomings, as a means of free development of man's self and hoped that labour would accept the fair means of democracy. He pointed out that in the trade union movement, unity was strength, but regretted the absence of the same in the Indian trade union movement.

MUTT AND JEFF—Nothing Like Searching The House From Top To Bottom — By BUD FISHER.

HEY, JEFF, WHERE ARE YOU?
THE LITTLE SAP KNOWS I GOT SOME WORK FOR HIM TO DO!
EVERYTIME I GOT WORK FOR HIM TO DO I CAN'T FIND HIM!
HEY, JEFF!
I GIVE UP! LOOKS LIKE I'LL HAVE TO DO THE WORK MYSELF! MAYBE HE'S HIDING IN THE CELLAR!
HEY, JEFF! ARE YOU DOWN THERE?
NO, I AIN'T, MUTT! HAVE YOU TRIED THE ATTIC YET?
Fisher

Rehabilitation Of Disabled Ex-Servicemen

GOVERNOR'S PRAISE FOR CITY TECHNICAL SCHOOL

BOMBAY, Monday.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, Raja Maharaj Singh, hoisting the flag of the Queen Mary's Technical School for Disabled Indian Soldiers, said: "It has been a privilege for me to unfurl the flag of the Queen Mary's Technical School for Disabled Indian Soldiers with its inspiring inscription of "THOUGH HURT, I GROW." Both myself and my wife have visited this School and have been impressed by the work which is being done by the staff and trainees.

"The School has achieved much in the years that have elapsed since its inception in Bombay in 1917 and its transfer to Kirkee in 1922. It continues its great task of helping and rehabilitating disabled ex-servicemen—a class deserving the utmost sympathy—and many indeed are the lives into which it has brought the blessings of joy and hope."

SANTA CROSIERS' GREAT WORK

BOMBAY, Monday.

Victims of the heavy rains which deluged the city last week received prompt aid from the people of Santa Cruz, who made immediate arrangements to house those who had been rendered homeless and to feed and clothe the victims irrespective of religion and caste.

The Sheth Anandilal Podar School was used as temporary quarters for the victims. The citizens of Santa Cruz took upon themselves the task of cooking and serving food, while a posse of constables stood guard. The sanitation work was undertaken by the Municipality. Besides being provided with food, clothing and shelter, the victims also received monetary aid.

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building Parsi Bazar Street, Fort Bombay. Edited by S. NATARAJAN.